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Graphic technology — Safety requirements for graphic technology equipment and systems —

Part 1: **General requirements**

Technologie graphique — Exigences de sécurité pour les systèmes et l'équipement de technologie graphique —

Partie 1: Exigences générales

ISO/FDIS 12643-1.2 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7145b051-4ff3-4fab-b1df-a451ec319708/iso fdis-12643-1-2

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Contents							
Fore	word			vi			
Intro	oductio	n		viii			
1	Scon	ie		1			
2	-	•					
	Normative references						
3	Terms and definitions						
4	Sign	ificant h	nazards	14			
5	Safety requirements and/or protective measures						
	5.1		⁻ al				
	5.2	Risk assessment					
	5.3	Safeguarding of significant hazards					
		5.3.1	General principles				
		5.3.2	Guards				
		5.3.3	In-running (in-going) nips				
		5.3.4	Guarding in-running nips				
		5.3.5	Interlocks				
		5.3.6	Hold-to-run mode				
		5.3.7	Protective measures for accessible hazard zones				
		5.3.8	Guarding reel unwinding, rewinding and transport devices				
		5.3.9 5.3.10	Threading of web material				
	5.4		General requirements for feeding units and delivery unitsirements for protection against other hazards				
	3.4	5.4.1	General				
		5.4.2	Fire and explosion protection				
		5.4.3	Electrical equipment				
		5.4.4	Working platforms, access stairs, passageways, fixed ladders and raise				
		ndards.it	workplaces workplaces				
		5.4.5	Stability fdis-12643-1-2				
		5.4.6	High contact temperatures				
		5.4.7	Noise				
		5.4.8	Radiation hazards				
		5.4.9	Stationary knives				
		5.4.10					
			Rotary tools				
			Transport and storage of hazardous tools				
			Protruding machine parts				
			Handwheels and cranks				
			Oxidizers, incinerators or thermal cleaning plants				
		5.4.16	Protection against crushing and shearing hazards	60			
			Contact with hazardous substances				
	5.5 Release from hazardous situation						
	5.6	Contr	ol zones	61			
		5.6.1	General	61			
		5.6.2	Purpose of zone configuration	61			
		5.6.3	Control stations in control zones				
	5.7		ols				
		5.7.1	General				
		5.7.2	Manual control devices				
		5.7.3	Initiating machine motion				
		5.7.4	Hold-to-run controls				
		5.7.5	Two-hand controls				
		5.7.6	Electro-sensitive protective devices				
		577	Pressure-sensitive mats pressure-sensitive humpers trip devices	69			

		5.7.8	Braking devices and clutches	70
	5.8	Contro	ol stations	71
		5.8.1	General	71
		5.8.2	Control station location	71
		5.8.3	Portable control stations	71
	5.9	Remot	te access	72
	5.10		-related control systems	
			Hydraulic, pneumatic, electric and electronic control systems	
			Electronic adjustable speed drives	
			Cut-off of main energy source	
			Residual-pile monitoring systems	
			Unobserved unguarded hazard zones	
			Increased control system requirements for hand-fed machines	
	5.11	Frann	omics and labelling of indicators and actuators	75 76
		_		
6	Veri	fication (of the safety requirements and/or protective/risk reduction measures	76
7	Sign	als and v	warning devices	80
,	7.1		al	
	7.1		le warning system	
	7.4	7.2.1		
		7.2.1	Warning period	
		7.2.3	Permissive period	
		7.2.4	Optional personnel warning lights with audible alarm	82
		7.2.5	Optional personnel warning lights for automatic set-up operations	83
		7.2.6	Optional personnel warning lights for auxiliary equipment having armed	0.0
	= 0		status	83
	7.3	Area-li	ight warning system	83
8	Info	rmation	for use	84
_	8.1		signs	
	8.2		ic requirements for machine markings.43-12	
	http	8 2 1 1	Markings and signs/labels 48.8887.145b05.14ff3-4fab-b1df-a45.1ec31.9708.	18084
		8.2.2	Additional requirements for pile lifting and lowering devices, pile turners	0 1
		0.2.2	and reel turners	84
		8.2.3	Machinery fitted with laser equipment	84
		8.2.4	Machinery with UV radiation emission	
		8.2.5	Machines having hot parts	
		8.2.6	Feeding belt	
	8.3		nts of instruction handbook	
	0.3	8.3.1		
		8.3.2	Machines using combustible liquids	
		8.3.3	Machines with cutting knives.	
		8.3.4	Handling heavy machine parts.	
		8.3.5	Machines with automatic paper loading	
		8.3.6	Residual risks using ESPDs	
		8.3.7	Pile turners and reel turners	
		8.3.8	Pile carriers	87
		8.3.9	Residual risk for hold-to-run speeds of above 10 m/min under two-hand	0=
		0.0.10	control	
			Use of stroboscopes	
			Reel rewinding unit with contact/pressure roller	
		8.3.12	Machines with doctor blades	88
Ann	ex A Inc	ormative`) Area-light warning system	89
Ann	ex B (in	tormativ	ve) List of significant hazards	92
Ann	ex C (in	formativ	re) Risk analysis relating to the pitch angle of access stairs	96
			S	98
AIIII	ex D III	บบบบปลนโง	ve) Noise	ฯถ

Annex E (informative) Example layout of instruction handbooks	100
Annex F (normative) Occurrence of a hazardous explosive atmosphere	102
Annex G (informative) Relationship between zones and equipment to be used	105
Bibliography	108

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ISO/FDIS 12643-1.2
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/7145b051-4ff3-4fab-b1df-a451ec319708/iso-fdis-12643-1-2

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 130, *Graphic technology*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 198, *Printing and paper machinery* — *Safety*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 12643-1:2009), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- in <u>5.3.2</u>, the requirements for guards (fixed guards with hinges, inclusion of examples of fastening devices, e.g. rotary clamping closures, adaptation to ISO 13857:2019) have been revised;
- former 6.5.5 (interlocking with guard locking) has been deleted (related machine-specific requirements are provided in the subsequent parts of ISO 12643 series);
- in <u>5.3.6</u>, the requirements for hold-to-run controls have been revised;
- in <u>5.3.8</u>, the requirements for reel unwinding devices, rewinding devices and reel transport systems have been revised (monitoring of the chucking cones, adaptation of the requirements to smaller machinery, monitoring of the circumferential speed with regard to overwinding, area protection, protective devices at rewinding devices with manual or automatic reel change);
- in 5.3.10, the requirements for pile carrier movements at feeders and deliveries have been revised;
- in <u>5.4.2</u>, the requirements for explosion and fire protection have been revised;
- in <u>5.4.8.2</u>, the requirements for UV radiation to the cited EN 12198-1:2000 have been adapted: no distinction between UVA and UVB/UVC anymore, reference to effective UV radiation;

- a new subclause (5.4.10) about doctor blades has been added;
- in <u>5.7.2</u>, information that touch sensitive control devices shall not be used for initiating safety functions has been clarified;
- in <u>5.7.2.2</u>, colours for controls have been adapted;
- in 5.7.2.4.1.2, the comprehensive requirements for emergency stop devices have been replaced by reference to IEC 60204-1:2016/AMD 1:2021 and ISO 13850:2015 (references to safety functions of IEC 61800-5-2, e.g. STO);
- in <u>5.7.6</u>, the requirements of ESPDs to IEC 61496-1:2020 and IEC 61496-2:2020 has been adapted; likewise, the heights of the light beams for a 3-beam solution have been adapted;
- in <u>5.8</u>, the requirements to fixed and portable control station have been adapted;
- in <u>5.10</u>, the requirements for control systems has been revised:
 - the term "irreversible injuries" has been introduced;
 - an overview table of the performance levels defined in the document has been inserted;
- in <u>Clause 6</u>, detailed listings of the validation methods for all safeguarding measures has been added;
- in <u>8.3.1</u>, the requirements for instruction handbook with regard to noise emission values and hearing protection have been amended;
- Annex A has been revised and has been converted to a normative annex;
- the list of significant hazards has been moved to Annex B;
- the noise comparison values in <u>Annex D</u> has been added;
- a normative Annex F on occurrence of a hazardous explosive atmosphere has been added;
- an informative Annex G on the relationship between protection zones against explosion and equipment to be used has been added.

A list of all parts in the ISO 12643 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document is a type-C standard as stated in ISO 12100.

This document is of relevance, in particular, for the following stakeholder groups representing the market players with regard to machinery safety:

- machine manufacturers (small, medium and large enterprises);
- health and safety bodies (regulators, accident prevention organisations, market surveillance, etc.)

Others can be affected by the level of machinery safety achieved with the means of the document by the above-mentioned stakeholder groups:

- machine users/employers (small, medium and large enterprises);
- machine users/employees (e.g. trade unions, organizations for people with special needs);
- service providers, e. g. for maintenance (small, medium and large enterprises);
- consumers (in case of machinery intended for use by consumers).

The above-mentioned stakeholder groups have been given the possibility to participate at the drafting process of this document.

The machinery concerned and the extent to which hazards, hazardous situations or hazardous events are covered are indicated in the Scope and in <u>Clause 5</u> of this document.

When requirements of this type-C standard are different from those which are stated in type-A or B standards, the requirements of this type-C standard take precedence over the requirements of the other standards for machines that have been designed and built according to the requirements of this type-C standard.

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This document was developed to harmonize the requirements of the following U.S. and European safety standards:

- EN 1010-1:2004+A1:2010;
- EN 1010-2:2006+A1:2010;
- EN 1010-3:2002+A1:2009;
- EN 1010-4:2004+A1:2009;
- EN 1010-5:2005;
- ANSI B65-1:2011;
- ANSI B65-2:2011;
- ANSI B65-3:2011;
- ANSI B65-5:2011.

Requirements specific to prepress and press equipment and systems, binding and finishing equipment and systems, converting equipment and systems, corrugated board manufacturing equipment and systems and stand-alone platen presses that are not included in this document, are given in subsequent parts of ISO 12643 that contain additional requirements specific to that type of equipment.

Graphic technology — Safety requirements for graphic technology equipment and systems —

Part 1:

General requirements

1 Scope

This document provides safety specifications for the design and construction of new equipment used in prepress systems, printing press systems, binding and finishing systems, converting systems, corrugated board manufacturing systems and stand-alone platen presses. It is applicable to equipment used in stand-alone mode, or in combination with other machines, including ancillary equipment, in which all the machine actuators (e.g. drives) of the equipment are controlled by the same control system.

The requirements given in this document are applicable to the equipment covered by ISO 12643 (all parts), unless otherwise noted. This document is intended to be used in conjunction with the applicable part of ISO 12643 that contains additional requirements specific to a particular type of equipment.

This document addresses recognized significant hazards specific to equipment and systems in the following areas:

- mechanical;
 electrical;
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 ergonomics;
 noise;
- fire and explosion;

UV and laser radiation;

- thermal;
- substances and material used for processing;
- failure, malfunction of control system;
- other types of emissions [e.g. ozone, ink mist, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), etc.].

This document is not applicable to:

- equipment manufactured before the date of its publication;
- ordinary office equipment for digital printing and paper processing, such as digital printers, copiers, sorters, binders and staplers, which is intended for use outside the printing and paper industry;
- winder-slitters and sheeters in paper finishing (sheeters with unwinders);
- office-type collating machines equipped with friction feeders;
- mail processing machines;

- machines used for filling packages (such as machines for shaping, filling, and closing the package);
 and
- textile printing presses.

The safety principles established in this document can also be applicable to the design of equipment within areas of technology that are not specified in ISO 12643 (all parts).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3691-4:2020, Industrial trucks — Safety requirements and verification — Part 4: Driverless industrial trucks and their systems

ISO 3864-1:2011, Graphical symbols — Safety colours and safety signs — Part 1: Design principles for safety signs and safety markings

ISO 3864-2:2016, Graphical symbols — Safety colours and safety signs — Part 2: Design principles for product safety labels

ISO 3864-3:2012, Graphical symbols — Safety colours and safety signs — Part 3: Design principles for graphical symbols for use in safety signs

ISO 4413:2010, Hydraulic fluid power — General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components

ISO 4414:2010, Pneumatic fluid power — General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components

ISO 7010:2019, Graphical symbols — Safety colours and safety signs — Registered safety signs

ISO 7731:2003, Ergonomics — Danger signals for public and work areas — Auditory danger signals

ISO 11553-1:2020, Safety of machinery — Laser processing machines — Part 1: Laser safety requirements

ISO/TR 11688-1:1995, Acoustics — Recommended practice for the design of low-noise machinery and equipment — Part 1: Planning

ISO 11689:1996, Acoustics — Procedure for the comparison of noise-emission data for machinery and equipment

ISO 12100:2010, Safety of machinery — General principles for design — Risk assessment and risk reduction

ISO 13732-1:2006, Ergonomics of the thermal environment — Methods for the assessment of human responses to contact with surfaces — Part 1: Hot surfaces

ISO 13849-1:2015, Safety of machinery — Safety-related parts of control systems — Part 1: General principles for design

ISO 13849-2:2012, Safety of machinery — Safety-related parts of control systems — Part 2: Validation

ISO 13850:2015, Safety of machinery — Emergency stop function — Principles for design

ISO 13851:2019, Safety of machinery — Two-hand control devices — Principles for design and selection

ISO 13854:2017, Safety of machinery — Minimum gaps to avoid crushing of parts of the human body

ISO 13855:2010, Safety of machinery — Positioning of safeguards with respect to the approach speeds of parts of the human body

- ISO 13856-1:2013, Safety of machinery Pressure-sensitive protective devices Part 1: General principles for design and testing of pressure-sensitive mats and pressure-sensitive floors
- ISO 13856-2:2013, Safety of machinery Pressure-sensitive protective devices Part 2: General principles for design and testing of pressure-sensitive edges and pressure-sensitive bars
- ISO 13857:2019, Safety of machinery Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by upper and lower limbs
- ISO 14119:2013, Safety of machinery Interlocking devices associated with guards Principles for design and selection
- ISO 14120:2015, Safety of machinery Guards General requirements for the design and construction of fixed and movable guards
- ISO 14122-1:2016, Safety of machinery Permanent means of access to machinery Part 1: Choice of fixed means and general requirements of access
- ISO 14122-2:2016, Safety of machinery Permanent means of access to machinery Part 2: Working platforms and walkways
- ISO 14122-3:2016, Safety of machinery Permanent means of access to machinery Part 3: Stairs, stepladders and guard-rails
- ISO 14122-4:2016, Safety of machinery Permanent means of access to machinery Part 4: Fixed ladders
- ISO 19353:2019, Safety of machinery Fire prevention and fire protection
- IEC 60079-0:2017, Explosive atmospheres Part 0: Equipment General requirements
- IEC 60079-1:2014, Explosive atmospheres Part 1: Equipment protection by flameproof enclosures "d"
- IEC 60079-2:2014, Explosive atmospheres Part 2: Equipment protection by pressurized enclosure "p"
- IEC 60079-5:2015+AMD1:2022, Explosive atmospheres Part 5: Equipment protection by powder filling "q"
- IEC 60079-6:2015+AMD1:2020, Explosive atmospheres Part 6: Equipment protection by liquid immersion "o"
- IEC 60079-7:2015+AMD1:2017, Explosive atmospheres Part 7: Equipment protection by increased safety "e"
- IEC 60079-10-1:2020, Explosive atmospheres Part 10-1: Classification of areas Explosive gas atmospheres
- IEC 60079-10-2:2015, Explosive atmospheres Part 10-2: Classification of areas Combustible dust atmospheres
- IEC 60079-11:2011, Explosive atmospheres Part 11: Equipment protection by intrinsic safety "i"
- IEC 60079-13:2017, Explosive atmospheres Part 13: Equipment protection by pressurized room "p" and artificially ventilated room "v"
- IEC 60079-14:2013, Explosive atmospheres Part 14: Electrical installations design, selection and erection
- IEC 60079-15:2017, Explosive atmospheres Part 15: Equipment protection by type of protection "n"
- IEC 60079-18:2014+AMD1:2017, Explosive atmospheres Part 18: protection by encapsulation "m"
- IEC 60079-25:2020, Explosive atmospheres Part 25: Intrinsically safe electrical systems
- IEC 60079-26:2021, Explosive atmospheres Part 26: Equipment with Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Ga

IEC 60079-28:2015, Explosive atmospheres — Part 28: Protection of equipment and transmission systems using optical radiation

IEC 60079-31:2022, Explosive atmospheres — Part 31: Equipment dust ignition protection by enclosure "t"

IEC 60079-33:2012, Explosive atmospheres — Part 33: Equipment protection by special protection 's'

IEC 60204-1:2016+AMD1:2021, Safety of machinery — Electrical equipment of machines — Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60825-1:2014, Safety of laser products — Part 1: Equipment classification and requirements

IEC 60947-2:2016+COR1:2016+A1:2019, Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear — Part 2: Circuit-breakers

IEC 60947-3:2020, Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear — Part 3: Switches, disconnectors, switch-disconnectors and fuse-combination units

IEC 60947-5-1:2016+COR1:2016, Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear — Part 5-1: Control circuit devices and switching elements — Electromechanical control circuit devices

IEC 60947-5-3:2013, Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear — Part 5-3: Control circuit devices and switching elements — Requirements for proximity devices with defined behaviour under fault conditions (PDDB)

IEC 61010-1:2010+COR:2011+A1:2016, modified+A1:2016/COR1:2019, Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use — Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61310-1:2007, Safety of machinery — Indication, marking and actuation — Part 1: Requirements for visual, acoustic and tactile signals

IEC 61310-2:2007, Safety of machinery — Indication, marking and actuation — Part 2: Requirements for marking

IEC 61310-3:2007, Safety of machinery — Indication, marking and actuation — Part 3: Requirements for the location and operation of actuators

IEC 61496-1:2020, Safety of machinery — Electro-sensitive protective equipment — Part 1: General requirements and tests

IEC 61496-2:2020, Safety of machinery — Electro-sensitive protective equipment — Part 2: Particular requirements for equipment using active opto-electronic protective devices (AOPDs)

IEC 62061:2021, Safety of machinery — Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems

ISO 80079-36:2016, Explosive atmospheres — Part 36: Non-electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres — Basic method and requirements

ISO 80079-37:2016, Explosive atmospheres — Part 37: Non-electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres — Non-electrical type of protection constructional safety "c", control of ignition sources "b", liquid immersion "k"

EN 1127-1:2019, Explosive atmospheres — Explosion prevention and protection — Part 1: Basic concepts and methodology

EN 12198-1:2000+A1:2008, Safety of machinery — Assessment and reduction of risks arising from radiation emitted by machinery — Part 1: General principles

EN 13023:2003+A1:2010, Noise measurement methods for printing, paper converting, paper making machines and auxiliary equipment — Accuracy grades 2 and 3

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 13849-1:2015, ISO 12100:2010 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

actuator

part of a device to which an external action is to be applied

Note 1 to entry: The actuator can take the form of a handle, knob, pushbutton, roller, plunger, trip wire, pressure-sensitive mat, etc.

Note 2 to entry: There are some actuating means that do not require an external actuating force, but only an action; e.g. light beams. Such actuating means are not considered to be actuators.

Note 3 to entry: See also the definition for *machine actuator* (3.35)

3.2

armed condition

machine status in which machine motion can be automatically initiated

Note 1 to entry: Zero speed (3.87) is considered to be an armed condition.

3.3

audible alarm

horn, bell or other distinctive audible warning device that sounds to indicate impending machine motion ISO/FDIS 12643-1.2

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3.4

auxiliary device

mechanism or machine, either built-in or attached, used for the production process

- continuous flow drying devices,
- pre-melter on a binder,
- gluers,
- perforating units,
- die cutters,
- numbering devices,
- imprinters,
- registration systems,
- prefolder,
- prefeeder,
- breakers (i.e. blank sheet separator), etc.

3.5

barrier guard

guard (3.24) that reduces or prevents physical access to a hazard zone by closing off access to an area containing one or more hazards

EXAMPLE A perimeter fence or tunnel guard.

3.6

binding and finishing system

combination of machines functioning in an integrated configuration to turn an incomplete printed product into a finished product by means of one or more processes, such as cutting, folding, binding, stitching, gluing, wrapping, etc.

3.7

bypass

temporary, time-limited suppression of one or more *safety functions* (3.64) through the use of safety-relevant parts of a control system

3.8

chucking cones

rotating parts of shaftless winding and unwinding devices, which are inserted into the ends of the core of the roll and enable the winding or unwinding of the roll of material

3.9

contact/pressure roller

<reel rewinding devices> driven or non-driven roller that is in contact with the material reel and is
used to guide and ensure the winding hardness of the flat web that is to be rewound

3.10

continuous run

machine motion at a sustained speed until changed by the operator

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control station

assembly of one or more control actuators that initiates or stops machine movement or potential of machine movement [torque at zero speed (3.87)], or places the machine in the armed condition (3.2)

3.12

control zone

control configuration of single or multiple machine motions using the same control devices

3.13

doctor blade

blade that wipes the excess (surface) ink from a gravure cylinder or anilox roller before printing or the excess coating from a cylinder during finishing operations

[SOURCE: ISO 12637-3:2009, 32]

3.14

drive

mechanism, divided into the following two general categories, which causes a machine or any of its elements to move:

- drives with no stored energy, such as direct-motor drives;
- drives having stored energy, such as motor-flywheel-clutch drives and hydraulic-pneumatic drives

3.15

electrical hazard

source of potential injury or death from electric shock or burn

3.16

electro-sensitive protective device

ESPD

assembly of devices and/or components working together for protective tripping or presence-sensing purposes (person, part of person, object) using non-contact detection means

Note 1 to entry: Light curtain, light beam, ultrasonic proximity sensor, vision-based protective devices, scanner, etc.

3.17

emergency stop command

change of signal state, the direct result of actuation of an emergency stop device (3.18)

3.18

emergency stop device

manually actuated control device used to initiate an emergency stop function (3.19)

[SOURCE: ISO 13850:2015, 3.3]

3.19

emergency stop function

safety function (3.64) initiated by a mechanism actuated by a single human motion and intended to halt machine activity in order to avoid injury to persons, damage to machinery or damage to work in progress

3.20

emergency stop pushbutton

emergency stop device (3.18) comprising an extended mushroom-head or palm-type actuator, positive opening contact element(s) and an engagement or latching-in feature

3.21

explosive atmosphere

<u>1SO/FDIS 12643-1.2</u>

mixture with air, under atmospheric conditions, of *combustible* (3.89) substances in the form of gas, vapour, or dust which, after ignition, permits self-sustaining propagation

[SOURCE: IEC 60079-0:2017, 3.38, modified — "flammable" substituted by "combustible".]

3.22

exposing device

machinery used for creating images by exposing photo-sensitive material such as printing plates or printing formes

3.23

fixed guard

guard (3.24) that is securely affixed by fasteners that require a tool(s) to remove in order to gain access to an area with a *significant hazard* (3.68)

3.24

guard

physical barrier that restricts access to a significant hazard (3.68)

3.25

hazardous area

<explosive atmospheres> area in which an *explosive atmosphere* (3.21) is present, or can be expected to be present, in quantities such that special precautions for the construction, installation and use of equipment are required

Note 1 to entry: IEC 60079-10-1:2020 gives a classification of hazardous areas containing explosive gas atmospheres.

Note 2 to entry: IEC 60079-10-2:2015 gives a classification of hazardous areas containing explosive dust atmospheres.