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Hot finished steel structural hollow sections - Part 3: Technical delivery conditions for mechanical engineering purposes

Warmgefertigte Hohlprofile für den Stahlbau - Teil 3: Technische Lieferbedingungen für Anwendungen im Maschinenbau

Profils creux de construction finis à chaud en aciers - Partie 3 : Conditions techniques de livraison pour des applications de construction mécanique

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77.140.75	Jeklene cevi in cevni profili	Steel pipes
	za posebne namene	specific use

Non-alloyed steels Steel pipes and tubes for specific use

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en,fr,de



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Hot finished steel structural hollow sections - Part 3: Technical delivery conditions for mechanical engineering purposes

Profils creux de construction finis à chaud en aciers -Partie 3 : Conditions techniques de livraison pour des applications de construction mécanique Warmgefertigte Hohlprofile für den Stahlbau - Teil 3: Technische Lieferbedingungen für Anwendungen im Maschinenbau

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 459/SC 3.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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oSIST prEN 10210-3:2019

prEN 10210-3:2019 (E)

Contents

Europ	ean foreword3
1	Scope
2	Normative references
3	Terms, definitions and symbols
4	Classification and designation
5	Information to be obtained by the manufacturer10
6	Manufacturing process
7	Requirements 12
8	Inspection
9	Frequency of testing and preparation of samples and test pieces
10	Test methods
11	Marking
Annex	A (normative) Structural hollow sections of non-alloy quality steels — Chemical composition and mechanical properties
Annex	B (normative) Structural hollow sections of normalized/normalized rolled steels — Chemical composition and mechanical properties
Annex	C (normative) Structural hollow sections of thermomechanical formed steels — Chemical composition and mechanical properties
Annex	D (normative) Structural hollow sections of quenched and tempered steels — Chemical composition and mechanical properties
Annex	E (normative) Structural hollow sections of steels with improved atmospheric corrosion resistance — Chemical composition and mechanical properties
Annex	F (normative) Location of samples and test pieces
Annex	G (informative) Hot finished hollow section production processes, manufacturing routes and delivery conditions
Biblio	graphy

European foreword

This document (prEN 10210-3:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 459 "ECISS - European Committee for Iron and Steel Standardization¹", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

This standard consists of the following parts:

- EN 10210-1, Hot finished steel structural hollow sections Part 1: Technical delivery conditions
- EN 10210-2, Hot finished steel structural hollow sections Part 2: Tolerances, dimensions and sectional properties
- EN 10210-3, Hot finished steel structural hollow sections Part 3: Technical delivery conditions for mechanical engineering purposes

It forms part of a series of standards on hollow sections together with EN 10219-1 to -3.

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¹ Through its subcommittee SC 3 "Structural steels other than reinforcements" (secretariat: DIN)

1 Scope

This part of this European Standard specifies technical delivery conditions for hot-finished seamless, electric welded and submerged arc welded steel structural hollow sections for mechanical engineering purposes of circular, square, rectangular or elliptical forms.

It applies to hollow sections formed hot, with or without subsequent heat treatment, or formed cold with subsequent heat treatment above 580 °C to obtain equivalent mechanical properties to those obtained in the hot formed product.

NOTE 1 The requirements for tolerances, dimensions and sectional properties are specified in EN 10210-2.

NOTE 2 The attention of users is drawn to the fact that whilst cold formed grades in EN 10219-3 can have equivalent mechanical properties to hot-finished grades in EN 10210-3 the sectional properties of square and rectangular hollow sections in EN 10210-2 and EN 10219-2 are not equivalent.

NOTE 3 A range of material grades is specified in this document and the user are to select the grade most appropriate to the intended use and service conditions. The grades and mechanical properties of the finished hollow sections are generally comparable with those in EN 10025-2, EN 10025-3, EN 10025-4, EN 10025-5 and EN 10025-6.

NOTE 4 The requirements for seamless and welded steel structural hollow sections for use in offshore structures are covered in EN 10225.

NOTE 5 Spiral welded hollow sections are due to be used with caution in construction of dynamic behaviour (fatigue stress) where up to now, there is insufficient knowledge of their performance.

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2 Normative references

SIST EN 10210-3:2020

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1011-1, Welding - Recommendations for welding of metallic materials - Part 1: General guidance for arc welding

EN 1011-2, Welding - Recommendations for welding of metallic materials - Part 2: Arc welding of ferritic steels

EN 10020, Definition and classification of grades of steel

EN 10021, General technical delivery conditions for steel products

EN 10027-1, Designation systems for steels - Part 1: Steel names

EN 10027-2, Designation systems for steels - Part 2: Numerical system

EN 10160, Ultrasonic testing of steel flat product of thickness equal or greater than 6 mm (reflection method)

EN 10168, Steel products - Inspection documents - List of information and description

EN 10204, Metallic products - Types of inspection documents

EN 10210-2, Hot finished structural steel hollow sections - Part 2: Tolerances, dimensions and sectional properties

CEN/TR 10261, Iron and steel - European standards for the determination of chemical composition

EN 10266, Steel tubes, fittings and structural hollow sections - Symbols and definitions of terms for use in product standards

EN ISO 148-1, Metallic materials - Charpy pendulum impact test - Part 1: Test method (ISO 148-1)

EN ISO 377, Steel and steel products - Location and preparation of samples and test pieces for mechanical testing (ISO 377)

EN ISO 643, Steels - Micrographic determination of the apparent grain size (ISO 643)

EN ISO 1461, Hot dip galvanized coatings on fabricated iron and steel articles - Specifications and test methods (ISO 1461)

EN ISO 4885, Ferrous materials - Heat treatments - Vocabulary (ISO 4885)

EN ISO 6892-1, Metallic materials - Tensile testing - Part 1: Method of test at room temperature (ISO 6892-1)

EN ISO 9606-1, Qualification testing of welders - Fusion welding - Part 1: Steels (ISO 9606-1)

EN ISO 9712, Non-destructive testing - Qualification and certification of NDT personnel (ISO 9712)

EN ISO 10893-2, Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 2: Automated eddy current testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of imperfections (ISO 10893-2), standards iteh al catalog/standards/sist/9c1c9d42-4fd6-4e43-b450-

EN ISO 10893-3, Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 3: Automated full peripheral flux leakage testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) ferromagnetic steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections (ISO 10893-3)

EN ISO 10893-6, Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 6: Radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections (ISO 10893-6)

EN ISO 10893-7, Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 7: Digital radiographic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of imperfections (ISO 10893-7)

EN ISO 10893-8, Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 8: Automated ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded steel tubes for the detection of laminar imperfections (ISO 10893-8)

EN ISO 10893-9, Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 9: Automated ultrasonic testing for the detection of laminar imperfections in strip/plate used for the manufacture of welded steel tubes (ISO 10893-9)

EN ISO 10893-10, Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 10: Automated full peripheral ultrasonic testing of seamless and welded (except submerged arc-welded) steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections (ISO 10893-10)

EN ISO 10893-11, Non-destructive testing of steel tubes - Part 11: Automated ultrasonic testing of the weld seam of welded steel tubes for the detection of longitudinal and/or transverse imperfections (ISO 10893-11)

EN ISO 14284, Steel and iron - Sampling and preparation of samples for the determination of chemical composition (ISO 14284)

EN ISO 14713-2:2009, Zinc coatings - Guidelines and recommendations for the protection against corrosion of iron and steel in structures - Part 2: Hot dip galvanizing (ISO 14713-2)

EN ISO 15607, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials - General rules (ISO 15607)

EN ISO 15609-1, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials - Welding procedure specification - Part 1: Arc welding (ISO 15609-1)

EN ISO 15614-1, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials - Welding procedure test - Part 1: Arc and gas welding of steels and arc welding of nickel and nickel alloys (ISO 15614-1)

ISO 11484, Steel products - Employer's qualification system for non-destructive testing (NDT) personnel

3 Terms, definitions and symbols DARD PREVIEW

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purpose of this document the following terms and definitions apply in addition to or where different from those in EN 10020, EN 10021, EN 10266 and EN ISO 4885.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1.1

hot finished

hollow sections formed hot, with or without subsequent heat treatment, or formed cold with subsequent heat treatment above 580 $^{\circ}$ C to obtain equivalent metallurgical conditions to those obtained in the hot formed product

3.1.2

cold forming

process where the forming to final shape of the welded hollow section is carried out at ambient temperature

Note 1 to entry: Circular hollow sections produced from normalized strip with a normalized weld seam and with a cold forming ratio of $D/T \ge 20$ may be classified as hot-finished hollow sections.

3.1.3

normalizing rolling

rolling process in which the final deformation is carried out in a certain temperature range leading to a material condition equivalent to that obtained after normalizing so that the specified values of the mechanical properties are retained even after subsequent normalizing

3.1.4

thermomechanical forming

simultaneously performed forming process and heat treatment in which the final deformation from round to rectangular/square/elliptical hollow sections is carried out in a certain temperature range above 580 °C leading to a material condition with certain properties which cannot be achieved or repeated by heat treatment alone

Note 1 to entry: Thermomechanical rolling leading to the delivery condition M can include processes with an increasing cooling rate with or without tempering including self-tempering but excluding direct quenching and quenching and tempering.

Note 2 to entry: In some publications, the word TMCP (Thermomechanical Control Process) is also used.

3.1.5

steel with improved atmospheric corrosion resistance

steel in which a certain number of alloying elements has been added in order to increase its resistance to atmospheric corrosion, by forming an auto-protective oxide layer on the base metal under the influence of weather conditions

Note 1 to entry: Steel with improved atmospheric corrosion resistance is often called weathering steel.

Note 2 to entry: Additional information for the use of steel with improved atmospheric corrosion resistance is given in prEN 10210-2:2016, Annex E.

3.1.6

quenching and tempering

process which consists of the following two steps:

- first quenching, where the steel is heated up above AC3 temperature and then rapidly cooled down in liquids to create a process specific grain structure;
- afterwards tempering, during which the steel is heated up to a certain temperature to adjust the desired properties and cooled down in air afterwards

3.1.7

fine grain steel

steels with fine grain structure with an equivalent index of ferritic grain size ≥ 6

Note 1 to entry: For the determination of grain sizes except for +QT steels, see EN ISO 643.

3.1.8

hot-dip zinc coating

galvanizing

application of a zinc coating by immersing the prepared strip or hollow section in a molten bath containing a zinc content of at least 99%

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of this document, the symbols defined in EN 10266 apply.

4 Classification and designation

4.1 Classification

4.1.1 Within the grades of non-alloy steels given in Annex A, four qualities JR, J0, J2 and K2 are specified. These differ in respect of specified impact requirements, limits on values of various elements, with particular reference to sulphur and phosphorus, and the inspection and testing requirements.

In accordance with the classification system in EN 10020, all steel grades in Annex A are non-alloy quality steels.

4.1.2 Within the grades of steels given in Annex B, C and D seven qualities N, NL, M, ML, Q, QL and QL1 are specified. These differ in respect of the carbon, sulphur and phosphorus content, low temperature impact properties, production process, heat treatment and grain size.

In accordance with the classification system in EN 10020, steel grades S275NH, S275NLH, S355NH and S355NLH are non-alloy quality steels and all other steel grades are alloy special steels.

4.1.3 Within the grades of steels given in Annex E, three qualities J0, J2 and K2 are specified. These differ in respect of specified impact requirements and limits on values of various elements.

In accordance with the classification system in EN 10020, all steel grades in Annex E are alloy special steels.

4.2 Designation iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

4.2.1 For the products covered by this document the steel names are allocated in accordance with EN 10027-1; the steel numbers are allocated in accordance with EN 10027-2.

4.2.2 The designation of steel hollow sections consists of: 3:2020

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- the number of this document (EN 10210-1); 7e/sist-en-10210-3-2020
- b) the capital letter S for structural steel;
- c) the indication of the minimum specified yield strength for thicknesses ≤ 16 mm expressed in MPa;
- d) further designations for either:
 - 1) non-alloy structural steels:
 - i) the capital letters JR for the qualities with specified impact properties at room temperature;
 - ii) the characters J0 for the qualities with specified impact properties at 0 °C; and
 - iii) the characters J2 or K2 for the qualities with specified impact properties at -20 °C; or
 - 2) normalized/normalized rolled structural steels:
 - i) capital letter N to indicate normalized or normalized rolled with specified impact properties at -20 °C (see 6.5); and
 - ii) capital letter NL for qualities with specified impact properties at -50 °C; or

a)

- 3) thermomechanical formed structural steels:
 - capital letter M to indicate thermomechanical rolled with specified impact properties at i) -20 °C (see 6.5); and
 - ii) capital letter ML for qualities with specified impact properties at -50 °C; or
- 4) structural steels in the quenched and tempered condition:
 - capital letter Q to indicate the quenched and tempered condition with specified impact i) properties at -20 °C (see 6.5); and
 - ii) capital letter QL or QL1 for qualities with specified impact properties at -40 or -50 °C; or
- 5) steels with improved atmospheric corrosion resistance:
 - the capital letters JR for the qualities with specified impact properties at room i) temperature;
 - ii) the characters [0 for the qualities with specified impact properties at 0 °C;
 - iii) the characters [2 or K2 for the qualities with specified impact properties at -20 °C and
 - iv) the letter W (weather) for improved atmospheric corrosion resistance; and
- 6) the capital letter H to indicate hollow sections.

EXAMPLE 1 Hollow section made of structural steel (S) with a specified minimum yield strength for a thickness not greater than 16 mm of 275 MPa, with a minimum impact energy value of 27 J at 0 °C (J0), hollow section (H):

EN 10210-1 — S275J0H¹⁶fa3ec5d7e/sist-en-10210-3-2020

or

EN 10210-1 — 1.0149

EXAMPLE 2 Hollow section made of structural steel (S) with a specified minimum yield strength for a thickness not greater than 16 mm of 355 MPa, normalized condition (N), with a minimum impact energy value of 27 J at -50 °C (L), hollow section (H):

EN 10210-1 — S355NLH

or

EN 10210-1 — 1.0549

5 Information to be obtained by the manufacturer

5.1 Mandatory information

The following information shall be contained in the order document at the time of enquiry and order:

- a) the quantity (mass or total length);
- b) details of the product form:
 - 1) HFCHS = hot finished circular hollow sections;
 - 2) HFRHS = hot finished square or rectangular hollow sections;
 - 3) HFEHS = hot finished elliptical hollow sections;
- c) the name of the standard for dimensions and tolerances (EN 10210-2);
- d) the dimensions and the type of length, length range or length (see EN 10210-2);
- e) the steel designation (see 4.2).

5.2 Options

A number of options are specified in parts 1 and 2 of this document. Those relevant to this part are listed below with appropriate clause references. In the event that the purchaser does not indicate a wish to implement any of these options at the time of enquiry and order, the hollow sections shall be supplied in accordance with the basic specification.

- 1.1 Internal weld bead trimmed (see 6.4.2);
- https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9c1c9d42-4fd6-4e43-b450-
- 1.2 Empty (Option for EN 10219) e16fa3ec5d7e/sist-en-10210-3-2020
- 1.3 Product analysis (see 7.1.1);
- 1.4 Cr, Cu, Mo, Ni, Ti and V cast analysis contents to be reported for non-alloy quality steels (see 7.1.2);
- 1.5 Tensile test in corner region (see 7.2.1);
- 1.6 Impact test in corner region (see 7.2.2).
- 1.7 Verification of impact properties for qualities JR and J0 (see 7.2.3);
- 1.8 The product shall have a chemical composition suitable for hot-dip-zinc coating (see 7.3.2);
- 1.9 Weld repairs to the body of structural steel hollow sections are permitted (see 7.4.4);
- 1.10 Full peripheral NDT (non-destructive testing) of circular tubes for imperfections not possible for elliptical, rectangular, square and SAW (submerged arc welded) hollow sections (see 7.5);
- 1.11 Ultrasonic testing for laminar imperfections (see 7.5);
- 1.12 Inspection certificate 3.1 for steel grades S235JRH, S275J0H, S355J0H of Annex A and S355J0WH of Annex E instead of a test report 2.2 (see 8.1);
- 1.13 Inspection certificate 3.2.

5.3 Example of an order

100 t hot finished square hollow section in accordance with EN 10210-2 with specified outside dimensions 100 mm × 100 mm and wall thickness of 8 mm of 12 m approximate length, grade S355J0H according to EN 10210-1, verified impact properties at 0 °C (Option 1.7) and supplied with inspection certificate 3.1 (Option 1.12):

100 t- HFRHS - EN 10210-2 —100 × 100 × 8 - approximate length 12 m EN 10210-1 — S355J0H - Options 1.7 and 1.12

6 Manufacturing process

6.1 General

Structural hot finished hollow sections of non-alloy steels shall conform to the requirements of Annex A. Structural hot finished hollow sections of normalized/normalized rolled, thermomechanical rolled and quenched and tempered steels shall conform to Annexes B to D and steels with improved atmospheric corrosion resistance shall conform to the requirements of Annex E.

In addition, the general technical delivery requirements specified in EN 10021 shall apply.

6.2 Steel manufacturing process

6.2.1 The steel manufacturing process shall be at the discretion of the hollow section manufacturer with the exception that the open hearth (Siemens-Martin) process shall not be employed.

6.2.2 The method of deoxidation shall be as specified in Tables A.1, B.1, C.1, D.1 and E.1.

6.3 Grain structure

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The steels grades given in Annexes B to D shall have a ferritic grain size equal to or finer than 6 when measured in accordance with EN ISO 643 (see 7.2.4).

6.4 Structural hollow section manufacturing process

6.4.1 Structural hollow sections shall be manufactured by a seamless or by a welding process (see informative Annex G). Welded sections manufactured by a continuous process shall not include the welds used to join the lengths of strip prior to forming the hollow section, except as permitted in 10.4.3.

6.4.2 Electric welded hollow sections shall be supplied with the external weld bead trimmed to an essentially flush condition. Trimming of the internal weld bead is at the discretion of the manufacturer unless Option 1.1 is specified.

Option 1.1 Electric welded hollow sections shall be supplied with the internal weld bead trimmed, the maximum height of the internal weld bead after trimming shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order.