



Designation: B349/B349M – 09

Standard Specification for Zirconium Sponge and Other Forms of Virgin Metal for Nuclear Application¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B349/B349M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers one grade of virgin zirconium metal commonly designated as sponge because of its porous, sponge-like texture, but it may also take other forms such as chunklets, suitable for use in nuclear applications.

1.2 Unless a single unit is used, for example corrosion mass gain in mg/dm^2 , the values stated in either inch-pound or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore each system must be used independently of the other. SI values cannot be mixed with inch-pound values.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

3. Terminology

3.1 *Forms:*

3.1.1 *chunklets, n*—zirconium metal produced from the reduction of the chloride, usually by sodium.

3.1.1.1 *Discussion*—In this process, the reduced metal is melted and dripped onto a rotating disk to form chunklets.

3.1.2 *sponge, n*—zirconium metal produced from the reduction of the chloride, usually by magnesium.

3.1.2.1 *Discussion*—The process is one where the metal condenses to the solid state and does not melt.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B10 on Reactive and Refractory Metals and Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B10.02 on Zirconium and Hafnium.

Current edition approved April 15, 2009. Published June 2009. Originally approved in 1960. Last previous edition approved in 2003 as B349/B349M – 03. DOI: 10.1520/B0349_B0349M-09.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3.2 *Lot Definition*—a lot shall consist of a single blend produced at one time.

4. Classification

4.1 Primary zirconium is furnished in one grade designated as Reactor Grade R60001, suitable for nuclear applications. The main characteristic of the reactor grade is its low neutron capture cross section as achieved by removal of hafnium. The manufacturer must use procedures to prevent contamination with other high cross-section materials.

5. Ordering Information

5.1 Purchase orders for material under this specification shall include the following information, as required, to describe adequately the desired material:

5.1.1 Quantity (weight),

5.1.2 Name of material (zirconium sponge or chunklets),

5.1.3 Grade designation (see 4.1),

5.1.4 ASTM designation and year of issue.

5.2 In addition to the data specified in 5.1, the following options and points of agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser shall be specified in the purchase order, as required.

5.2.1 Sampling and duplicate samples (see 8.1 and 8.2).

5.2.2 Certification reports (Section 14), and

5.2.3 Packaging (Section 16).

NOTE 1—A typical ordering description is as follows: 5000 lb (2000 kg) reactor grade zirconium, Grade R60001, ASTM Specification B349/B349M - 09.

6. Materials and Manufacture

6.1 Zirconium metal is usually prepared by reduction of zirconium tetrachloride, and gets its physical characteristics from the processes involved in production. These characteristics may be expected to vary greatly with manufacturing methods. This specification, however, is not limited to material prepared by reduction of tetrachloride or to material of any specific physical form.

6.2 Only virgin zirconium metal, in identified, uniform, well-mixed blends, shall be supplied under this specification.