

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 28927-1:2020

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Nadomešča:

SIST EN ISO 28927-1:2010

SIST EN ISO 28927-1:2010/A1:2017

Ročna prenosna električna orodja - Preskusne metode za vrednotenje oddajanja vibracij - 1. del: Kotni in vertikalni brusilniki (ISO 28927-1:2019)

Hand-held portable power tools - Test methods for evaluation of vibration emission - Part 1: Angle and vertical grinders (ISO 28927-1:2019)

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Handgehaltene motorbetriebene Maschinen - Messverfahren zur Ermittlung der Schwingungsemission - Teil 1: Winkelschleifer und Vertikalschleifer (ISO 28927-1:2019)

#### SIST EN ISO 28927-1:2020

Machines à moteur portatives Méthodes d'essai pour l'évaluation de l'émission de vibrations - Partie 1: Meuleuses verticales et meuleuses d'angles (ISO 28927-1:2019)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 28927-1:2019

#### ICS:

13.160 Vpliv vibracij in udarcev na Vibration and shock with ljudi respect to human beings

25.080.50 Brusilni in polirni stroji Grinding and polishing

machines

25.140.20 Električna orodja Electric tools

SIST EN ISO 28927-1:2020 en,fr,de

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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 28927-1

December 2019

ICS 25.140.10; 13.160

Supersedes EN ISO 28927-1:2009

#### **English Version**

# Hand-held portable power tools - Test methods for evaluation of vibration emission - Part 1: Angle and vertical grinders (ISO 28927-1:2019)

Machines à moteur portatives - Méthodes d'essai pour l'évaluation de l'émission de vibrations - Partie 1: Meuleuses verticales et meuleuses d'angles (ISO 28927-1:2019)

Handgehaltene motorbetriebene Maschinen -Messverfahren zur Ermittlung der Schwingungsemission - Teil 1: Winkelschleifer und Vertikalschleifer (ISO 28927-1:2019)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 2 November 2019.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

### EN ISO 28927-1:2019 (E)

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## **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 28927-1:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 118 "Compressors and pneumatic tools, machines and equipment" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 231 "Mechanical vibration and shock" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 28927-1:2009.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For the relationship with EU Directive(s) see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d21eae79-22cb-4534-be65-

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### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 28927-1:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 28927-1:2019 without any modification.

EN ISO 28927-1:2019 (E)

# Annex ZA (informative)

# Relationship between this European Standard and the essential health and safety requirements of Directive 2006/42/EC aimed to be covered

This European Standard has been prepared under a Commission's standardization request M/396 (Machinery) to provide one voluntary means of conforming to essential health and safety requirements of Directive 2006/42/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 17 May 2006 on machinery, and amending Directive 95/16/EC (recast).

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard given in Table ZA.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential health and safety requirements of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

Table ZA.1 — Correspondence between this European Standard and Annex I of Directive 2006/42/EC

Essential health and safety requirements of Directive 2006/42/EC	Teh Clauses of this END P	
2.2.1.1. Instructions	Clauses 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and Annexes B and 6.8927-120	Noné. 20

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**WARNING 1** — Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to this European Standard is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of this standard should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

**WARNING 2** — Other Union legislation may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 28927-1

Second edition 2019-11

# Hand-held portable power tools — Test methods for evaluation of vibration emission —

Part 1: **Angle and vertical grinders** 

iTeh STMachines à moteur portatives — Méthodes d'essai pour l'évaluation de l'émission de vibrations —

Standard Meuleuses verticales et meuleuses d'angles

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### ISO 28927-1:2019(E)

### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. (Standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 118, Compressors and pneumatic tools, machines and equipment, Subcommittee SC 3, Pneumatic tools and machines.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 28927-1:2009) and (ISO 28927-1:2009/ Amd.1:2017), of which it constitutes a minor revision. The changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:.

- <u>Table C.4</u>, in "Radius to centre of hole", change rh to  $r_h$ ;
- <u>Table C.4</u>, in "Radius to centre of threaded hole", change rt to  $r_t$ ;
- Figure C.4, change  $r_s$  to  $r_t$ ;
- Figure C.4, change  $r_t$  to  $r_h$ ;
- Figure C.4, in the key, change  $r_s$  to  $r_h$ .

A list of all parts in the ISO 28927 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Introduction

This document is a type-C standard as stated in ISO 12100.

When requirements of this type-C standard are different from those which are stated in type-A or -B standards, the requirements of this type-C standard take precedence over the requirements of the other standards for machines that have been designed and built according to the requirements of this type-C standard.

The vibration test codes for portable hand-held machines given in ISO 28927 are based on ISO 20643, which gives general specifications for the measurement of the vibration emission of hand-held and hand-guided machinery. ISO 28927 specifies the operation of the machines under type-test conditions and other requirements for the performance of type tests. The structure/numbering of its clauses follows that of ISO 20643.

The basic principle for transducer positioning first introduced in the EN 60745 series of European standards is followed, representing a deviation from ISO 20643 for reasons of consistency. The transducers are primarily positioned next to the hand in the area between the thumb and the index finger, where they give the least disturbance to the operator gripping the machine.

It has been found that vibrations generated by grinders vary considerably in typical use. This is largely due to the variances in the unbalance of the machine with the grinding wheel mounted. The unbalance also changes when the wheel is worn through operation.

In order to provide a method that gives good measurement reproducibility, the procedure adopted in this document uses a test wheel of known unbalance mounted on a machine and run under no-load conditions. The unbalance for the different types of test wheel are chosen to give vibration values that are as far as possible in accordance with ISO 20643. The procedures of ISO 5349 are required whenever exposure at the workplace is to be assessed.

Underestimation of the vibration for machines equipped with technical means to automatically reduce unbalances is taken into account by multiplying the vibration values of such machines with a correction factor of 1,3.

For grinders that are intended to be used with cupped wire brushes, the vibration value is obtained by using a correction factor of 1,6.

The values obtained are type-test values intended to be representative of the average of the upper quartile of typical vibration magnitudes in real-world use of the machines. However, the actual magnitudes will vary considerably from time to time and depend on many factors, including the operator, the task and the inserted tool or consumable. The state of maintenance of the machine itself might also be of importance. Under real working conditions the influences of the operator and process can be particularly important at low magnitudes. It is therefore not recommended that emission values below  $2.5 \text{ m/s}^2$  be used for estimating the vibration magnitude under real working conditions. In such cases,  $2.5 \text{ m/s}^2$  is the recommended vibration magnitude for estimating the machine vibration.

If accurate values for a specific work place are required, then measurements (according to ISO 5349) in that work situation could be necessary. Vibration values measured in real working conditions can be either higher or lower than the values obtained using this document.

Higher vibration magnitudes can easily occur in real work situations, caused by the use of excessively unbalanced grinding wheels, worn flanges or bent spindles.

The vibration test codes given in ISO 28927 supersede those given in ISO 8662, whose parts have been replaced by the corresponding parts of ISO 28927 (see Foreword).

NOTE ISO 8662-11, Hand-held portable power tools — Measurement of vibrations at the handle — Part 11: Fastener driving tools could be replaced by a future part of ISO 28927.

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# Hand-held portable power tools — Test methods for evaluation of vibration emission -

## Part 1:

# Angle and vertical grinders

## 1 Scope

This document specifies a laboratory method for measuring hand-transmitted vibration emission at the handles of hand-held power-driven angle and vertical grinders. It is a type-test procedure for establishing the magnitude of vibration in the gripping areas of a machine fitted with a specified test wheel and run under no-load conditions. The method has been established for surface grinding tasks only. Cutting and sanding generally create lower vibrations. It is intended that the results be used to compare different models of the same type of machine.

This document is applicable to hand-held machines (see Clause 5), driven pneumatically or by other means, intended for grinding, cutting-off and rough sanding, with bonded, coated and super-abrasive products and with wire brushes for use on all kinds of materials. It is not applicable to die grinders or straight grinders. iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

To avoid confusion with the terms "power tool" and "inserted tool", machine is used for the former throughout this document.

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# Normative references.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d21eae79-22cb-4534-be65-

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The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2787, Rotary and percussive pneumatic tools — Performance tests

ISO 5349 (all parts), Mechanical vibration — Measurement and evaluation of human exposure to hand-transmitted vibration

ISO 5391, Pneumatic tools and machines — Vocabulary

ISO 17066, *Hydraulic tools* — *Vocabulary* 

ISO 20643:2005, Mechanical vibration — Hand-held and hand-guided machinery — Principles for evaluation of vibration emission

EN 755-2, Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Extruded rod/bar, tube and profiles — Part 2: Mechanical properties

EN 12096, Mechanical vibration — Declaration and verification of vibration emission values

#### Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5391, ISO 17066 and ISO 20643, and the following terms, definitions and symbols, apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>