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Elektronski podpisi in infrastruktura (ESI) - Storitve elektronske priporočene dostave - 1. del: Ogrodje in arhitektura

Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI) - Electronic Registered Delivery Services - Part 1: Framework and Architecture

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Foreword

This draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI standards EN Approval Procedure.

The present document is part 1 of a multi-part deliverable covering the Electronic Registered Delivery Services, as identified below:

OSIST or EN 319 522-1 V1.2.0.2023

Part 1: "Framework and Architecture";

Part 2: "Semantic contents";

Part 3: "Formats";

Part 4: "Bindings":

Sub-part 1: "Message delivery bindings";

Sub-part 2: "Evidence and identification bindings";

Sub-part 3: "Capability/requirements bindings".

Proposed national transposition dates

Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa): 3 months after ETSI publication

Date of latest publication of new National Standard

or endorsement of this EN (dop/e): 6 months after doa

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Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the ETSI Drafting Rules (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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1 Scope

The present document provides a reference framework and architecture for Electronic Registered Delivery Services.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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Not applicable.

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NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

[i.1] iteh.ai/cat	Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 on electronic identification and trust services for electronic transactions in the internal market and repealing Directive 1999/93/EC.
[i.2]	ISO/IEC 13888-1:2009: "Information technology - Security techniques - Non-repudiation - Part 1: General".
[i.3]	ISO/IEC 13888-2:2010: "Information technology - Security techniques - Non-repudiation - Part 2: Mechanisms using symmetric techniques".
[i.4]	ISO/IEC 13888-3:2010: "Information technology - Security techniques - Non-repudiation - Part 3: Mechanisms using asymmetric techniques".
[i.5]	ETSI EN 319 522-2: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Electronic Registered Delivery Services; Part 2: Semantic Contents".
[i.6]	ETSI EN 319 522-3: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Electronic Registered Delivery Services; Part 3: Formats".
[i.7]	ETSI EN 319 522-4-1: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Electronic Registered Delivery Services; Part 4: Bindings; Sub-part 1: Message delivery bindings".
[i.8]	ETSI EN 319 522-4-2: "Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI); Electronic Registered Delivery Services; Part 4: Bindings; Sub-part 2: Evidence and identification bindings".

3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

Common Service Interface (CSI): interface of a supporting system that can provide message routing, trust management, capability management, governance functions

consignment: act of making the user content available to the recipient, within the boundaries of the electronic registered delivery service

Electronic Registered Delivery Service (ERDS): electronic service that transmits data between a sender and recipients by electronic means, provides evidence relating to the handling of the transmitted data, including proof of sending and receiving the data, and that protects transmitted data against the risk of loss, theft, damage or any unauthorized alterations

NOTE: An electr

An electronic registered delivery service is provided by one ERDSP. ERDSPs can cooperate in transferring data from a sender to a recipient when they are subscribed to different ERDSPs (as detailed in 4-corner and extended models in clauses 4.3 and 4.4).

Electronic Registered Delivery Service Provider (ERDSP): entity which provides electronic registered delivery service

NOTE: It can be a Trust Service Provider as defined in Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 [i.1].

ERD event: relevant event in the electronic delivery process, which can be attested by an ERDS evidence

ERD message: data composed of an optional user content, ERDS relay metadata and zero or more ERDS evidence

ERD User Agent/Application (ERD-UA): system consisting of software and/or hardware components by which senders and recipients participate in the exchange of data with electronic registered delivery service providers

ERDS evidence: data generated by the electronic registered delivery service, which aims to prove that a certain event has occurred at a certain time

ERDS handover metadata: data related to the user content which is generated by the electronic registered delivery service and handed over to the ERD user agent/application

ERDS Message and Evidence Retrieval Interface (ERDS MERI): interface of electronic registered delivery service used by ERD user agent/application to retrieve user content and associated metadata

ERDS Message Submission Interface (ERDS MSI): interface used by the sender's ERD user agent/application to submit original messages to the sender's electronic registered delivery service

ERDS Relay Interface (ERDS RI): interface that supports ERD message relay between different electronic registered delivery services

ERDS relay metadata: data related to the user content which is generated by the electronic registered delivery service for the purpose of relaying to another electronic registered delivery service

ERD-UA Message and Evidence Push Interface (ERD-UA MEPI): interface of ERD-UA used by ERDS to push data

handover: act of having the user content successfully cross the border of the recipient's electronic registered delivery service towards the recipient's ERD user agent/application

original message: data including user content and submission metadata

recipient: natural or legal person to which the user content is addressed

sender: natural or legal person that has submitted the user content

submission metadata: data submitted to the electronic registered delivery service together with the user content

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user content: original data produced by the sender which has to be delivered to the recipient

3.2 Symbols

Void.

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

CSI Common Service Interface
DNS Domain Name System
ERD Electronic Registered Delivery

ERDS Electronic Registered Delivery Service

ERDS MERI ERDS Message and Evidence Retrieval Interface

ERDS MSI ERDS Message Submission Interface

ERDS RI ERDS Relay Interface

ERDSP Electronic Registered Delivery Service Provider
ERD-UA Electronic Registered Delivery User Agent/Application
ERD-UA MEPI ERD-UA Message and Evidence Push Interface

ERP Enterprise Resource Planning

I-ERDS Intermediate ERDS R-ERDS Recipient's ERDS

SAML Security Assertion Markup Language

S-ERDS Sender's ERDS

WSDL Web Services Description Language

4 ERDS logical model

4.1 Introduction Document Preview

An ERDS provides evidence about events that happen during the transfer of data between parties (e.g. evidence that the data has been delivered to the recipient), similar to well-known physical postal services for paper-based documents, such as "registered mail" and/or "return receipt". This evidence can be used to prove to third parties, if needed also in legal proceedings, that the transaction took place at the time and between the parties as indicated in the evidence. The legal requirements to an ERDS and the evidence it needs to support can vary across different domains.

An **ERDS evidence** is an **attestation** provided by an ERDS **that a specific event** related to the process of transferring some specific data between the sender and recipient (for instance, the submission of a message, the delivery of a message, the refusal of a message) **happened at a certain time**. An ERDS evidence can be immediately delivered to the sender/recipient or can be kept in a repository for later access by interested parties. It is common practice to implement ERDS evidence as digitally signed data. The concept of ERDS evidence can be assimilated to non-repudiation tokens defined in ISO/IEC 13888 [i.2], [i.3] and [i.4], with many specificities as illustrated in clause 6. Secure and reliable delivery to a recipient requires that the recipient is uniquely identified. The present document also covers the unique identification of the sender (which is a requirement, for instance, for enforcing legal accountability), even if in some cases his identity is not disclosed to the recipient. Unique identification can be achieved by one unique identifier or by a collection of attributes that together uniquely identify the actor. An important purpose of the present document is to support ERDS delivery between senders and recipients that are natural or legal persons; however, in principle any uniquely identified entity (system, service, function, etc.) that can be addressed through an ERDS can be a sender or recipient. The present document also addresses delegation, i.e. the capability of a sender or a recipient to delegate a different entity to act on their behalf. An ERDS can rely on external, trusted parties for authentication.