

SLOVENSKI STANDARD

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Nadomešča:
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Oprema in pribor za utekočinjeni naftni plin (UNP) - Sistem za polnjenje utekočinjenega naftnega plina za lahka in težka vozila - Šoba, preskuševalne zahteve in mere

LPG equipment and accessories - Automotive LPG filling system for light and heavy duty vehicles - Nozzle, test requirements and dimensions

Flüssiggas-Geräte und Ausrüstungsteile - Füllsysteme an Autogasanlagen für leichte und schwere Fahrzeuge - Anschlussstutzen, Prüfanforderungen und Abmessungen

Équipements GPL et leurs accessoires - Dispositif de remplissage GPL pour véhicules légers et poids lourds - Pistolet: conditions d'essais et dimensions

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 13760

November 2021

ICS 43.060.40; 75.200

Supersedes EN 13760:2003

English Version

**LPG equipment and accessories - Automotive LPG filling
system for light and heavy duty vehicles - Nozzle, test
requirements and dimensions**

Équipements pour GPL et leurs accessoires - Dispositif
de remplissage GPL pour véhicules légers et poids
lourds - Pistolet : conditions d'essais et dimensions

Flüssiggas-Geräte und Ausrüstungsteile - Füllsysteme
an Autogasanlagen für leichte und schwere Fahrzeuge -
Anschlussstutzen, Prüfanforderungen und
Abmessungen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 May 2021.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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EN 13760:2021 (E)

European foreword

This document (EN 13760:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 286 “Liquefied petroleum gas equipment and accessories”, the secretariat of which is held by NSAI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2022.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 13760:2003.

This document includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 13760:2003:

- Updated normative references;
 - Revised definitions;
 - Revised test procedures;
 - Removal of re-testing step from each test procedure;
 - Addition of oxygen ageing test;
 - Revised critical dimensions of Figure B.2;
 - Revised Annex ZA.
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This document has been prepared under a standardization request given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

This document does not deal with the essential safety requirements of the DIRECTIVE 2014/68/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of pressure equipment.

This document addresses the essential health and safety requirements of DIRECTIVE 2014/34/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 26 February 2014 on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to equipment and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres.

In the Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) the nozzle is classified as a “pressure accessory”. It is intended to be connected to a hose, which is classified as “piping”.

- The category 1 limit is defined in Annex 2 Table 6 of the PED and is a function of the product of nominal size (DN) and maximum allowable pressure (PS) with a limit of 1 000.
- Because PS in this document is 2 500 kPa and the DN of the intended hose is less than 40, the figure of 1 000 in Table 6 is not reached.

Protection of the environment is a key political issue in Europe and elsewhere. For CEN/TC 286 this is covered in CEN/TS 16765 and this Technical Specification should be read in conjunction with this document. This Technical Specification provides guidance on the environmental aspects to be considered regarding equipment and accessories produced for the LPG industry and the following is addressed:

- a) design;
- b) manufacture;
- c) packaging;
- d) use and operation;
- e) disposal.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

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EN 13760:2021 (E)

1 Scope

This document specifies the minimum design, construction, test requirements and the critical dimensions for filling nozzles for the dispensing of automotive Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) to vehicles of categories M and N, as defined in Regulation (EU) 2018/858 [2], that are fitted with the Euro filling unit (light duty or heavy duty).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 549:2019, *Rubber materials for seals and diaphragms for gas appliances and gas equipment*

EN 589:2018, *Automotive fuels — LPG — Requirements and test methods*

EN 12806:2003, *Automotive liquefied petroleum gas components — Other than containers*

EN 1762:2018, *Rubber hoses and hose assemblies for liquefied petroleum gas, LPG (liquid or gaseous phase), and natural gas up to 25 bar (2,5 MPa) — Specification*

EN ISO 9227:2017, *Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres — Salt spray tests (ISO 9227:2017)*

EN ISO 11114-2:2013, *Gas cylinders — Compatibility of cylinder and valve materials with gas contents — Part 2: Non-metallic materials (ISO 11114-2:2013)*

EN ISO 80079-36:2016, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 36: Non-electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres — Basic method and requirements (ISO 80079-36:2016)*

EN IEC 60068-2-52:2018, *Environmental testing — Part 2-52: Tests — Test Kb: Salt mist, cyclic (sodium chloride solution) (IEC 60068-2-52:2017)*

ISO 188:2011, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Accelerated ageing and heat resistance tests*

ISO 1431-1:2012, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Resistance to ozone cracking — Part 1: Static and dynamic strain testing*

ISO 6957:1988, *Copper alloys — Ammonia test for stress corrosion resistance*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

pressure

gauge pressure, unless otherwise stated

3.2**maximum allowable pressure**

maximum pressure for which the equipment is designed

Note 1 to entry: All pressures are gauge pressures, unless otherwise stated.

3.3**test pressure**

pressure to which the component, or an assembly of components, is subjected during the tests

3.4**filling nozzle**

mechanical system, fitted to the hose of the dispensing system, consisting of a filling nozzle body, operating mechanism, including sealing elements and a service gasket if required

3.5**light duty vehicle filling nozzle**

filling nozzle intended to fuel vehicles fitted with the light duty vehicle Euro filling unit (K15)

3.6**heavy duty vehicle filling nozzle**

filling nozzle intended to fuel vehicles fitted with the heavy duty vehicle Euro filling unit

3.7**locking mechanism**

component allowing the locking or unlocking operation of the filling nozzle to the filling unit

3.8**service gasket**

replaceable gasket ensuring tightness of the connection between the filling nozzle outlet and the filling unit inlet

3.9**torque for connection**

torque required to connect the filling nozzle to the filling unit

3.10**torque for disconnection**

torque required to disconnect the filling nozzle from the filling unit

3.11**push-on force**

force applied in the longitudinal axis of the filling unit to connect the filling nozzle to the filling unit

3.12**pull-off force**

force applied in the longitudinal axis of the filling unit to disconnect the filling nozzle from the filling unit

3.13**grip**

area where the filling nozzle is held for connection or disconnection

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3.14

filling unit

device installed on the outside of the vehicle to receive the filling nozzle and enable the filling of the LPG container

Note 1 to entry: The filling nozzle as prescribed in this document is only intended to be used with the Euro filling unit.

4 Design and construction requirements

4.1 General

Any non-electrical equipment, intended for use in a potentially explosive atmosphere, shall comply with the requirements of EN ISO 80079-36:2016. The filling nozzle shall be designed and constructed according to good engineering practice and in conformity with the required categories for group II equipment to ensure avoidance of any ignition source.

To classify the category of the equipment it shall be subjected to an ignition hazard assessment in accordance with EN ISO 80079-36:2016.

If the filling nozzle does not contain any effective ignition sources in normal operation it shall be classified as Group II, gas group IIA, category 3G.

The design of the filling nozzle shall ensure that:

- a) it is suitable for use with automotive LPG as specified in EN 589:2018;
- b) it is compatible with the relevant filling unit as specified in EN 12806:2003;
- c) entrapment of fingers and/or cold burns are not possible;
- d) it is not possible to open the valve in the filling nozzle if the filling nozzle is not properly locked and sealed on the filling unit;
- e) it locks in the connected position;
- f) it is not possible to disconnect the filling nozzle from the filling unit unless the filling nozzle valve is closed;
- g) blocking due to internal freezing does not occur, according to 5.7;
- h) it is tolerant to the effect of dirt;
- i) it will withstand a torque of 150 % of the mounting torque specified by the manufacturer without damage;
- j) the electrical resistance is 1 k Ω maximum;
- k) the materials in contact with LPG are LPG-compatible;
- l) the external surfaces of the filling nozzle are corrosion resistant or protected against corrosion and are made of materials that do not cause sparks when dropped on a surface;
- m) the minimum lifetime is 100 000 cycles;

- n) the climate conditions of the geographic area where they will operate are taken into account as follows:
- Moderate Climate conditions: $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+65\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$;
 - Cold Climate conditions: $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+65\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$;
- o) the maximum allowable pressure is 2 500 kPa;
- p) a latching mechanism is incorporated;
- q) the filling nozzle is provided with a means to securely attach it to the delivery hose;
- r) filling nozzle shall not exceed critical dimensions specified in Annex A, Figures A.1 or A.2.

4.2 Service gasket

The service gasket between the filling nozzle and the filling unit, if required, shall be fitted in the nozzle.

Changing the service gasket shall not result in any LPG release.

The minimum lifetime of the service gasket shall be 20 000 cycles.

4.3 Specific requirements

4.3.1 Light duty vehicle filling nozzle

The release of LPG during disconnection shall be less than 1 cm^3 liquid.

The maximum weight of the filling nozzle shall be 2 kg (including swivel, if fitted).

The external diameter of the filling nozzle shall not exceed 54 mm over a length of at least 82 mm measured from the normal attachment point of the vehicle connector as shown in Figure A.1. This includes protruding ancillaries in any position.

The maximum grip diameter of the filling nozzle shall be 60 mm.

The nozzle shall be designed for one hand operation for connection and disconnection.

4.3.2 Heavy duty vehicle filling nozzle

The release of LPG during disconnection shall be less than 1 cm^3 liquid.

The maximum weight of the filling nozzle shall be 3 kg (including swivel, if fitted).

The external diameter of the outlet side of the filling nozzle shall not exceed 80 mm over a length of at least 64 mm as shown in Figure A.2. This includes protruding ancillaries in any position.

4.4 Requirements for connection and disconnection by rotation

The rotation angle in the longitudinal axis shall not exceed 120° .

The maximum torque for connection and disconnection shall be:

- 1,5 Nm for the light duty vehicle filling nozzle,
- 25 Nm for the heavy duty vehicle filling nozzle,

at any pressure up to 2 500 kPa in the filling nozzle.