
**Optics and photonics — Optical
coatings —**

**Part 7:
Minimum requirements for neutral
beam splitter coatings**

Optique et photonique — Traitements optiques —

*Partie 7: Exigences minimales pour revêtements de séparation de
faisceaux neutre*

Document Preview

ISO 9211-7:2018

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/5bc9da24-daa4-43e9-a50c-7594e878a503/iso-9211-7-2018>



iTeh Standards
(<https://standards.iteh.ai>)
Document Preview

ISO 9211-7:2018

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/5bc9da24-daa4-43e9-a50c-7594e878a503/iso-9211-7-2018>



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2018

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents		Page
Foreword		iv
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Designation	2
5	Indication in drawings	2
6	Minimum requirements	2

iTeh Standards
(<https://standards.iteh.ai>)
Document Preview

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/5bc9da24-daa4-43e9-a50c-7594e878a503/iso-9211-7-2018>

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by ISO/TC 172, *Optics and photonics*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Optical materials and components*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 9211 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Optics and photonics — Optical coatings —

Part 7:

Minimum requirements for neutral beam splitter coatings

1 Scope

This document specifies minimum requirements on the optical effects and the mechanical, chemical and environmental properties of neutral beam splitter coatings. This document applies to neutral beam splitter coatings for optical applications. Thereby the user is able to rely on defined numerical data while the manufacturer of thin films has the choice for the materials and production method.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 9211-1, *Optics and photonics — Optical coatings — Part 1: Definitions*

ISO 9211-3, *Optics and photonics — Optical coatings — Part 3: Environmental durability*

ISO 9211-4, *Optics and photonics — Optical coatings — Part 4: Specific test methods*

ISO 9022-2, *Optics and photonics — Environmental test methods — Part 2: Cold, heat and humidity*

ISO 10110-7, *Optics and photonics — Preparation of drawings for optical elements and systems — Part 7: Surface imperfections*

ISO 10110-8, *Optics and photonics — Preparation of drawings for optical elements and systems — Part 8: Surface texture; roughness and waviness*

ISO 10110-9, *Optics and photonics — Preparation of drawings for optical elements and systems — Part 9: Surface treatment and coating*

ISO 13696, *Optics and optical instruments — Test methods for radiation scattered by optical components*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 9211-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

neutral beam splitter coating D1

dielectric, absorptance free beam splitter coating, which divides nonpolarized optical radiation in a wavelength range of 450 nm to 650 nm at an angle of incidence of 45° with a ratio of 50 % reflectance to 50 % transmittance

3.2

neutral beam splitter coating D2

dielectric, absorptance free beam splitter coating, which divides nonpolarized optical radiation in a wavelength range of 450 nm to 650 nm at an angle of incidence of 45° with a ratio of 70 % reflectance to 30 % transmittance

3.3

neutral beam splitter coating D3

dielectric, absorptance free beam splitter coating, which divides nonpolarized optical radiation in a wavelength range of 450 nm to 650 nm at an angle of incidence of 45° with a ratio of 20 % reflectance to 80 % transmittance

3.4

neutral beam splitter coating D4

dielectric, absorptance free beam splitter coating, which divides nonpolarized optical radiation in a wavelength range of 400 nm to 700 nm at an angle of incidence of 45° with a ratio of 50 % reflectance to 50 % transmittance

3.5

neutral beam splitter coating M1

absorbing beam splitter coating, which divides nonpolarized optical radiation in a wavelength range of 380 nm to 780 nm at an angle of incidence of 45° with a ratio of 30 % reflectance to 30 % transmittance

3.6

neutral beam splitter coating M2

absorbing beam splitter coating, which divides nonpolarized optical radiation in a wavelength range of 450 nm to 700 nm at an angle of incidence of 45° with a ratio of 45 % reflectance to 45 % transmittance

4 Designation

Designation of a neutral beam splitter coating of type M2:

BS coating ISO 9211-7 – M2

5 Indication in drawings

When applying this document, ^① (the symbol for optical coating in accordance with ISO 10110-9) shall be indicated in conjunction with the designation in accordance with [Clause 4](#).

6 Minimum requirements

The minimum requirements shall apply to unstressed neutral beam splitter coatings (see [Table 1](#)). Reflectance and transmittance of the neutral beam splitter coatings are given in [Table 2](#).

Table 1 — Minimum requirements for unstressed neutral beam splitter coatings

No.	Property	Minimum requirements	Remarks
1	Spectral transmittance	In accordance with Table 2 .	Generally, the declaration is valid for a coating on a transparent substrate with a refractive index of around 1,5.
2	Spectral reflectance	In accordance with Table 2 .	
3	Spectral absorptance	≤0,01 for coating types D1 to D4.	