# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 2162-2

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# Technical product documentation — Springs —

## iTeh SPart 2DARD PREVIEW

Rresentation of data for cylindrical helical compression springs

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/81984451-8d29-40bf-b3fa-

Documentation technique de produits — Ressorts —

Partie 2: Présentation des données techniques des ressorts cylindriques de compression



### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member VIEW bodies casting a vote.

(standards.iteh.ai)

International Standard ISO 2162-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 10, Technical drawings, product definition and related documentation, Sub-CommitteendarSCi6nai/Mechanicalds/sengineeringsd29-40bf-b3fadocumentation.

ISO 2162 consists of the following parts under the general title *Technical product documentation* — *Springs*:

- Part 1: Simplified representation
- Part 2: Presentation of data for cylindrical helical compression springs
- Part 3: Vocabulary

Annexes A and B of this part of ISO 2162 are for information only.

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## Technical product documentation — Springs —

## Part 2:

# Presentation of data for cylindrical helical compression springs

## Scope

This part of ISO 2162 establishes a uniform system for the presentation of technical data and for the representation of cylindrical helical compression springs to be used in technical product document RI5. P General EW tation intended for e.g. tender and/or order (standards.iThe data presented shall comprise drawings.

Normative references

## 4 Letter symbols

See table 1.

### 5 Presentation of data

2:1993 and on the type of finish to ends; and https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/si

The following standards contain provisions 5 which iso-21 through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 2162. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision and parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 2162 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid

ISO 2162-1:1993. Technical product documentation — Springs — Part 1: Simplified representation.

ISO 2162-3:1993, Technical product documentation — Springs — Part 3: Vocabulary.

### 3 **Definitions**

International Standards.

For the purposes of this part of ISO 2162, the definitions given in ISO 2162-3 apply.

b) design and manufacturing data.

a) graphical representation, information on action

## 5.2 Representation, data on the spring action and indication of the type of spring ends

Graphical representation of the spring shall be in accordance with ISO 2162-1.

Data on the spring action shall be indicated preferably by means of a load deflection chart (or graph) showing the predominant requirements necessary for the functioning of the spring together with any additional requirements.

The type of spring ends shall be indicated in accordance with table 2.

### 5.3 Technical data list

The technical data list presented shall include all information necessary for the manufacture of the springs. Possibilities for the adaptation of a certain spring to given requirements during manufacture shall be specified.

In particular, for springs working on a rod the minimum inside diameter of the coil shall be stated, and for springs working in a cylinder the maximum outside diameter of the coil shall be stated.

To aid economy in manufacture, tolerances on sizes should not be unnecessarily restrictive.

An example of a preprinted data list is given in annex A. This form provides a uniform scheme for the presentation and indication of data on helical compression springs, regardless of the method of data entry. It should be used for enquiries, offers and orders for this type of spring.

Table 1 — Spring design parameters and letter symbols

No.	Parameter	Unit	Letter symbol (Formula)
1	outside (external) diameter of spring	mm	$D_{\mathbf{e}}$
2	enlargement of outside diameter of spring when loaded	mm	$\Delta D_{f e}$
3	inside diameter of spring	mm	$D_{i}$
4	mean diameter of coil	mm	$D\left(=\frac{D_{e} + D_{i}}{2}\right)$
5	diameter of wire (or bar)	mm	d
6	maximum outside diameter of wire (or bar) DARI	) PREVIE	$d_{max}$
7	modulus of elasticity (or Young modulus)	N/mm <sup>2</sup> or MPa	E
8.1	load cycle frequency  https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/s	993 Hz or s <sup>-1</sup>	f Dbf_b3fg_
8.2	natural frequency (both ends fixed) 9d54055a50f1/iso-21	0001701101 00007 1	$f_{e}$
9	spring load for the spring lengths $L_1, L_2, L_3,, L_n$ (at ambient temperature of 20 °C)	N	$F_1, F_2, F_3,, F_n$
10	spring load for the minimum test length $L_n$	N	$F_n$
11	theoretical spring load at solid length $L_{ m c}$	N	$F_{cth}$
12	spring load at temperatures other than 20 °C, e.g. spring load $F_{\rm 2}$ at 0 °C	N	F <sub>2/0</sub>
13	modulus of rigidity	N/mm² or MPa	G
14	stress correction factor depending on $D/d$		k
15	free length	mm	$I_{0}$
16	spring length for the loads $F_1, F_2, F_3,, F_n$	mm	$L_1, L_2, L_3,, L_n$

No.	Parameter	Unit	Letter symbol (Formula)	
17	minimum acceptable test length for $F_n$	$L_n$		
18	solid length	mm	$L_{ m c}$	
19	active coils		n	
20	total number of coils		$n_{t}$	
21	static axial spring rate	N/mm	$R_{\mathbf{s}}$	
22	static transverse spring rate	N/mm	$R_{tr}$	
23	lateral deflection force at defined axial force	N	φC	
24	deflection of spring (stroke) between two loads	mm	s₁	
25	torsion stress for $F_1, F_2, F_3,, F_n$	N/mm²	$\tau_1, \tau_2,, \tau_n$	
26	torsion stress for $L_c$	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	$ au_{ extsf{c}}$	
27	torsion stress range (corrected) for $F_1, F_2, F_3,, F_n$	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	$\tau_{k1}, \tau_{k2},, \tau_{kn}$	
28	torsion stress (corrected) for a given stroke s <sub>h</sub>	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	$ au_{kh}$	
29	working temperature (minimum/maximum) indards/sist/819	)84451-8 <b>℃</b> 9-40bf-b3	Bfa- T	
30	9d54055a50fl/iso-2162-2- static axial flexibility	(N/mm) <sup>-1</sup>	1/R <sub>s</sub>	
31	static transverse flexibility	(N/mm) <sup>-1</sup>	1/R <sub>t</sub>	
32	working or test duration (during relaxation tests)	h	t	
33	(required) total number of cycles up to rupture	_	N	
34	permissible relaxation at defined initial stress (normally $ au_2$ ), temperature and duration	N/mm²	δF	

Table 2 — Types of spring ends

Form	Execution	View		
А	open, not ground			
В	closed, not ground			
С	open, ground			
D	IS	lards.it (1721)		
E	closed, pigtail ends 9d54055	a50fl/iso-2162-2-1993		
F	closed and bent to the centre			

NOTE — The views show a right-hand (RH) spring. However, the same types of ends apply equally for left-hand (LH) springs.

# Annex A (informative)

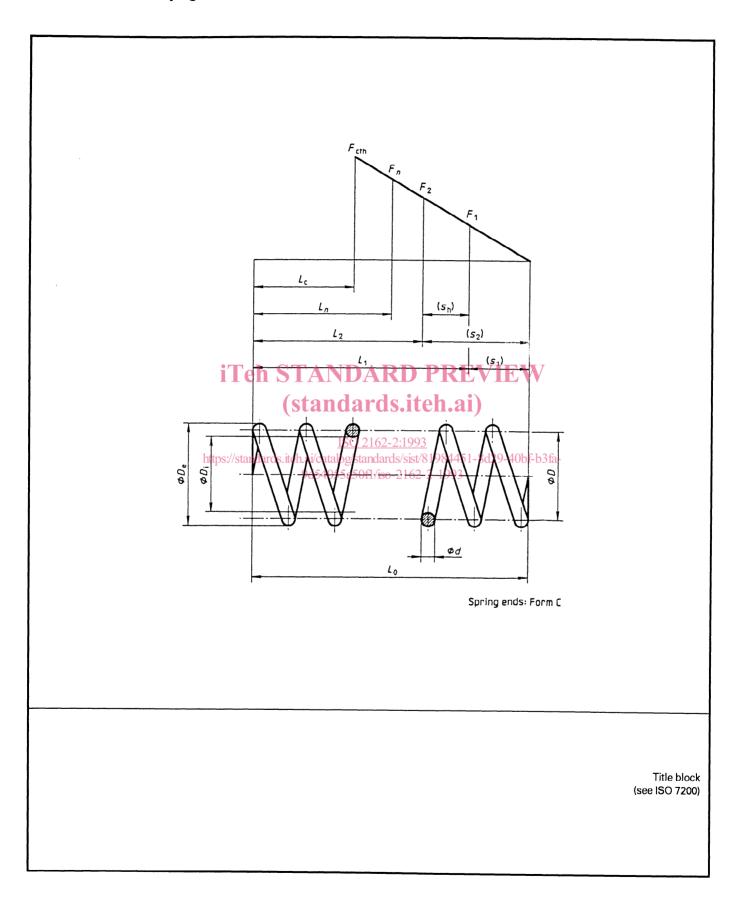
## Example of the presentation of a preprinted data set for a spring

NOTE 1 The actual size of data sheets is A4, in accordance with ISO 5457.

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ISO 2162-2:1993 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/81984451-8d29-40bf-b3fa-9d54055a50f1/iso-2162-2-1993

## A.1 Front side, or page 1



## A.2 Overleaf, or page 2

$egin{array}{l} d & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $	± ±	. mm . mm . — . — . mm	$F_1$ $L_1$ $ au_1$ $ au_{k1}$ $F_2$ $L_2$ $ au_2$ $ au_{k2}$ $F_n$ $L_n$	±	mm  N/mm²  N/mm²  N/mm²  N  N  M  M  N/mm²  N/mm²  N/mm²  N/mm²  N/mm²	$s_h$ $ au_{kh}$ $k$ $N$ $\delta F$ $f_e$ $R_s$ $t$ $T^{(1)}$	>	mm  N/mm²   N/mm²  N/mm²  N/mm²  N/mm²  Hz  N/mm  h
			$\tau_n$ $\tau_{kn}$		· 2			
Direction of helix  LH  RHTeh		STAN		D PR Given	Adaptation requirements	of the spring	Permissible deviations <sup>3)</sup>	
Load cycle frequency, $f$ dy dy			ne unlimited) ] <del>ls.itch.ai/catak</del>	ISO 2162-2	One load $F_1$ ,  Corresponding length $L_1$ and spring rate $R_s$ (sist/81984451-8d29-40bf-b3fa-			$L_0, d, n_{\rm t}$
E : Surface condition draw rolls		1	9d54055;N/mm²o		Two loads $F_1/F_2$ and corresponding lengths $L_1/L_2$			$L_0, d, n_1$
		shot-peening free of burr — inside	f burr ide	Length of the unpreset spring and spring rate $R_{ m s}$		d,n <sub>t</sub>		
Protective surface coating				One load $F_1$ and the load of the preset spring			L <sub>0</sub>	
Degree of presetting, or presetting load				One load $F_1$ , the length of the preset spring and the length of the unpreset spring $L_0$			$n_{t, d}$ or $n_{t, D_{e, D_i}}$	
Further det	tails, e.g. on surface o	i conditions or t	olerances	<b>.</b>				1
2) O Mark	m/maximum. where applicable. ed parameters may b	oe altered in or	der to meet the	e given requi	irements.			