

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 17415-2:2021

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Cevi za daljinsko hlajenje - Spojeni enocevni sistemi za neposredno vkopana hladnovodna omrežja - 2. del: Tovarniško izdelana armatura iz jeklene ali plastične delovne cevi, poliuretanske toplotne izolacije in polietilenskega plašča

District cooling pipes - Bonded single pipe systems for directly buried cold water networks - Part 2: Factory made fitting assemblies of steel or plastic service pipe, polyurethane thermal insulation and a casing of polyethylene

Fernkühlungsrohre - Werkmäßig gedämmte Verbundmantelrohrsysteme für direkt erdverlegte Fernkältenetze - Teil 2: Werkmäßig gedämmte Verbund-Formstücke bestehend aus Stahl-oder Plastik-Mediumrohr, Polyurethan-Wärmedämmung und Außenmantel aus Polyethylen SIST EN 17415-2:2021

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Réseaux d'eau glacée - Systèmes bloqués de tuyaux pour les réseaux d'eau glacée enterrés directement - Partie 2 : Assemblages de raccords manufacturés pour tubes de service en acier ou en plastique, isolation thermique en polyuréthane et tube de protection en polyéthylène

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23.040.99 Drugi sestavni deli za cevovode

Other pipeline components

SIST EN 17415-2:2021

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District cooling pipes - Bonded single pipe systems for directly buried cold water networks - Part 2: Factory made fitting assemblies of steel or plastic service pipe, polyurethane thermal insulation and a casing of polyethylene

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Fernkälterohre - Einzelrohr-Verbundsysteme für direkt erdverlegte Fernkältenetze - Teil 2: Werkmäßig gefertigte Verbundformstücke, bestehend aus Stahloder Kunststoff-Mediumrohr, einer Wärmedämmung aus Polyurethan und einer Ummantelung aus Polyethylen

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European foreword

This document (EN 17415-2:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 107 "Prefabricated district heating and district cooling pipe system", the secretariat of which is held by DS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2022.

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Introduction

Factory made bonded single pipe systems for directly buried district cooling networks are of common technical usage. In order to ensure quality including product-related service life, to ensure safety in use, economical energy usage and to facilitate comparability in the market, CEN/TC 107 decided to set up standards for these products.

This document is one of a series of standards which form several parts of EN 17415, *District cooling pipes – Bonded single pipe systems for directly buried cold water networks*:

- Part 1: Factory made pipe assembly of steel or plastic service pipe, polyurethane thermal insulation and a casing of polyethylene;
- Part 2: Factory made fitting assemblies of steel or plastic service pipe, polyurethane thermal insulation and a casing of polyethylene (this document);
- Part 3: Factory made steel valve assembly for steel or plastic service pipe, polyurethane thermal insulation and a casing of polyethylene.

The other standards from CEN/TC 107 covering this subject are:

- EN 17414-1, District cooling pipes Factory made flexible pipe systems Part 1: Classification, general requirements and test methods;
- EN 17414-2, District cooling pipes Factory made flexible pipe systems Part 2: Bonded system with plastic service pipes; requirements and test methods; s.iteh.ai)
- EN 17414-3, District cooling pipes Factory made flexible pipe systems Part 3: Non bonded system with plastic service pipes; requirements and test methods; 22021 https://standards.itch.avcatalog/standards/stst/a7e18de2-399b-4fc7-8725-
- EN XXXXX-1¹, District cooling pipes Design and installation of thermal insulated bonded single and twin pipe systems for directly buried cold water networks — Part 1: Design;
- EN XXXXX-2¹, District cooling pipes Design and installation of thermal insulated bonded single and twin pipe systems for directly buried cold water networks Part 2: Installation;
- EN 489-1, District heating pipes Bonded single and twin pipe systems for buried hot water networks Part 1: Joint casing assemblies and thermal insulation for hot water networks in accordance with EN 13941-1;
- EN 14419, District heating pipes Bonded single and twin pipe systems for directly buried hot water networks Surveillance systems.

Waste management and recycling of materials is dealt with in Annex C.

¹ Under development.

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements, design and test methods for factory made thermally insulated bonded fitting assemblies for directly buried district cooling distribution systems, comprising a service fitting from DN 15 to DN 1200, rigid polyurethane foam insulation and a casing of polyethylene.

The fitting assembly can also include the following additional elements: measuring wires, spacers and diffusion barriers.

This document covers the following fitting assemblies: bend, tee, reducer, cap and anchor.

This document applies only to insulated fitting assemblies, for continuous operation with water at various temperatures (1 to 30) °C and a maximum operation pressure of 25 bar.

The design is based on an expected service life with continuous operation of a minimum 50 years.

NOTE An expected service life of 50 years presupposes that treated water is used.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 10204, Metallic products - Types of inspection documents

EN 10253-2, Butt-welding pipe fittings - Part 2: Non alloy and ferritic alloy steels with specific inspection requirements (standards.iteh.ai)

EN 12201-2, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 2: Pipes <u>SIST EN 17415-2:2021</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a7e18de2-399b-4fc7-8725-

EN 12201-3, Plastics piping systems for water supply, ¹and for ⁰drainage and sewerage under pressure — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 3: Fittings

EN 12201-5, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system

EN 12814-1, Testing of welded joints of thermoplastics semi-finished products - Part 1: Bend test

EN 13018, Non-destructive testing - Visual testing - General principles

EN 13067, Plastics welding personnel - Qualification of welders - Thermoplastics welded assemblies

EN 13941-1, District heating pipes - Design and installation of thermal insulated bonded single and twin pipe systems for directly buried hot water networks - Part 1: Design

EN 13941-2, District heating pipes - Design and installation of thermal insulated bonded single and twin pipe systems for directly buried hot water networks - Part 2: Installation

EN 14419, District heating pipes - Bonded single and twin pipe systems for buried hot water networks - Surveillance systems

EN 14870-1, Petroleum and natural gas industries - Induction bends, fittings and flanges for pipeline transportation systems - Part 1: Induction bends (ISO 15590-1)

EN 17248, District heating and district cooling pipe systems - Terms and definitions

EN 17415-1:2020, District cooling pipes - Bonded single pipe systems for directly buried cold water networks - Part 1: Factory made pipe assembly of steel or plastic service pipe, polyurethane thermal insulation and a casing of polyethylene

EN ISO 3452-1, Non-destructive testing - Penetrant testing - Part 1: General principles (ISO 3452-1)

EN ISO 5579, Non-destructive testing - Radiographic testing of metallic materials using film and X- or gamma rays - Basic rules (ISO 5579)

EN ISO 5817, Welding - Fusion-welded joints in steel, nickel, titanium and their alloys (beam welding excluded) - Quality levels for imperfections (ISO 5817)

EN ISO 8501-1, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products - Visual assessment of surface cleanliness - Part 1: Rust grades and preparation grades of uncoated steel substrates and of steel substrates after overall removal of previous coatings (ISO 8501-1)

EN ISO 9606-1, Qualification testing of welders - Fusion welding - Part 1: Steels (ISO 9606-1)

EN ISO 9692-1:2013, Welding and allied processes - Types of joint preparation - Part 1: Manual metal arc welding, gas-shielded metal arc welding, gas welding, TIG welding and beam welding of steels (ISO 9692-1:2013)

EN ISO 9934-1, Non-destructive testing - Magnetic particle testing - Part 1: General principles (ISO 9934-1)

EN ISO 10675-1, Non-destructive testing of welds - Acceptance levels for radiographic testing - Part 1: Steel, nickel, titanium and their alloys (ISO 1067513 ndards.iteh.al)

EN ISO 11666, Non-destructive testing of welds Ultrasonic testing - Acceptance levels (ISO 11666) https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a7e18de2-399b-4fc7-8725-

EN ISO 14732, Welding personnel - Qualification testing of welding operators and weld setters for mechanized and automatic welding of metallic materials (ISO 14732)

EN ISO 15607, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials - General rules (ISO 15607)

EN ISO 16810, Non-destructive testing - Ultrasonic testing - General principles (ISO 16810)

EN ISO 17636-1, Non-destructive testing of welds - Radiographic testing - Part 1: X- and gamma-ray techniques with film (ISO 17636-1)

EN ISO 17636-2, Non-destructive testing of welds - Radiographic testing - Part 2: X- and gamma-ray techniques with digital detectors (ISO 17636-2)

EN ISO 17637, Non-destructive testing of welds - Visual testing of fusion-welded joints (ISO 17637)

EN ISO 17638, Non-destructive testing of welds - Magnetic particle testing (ISO 17638)

EN ISO 17640, Non-destructive testing of welds - Ultrasonic testing - Techniques, testing levels, and assessment (ISO 17640)

EN ISO 23277, Non-destructive testing of welds - Penetrant testing - Acceptance levels (ISO 23277)

EN ISO 23278, Non-destructive testing of welds - Magnetic particle testing - Acceptance levels (ISO 23278)

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document the terms and definitions given in EN 17248 and EN 17415-1 apply. ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <u>https://www.electropedia.org/</u>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

4 Requirements

4.1 General requirements

Unless otherwise specified, the requirements shall be valid for each single measurement.

For information on suitable guidelines for inspection of factory made fitting assemblies, see Annex A.

4.2 Service pipe parts

4.2.1 Steel service pipe parts

4.2.1.1 General

The material of the fitting steel parts shall be certified in accordance with EN 10204. If traceability on material is required by the end user it shall be specified at the time of ordering. Corresponding material certificates shall be delivered to the end user if specified at the time of ordering.

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4.2.1.2 Specification

The fitting steel material shall be in accordance with the steel grade specification in EN 17415-1.

All steel pipes and components used for manufacturing of pipe assemblies under the scope of this document shall as a minimum be delivered to the manufacturer with an inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204. The inspection certificate shall on request be passed on to the client who orders the fitting assemblies.

In case a material related inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204 is required by the client who orders the fitting assemblies, this request shall be given whilst placing the order with the manufacturer of the fitting assemblies.

NOTE Any later request for provision of such documentation could be too late and possibly can't be met by the manufacturer, since the manufacturer needs to organize the assignment of 3.1 certificates to pipes and part of pipes before starting the production.

4.2.1.3 Wall thickness and diameter

All components shall be designed for a minimum operating pressure of 16 bar.

If the fitting assemblies are intended to be used in situations with pressures higher than 16 bar, extra calculations will be necessary.

The minimum nominal wall thickness of all components shall prior to processing be at least the same as for the service pipes in accordance with EN 17415-1.

The nominal diameter, the outside diameter, the tolerances on the diameter of the pipe ends and the wall thickness shall be the same as for the service pipes in accordance with EN 17415-1.

Subject to design considerations other wall thicknesses than those given in EN 17415-1 may be used, but in no case shall these be less than the minima indicated in EN 17415-1.

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All components shall be designed in accordance with EN 13941-1 for the actions and stresses that normally occur during the service life of the fitting assembly (or of the component).

4.2.1.4 Bends

4.2.1.4.1 Butt welding bends

The dimensions shall be in accordance with EN 10253-2 with the exception that the bend radius shall be ≥ 1.5 times the outer diameter.

4.2.1.4.2 Cold formed bends

Cold formed bends shall be produced from seamless pipe or longitudinal welded pipes. At cold formed bends made of longitudinal welded pipes the weld bead shall be welded to factor V = 1 (calculation stress = 100 %).

After bending, the minimum wall thickness of the bent pipe shall be not less than 85 % of the wall thickness of the straight pipe (see EN 17415-1).

The maximum ovality in the bent area shall not exceed 6 %.

The formula for the calculation of the ovality is:

$$o = \frac{\left(D_{\rm s\,max} - D_{\rm s\,min}\right)}{D_{\rm s}} \times 100 \tag{1}$$

where

0

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(standards.iteh.ai) is the maximum outside diameter; $D_{\rm s max}$

is the ovality, in %;

is the minimum outside diameter in the same cross section in the bended area; $D_{\rm s min}$

is the specified outside diameter. Ds

There shall be no folding in the bent area. Waves may be accepted, when the maximum height between trough and crest of the wave does not exceed 25 % of the nominal wall thickness of the bent pipe.

4.2.1.4.3 Hot-formed bends

For hot-formed bends manufactured from straight pipes by means of inductive heating (induction bends), no heat treatment is necessary as far as this method is applied with unalloyed or low-alloyed steel with [Mo] < 0,65 %. Hot-formed bends shall be supplied in conformity with EN 14870-1.

If for the bending other heating methods are applied, heat treatment following the bending of the pipes is required.

If a hot-formed bend has to be made from line pipe, this shall be specified to the pipe manufacturer at the time of ordering so that the pipe manufacturer can take this into account when selecting the (chemical) composition of the pipe material and the welding filler material.

It is recommended to determine per batch, diameter, wall thickness and bend radius, through mechanical testing, that the bends comply with the applicable material specifications. It is customary that a representative bend or an (additional) section of a bend of adequate length will be manufactured during the production process and that 10 % of the bends will be tested.

4.2.1.4.4 Tolerances of bending angles

The deviation from the nominal bending angle shall not exceed the tolerances given in Table 1.

Table 1 —	Deviations	from	nominal	bending angle
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Nominal diameter of service pipe	Deviation
≤ DN 200	± 2,0 °
> DN 200	± 1,0 °

4.2.1.5 T-pieces

4.2.1.5.1 Forged T-pieces

The wall thickness t and t_1 (see EN 10253-2) shall be at least the same as those for the straight pipes (see EN 17415-1). All other dimensions shall be in accordance with EN 10253-2.

4.2.1.5.2 Welded T-pieces

Welded T-pieces shall be manufactured by drawing a collar on which the branch pipe is welded or by welding the branch pipe directly to the main pipe. The wall thickness of the collar shall be at least the same as that for the branch pipe (see EN 17415-1). The collar shall be drawn opposite the welding seam in the main pipe. When using branch pipe directly welded to the main pipe, compensating (reinforcement) plates may be used according to EN 13941 d requirements. PD PREVIEW

4.2.1.5.3 Tolerances of angles between branch pipes and main pipes

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The branch pipes shall be perpendicular to the main pipes within a tolerance of $\pm 2,0^{\circ}$.

4.2.1.6 Reducers

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Reducers shall be in accordance with EN 10253-2, except for the wall thicknesses t and t_1 (see EN 10253-2) which shall be at least the same as for the straight pipes (see EN 17415-1) to be welded to the fittings.

4.2.1.7 Anchors

The anchors shall be marked with the information concerning maximum loads for which the construction was designed and calculated. The lifetime of the system shall not be influenced by the anchors construction.

4.2.1.8 Caps

Caps (dished ends) shall be in accordance with EN 10253-2 and comply with the requirements of EN 13941-1.

4.2.1.9 Fusion welding of steel fittings

4.2.1.9.1 Filler material

Filler material shall after welding have mechanical characteristics comparable with the parent metal.

4.2.1.9.2 Welding process

All types of fusion welding are acceptable but arc welding with covered electrodes and gas-shielded metalarc welding are preferred. The welding process shall be specified and approved in accordance with EN ISO 15607.

The method of approval may be chosen by the manufacturer.

Fittings of wall thickness \geq 5,6 mm shall be welded in more than one pass.

4.2.1.9.3 Preparation for welding

Pipe ends shall be prepared in accordance with the welding procedure used. When using covered electrodes or gas-shielded metal-arc welding, pipe ends and fittings with equal wall thickness shall be prepared in accordance with EN ISO 9692-1. See Table 2.

Table 2 of this document is derived from EN ISO 9692-1:2013, Table 1 and gives the relation between wall thickness and reference number.

Symbol	Type of preparation	Wall thickness <i>t</i> of steel service pipe fittings or fitting end	Reference to EN ISO 9692-1:2013, Table 1			
II	Square preparation	<i>t</i> < 3 mm	1.2.1			
V	Single V preparation	$3 \text{ mm} \le t \le 10 \text{ mm}$	1.3			
V	Single Y preparation with broad root face	<i>t</i> > 10 mm	1.5			
NOTE Symbols are in accordance with EN ISO 2553.						

Table 2 — Preparation of ends of pipes and fittings for weldings according to EN ISO 9692-1:2013

Pipe ends and fittings with different wall thicknesses shall be prepared and adapted for misalignment in accordance with Table 3 and Figure 1 of this document. RD PREVIEW

Table 3 — Adaptation	of	misali	gnm	ent	and	l di	fferen	ce in	wall thi	ckness
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	Adaptation	Required action
Misalignment	SIST EN 17415-2:2021	2_399b_4&7_8725_
$Misalignment h \le 0,3 t, max. 1 mm \qquad 349ec$	lcoffiguret1edetailfA2-202	21
Misalignment 1 mm < $h \le 10$ mm		Adaptation of pipe ends
Misalignment <i>h</i> > 10 mm	Extra fitting	Extra prepared steel fitting minimum length
		The seam spacing shall be such that the heat-affected zones do not overlap or interact. A spacing of 100 mm or more is recommended. The minimum spacing is 50 mm
Difference in wall thickness		
Differences in wall thickness: $t' \le 1,5 t_n$	Figure 1 detail B	Adaptation of thicker wall t'
Differences in wall thickness: $t' > 1,5 t_n$	Figure 1 detail C	Adaptation of both sides