INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4250-2

Sixth edition 2017-08

Earth-mover tyres and rims — Part 2: **Loads and inflation pressures**

Pneumatiques et jantes pour engins de terrassement — Partie 2: Charges et pressions de gonflage

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. (standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 31, *Tyres, rims and valves*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Off-the-road tyres and rims*.

ISO 4250-2:2017

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This sixth edition cancels and replaces the Tifth edition (150) 4250-2:2014), which has been technically revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO 4250 series can be found on the ISO website.

Earth-mover tyres and rims —

Part 2:

Loads and inflation pressures

1 Scope

The ISO 4250 series consists of three parts laying down the technical designation and dimensions of tyres and rims for earth-movers; it also gives load tables for these tyres.

This document gives working definitions of masses and load cycles and specifies tyre loads and reference inflation pressures for narrow- and wide-base tyres primarily intended for earth-mover machines.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

 $ISO\ 4223-1, Definitions\ of\ some\ terms\ used\ in\ the\ tyre\ industry\ {\color{blue} \frown}\ Part\ 1:\ Pneumatic\ tyres$

3 Terms and definitions

ISO 4250-2:2017

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For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 4223-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

NOTE For a list of equivalent terms for tyres, valves and tubes, see ISO 3877-1.

3.1 Definitions of masses

3.1.1

maximum load

load of individual tyres determined by the manufacturer's rated gross machine mass (GMM) distribution assigned to each axle, divided by the number of tyres for that axle

Note 1 to entry: The maximum GMM includes masses calculated in 3.1.1.1 to 3.1.1.5 inclusive.

Note 2 to entry: If tyre ballast is used, this is also included in the determination of GMM.

3.1.1.1

operating mass

net weight

actual mass of the base machine with equipment specified by the manufacturer, operator (75 kg), full fuel tank and full lubricating, hydraulic and cooling systems

3.1.1.2

optional equipment mass

difference in operating mass (3.1.1.1) between the optional item and standard item replaced

Engine, brakes, tyres, etc.

Note 1 to entry: This includes the operating mass of additional items offered by the manufacturer which are not replacements for standard items (such as cabs, body-liners, sideboards, air-conditioners, etc.)

3.1.1.3

mass of special modifications

difference in the *operating mass* (3.1.1.1) of the machine due to modifications not previously covered in optional equipment mass (3.1.1.2) that includes additional reinforcements, etc.

3.1.1.4

payload

total mass of the material being carried

3.1.1.5

field modification

operating mass change due to machine alterations made other than by the original manufacturer

EXAMPLE Modifications for additional capacity, reinforcements, etc.

Definitions of operating conditions 3.2

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW 3.2.1

maximum speed

peak velocity attained by the machine (standards.iteh.ai)

3.2.2 ISO 4250-2:2017

earth-moving haulage cycle://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/47770db8-5853-46cb-a034-

cycle where a machine self-loads or receives a load from loading equipment, transports it elsewhere and returns unloaded

Note 1 to entry: Transportation usually occurs over unimproved surfaces at medium speeds, up to 65 km/h and short distances, up to 4 km one way.

Note 2 to entry: Machines in this category are mainly haulage trucks (dumpers) and tractor-scrapers.

3.2.3

loader cycle

cycle where the machine is used to pick up material and move it a short distance away

Note 1 to entry: Tyre loads fluctuate depending on the conditions involved when the equipment picks up the load.

Note 2 to entry: Transportation speeds are low, up to 10 km/h and distances are short, usually less than 75 m one way.

3.2.4

load-carry cycle

cycle where the machine, primarily intended for loader service, picks up a load, transports it elsewhere and returns unloaded

Note 1 to entry: Transportation usually occurs over unimproved surfaces at low speeds, up to 25 km/h, and short distances, up to 600 m.

Note 2 to entry: Machines in this category consist mainly of wheel loaders, log stackers and material-handling equipment.

Note 3 to entry: Tyre manufacturers should be consulted for specific conditions.

3.2.5

dozer cycle

<tractor> condition where a machine is used to move materials (usually earth) by pushing, dragging or grading

Note 1 to entry: Tyre loads are relatively constant and speeds are low, up to 10 km/h.

Note 2 to entry: Travel distances vary depending on work situations.

3.2.6

grader cycle

condition where a machine is used in construction and road maintenance

Note 1 to entry: Tyre loads are relatively constant during work cycles.

Note 2 to entry: Grader speeds are slower during working periods, with typical transportation speeds reaching about $40 \, \mathrm{km/h}$.

Note 3 to entry: Travel distances vary depending on the work situations.

3.2.7

creep

movement of equipment at a very low speed

Note 1 to entry: Speed is commonly not over 120 m in 60 min.

Note 2 to entry: During creep motion, loads on the tyres are usually very high and consideration needs to be given to the type of surface over which the equipment is travelling.

Note 3 to entry: Tyre manufacturers should be consulted for specific conditions.

3.2.8

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drive-away

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movement of a machine from one location to another under non-working conditions

Note 1 to entry: This movement occurs during transportation of a machine from site to site.

Note 2 to entry: Tyre manufacturers should be consulted for specific conditions.

Note 3 to entry: Load/speed/distance tables in this document do not apply to drive-away conditions.

3.3 Vehicle type

3.3.1

industrial vehicle

vehicles including counterbalanced lift trucks, container handlers, straddle carriers, aircraft tow tractors, mobile crushers, log stackers

4 Special conditions

For longer hauls and/or speeds in excess of those indicated in <u>Tables 1</u> to <u>21</u>, tyre manufacturers should be consulted for instructions regarding permissible loads and the required inflation pressures.

5 Selection of tyres for new machine design

Selection of size and strength index of the tyre used on each axle shall be based on the highest individual wheel load as determined by gross machine mass (GMM) distribution, including load transfer and the machine application.

Maximum load per tyre shall not be greater than that specified in the applicable tables.

The performance of machines fitted with earth-mover tyres depends on the operating conditions and more particularly on the specific ground pressure which is governed by the inflation pressure. It is therefore advisable to select tyre size on the basis of low inflation pressure.

6 Inflation pressures

- **6.1** Tyres covered by this document that have a reference speed A2, 10km/h shall not exceed a cold inflation pressure of 1 000 kPa. All other tyres cold inflation pressure shall not exceed 800 kPa. Rim and wheel manufacturers shall be consulted to determine if the rim and wheel are of sufficient strength for the intended service conditions.
- **6.2** Inflation pressures shown in the load/inflation tables are reference cold inflation pressures and do not include any pressure build-up due to vehicle operation. In practice, the tyre inflation pressure recommended by the different tyre manufacturers can vary according to the reference cold inflation pressure.
- **6.3** In agreement with tyre manufacturers, inflation pressures can be adjusted to compensate for extreme atmospheric temperature or special vehicle operating conditions.

7 Load/inflation tables

Load/inflation relations for diagonal ply rating tyres are given in Tables 1 to 9; those for symbol-marked radial tyres are given in Tables 10 to 20.

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8 Load capacities for earth-mover tyres on industrial vehicles

For industrial application, it is recommended to use specific tyres designed for this purpose.

If tyres designed for earth-mover application are used, a formal approval from the tyre and wheel manufacturers is required as not all the earth-mover tyres can be used in such conditions.

Load capacities for earth-mover tyres on industrial vehicles are given in Table 21.

Table 1 — Diagonal ply rating marked narrow base tyres for earth-moving slow speed service, reference speed A2, 10 km/h (loaded conditions)

Tyre size designation	Ply rating	Load index	Load ^{a,b} kg	Inflation pressure ^b kPa
	14	164	5 000	600
12.00 20	16	167	5 450	700
12.00—20	20	171	6 150	825
	24	175	6 900	1 000
	8	156	4 000	325
12.00—24	14	168	5 600	575
and	16	171	6 150	675
12.00—25	18	173	6 500	750
	20	175	6 900	825

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ $\,$ For stationary service conditions, the loads in this table may be increased up to 60 % with no increase in inflation pressure.

For special equipment with a high centre of gravity, consult the tyre manufacturer.

 Table 1 (continued)

Tyre size designation	Ply rating	Load index	Load a,b kg	Inflation pressure b kPa
	8	159	4 375	300
13.00—24	12	168	5 600	450
and	18	176	7 100	675
13.00—25	20	178	7 500	750
	22	180	8 000	825
14.00 20	20	178	7 500	700
14.00—20	24	182	8 500	850
	8	163	4 875	275
	10	168	5 600	350
14.00—24	12	172	6 300	425
and	16	177	7 300	550
14.00—25	20	182	8 500	700
	24	186	9 500	850
	28	188	10 000	925
	20	183	8 750	550
16.00—21	24	187	9 750	650
	iTel28STA	ND190RD	PRF10'600 W	775
	12 (242	176	7 100	325
	16 (Sta	1144 ₁₈₁ 18.11	8 250	425
16.00—24	20	187	9 750	550
and h	nttps://standards.iteh.ai/ca	190 talog/standards/sist/4	17770db8-3853-46cb-a034-	650
16.00—25	28 0786			750
	32	196	12 500	875
	36	199	13 600	975
	12	181	8 250	275
	16	188	10 000	375
18.00—24	20	193	11 500	475
	24	196	12 500	550
and	28	199	13 600	650
18.00—25	32	202	15 000	750
	36	204	16 000	850
	40	206	17 000	950
	28	204	16 000	650
18.00—33	32	207	17 500	750
	36	209	18 500	850
	24	209	18 500	550
18.00—49	28	212	20 000	650
	32	215	21 800	750

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ For stationary service conditions, the loads in this table may be increased up to 60 % with no increase in inflation pressure.

For special equipment with a high centre of gravity, consult the tyre manufacturer.

 Table 1 (continued)

Tyre size designation	Ply rating	Load index	Load ^{a,b} kg	Inflation pressure b kPa
21.00—24	16	194	11 800	325
and	20	198	13 200	400
	24	202	15 000	500
21.00—25	28	205	16 500	575
	28	211	19 500	575
	32	214	21 200	650
21.00—35	36	217	23 000	750
	40	219	24 300	825
	44	220	25 000	900
	28	218	23 600	575
	32	220	25 000	650
21.00—49	36	223	27 250	750
	40	225	29 000	825
	44	227	30 750	900
24.00—25	24	208	18 000	425
24.00—25	30	212	20 000	525
24.00 20	24Teh	ST 210 DA	RD 19000 V E	425
24.00—29	30	215	21 800	525
	36	(Standar	26 500	650
24.00—35	42	225	29 000	750
24.00—35	https://standard	s.iteh.ai/catalog/stand	ards/sist/47 <mark>3/1,500</mark> ards/sist/473/10008-5853-460	b-a034- 850
	54		iso-4250- 34 (5 00	975
	36	226	30 000	650
24.00—43	42	229	32 500	750
	48	231	34 500	850
	36	229	32 500	650
24.00—49	42	231	34 500	750
	48	234	37 500	850
	24	216	22 400	350
27.00—33	30	221	25 750	450
	36	225	29 000	550
	36	233	36 500	575
27.00—49	42	236	40 000	675
	48	239	43 750	775
	40	240	45 000	575
30.00—51	46	243	48 750	650
	52	246	53 000	750
	42	245	51 500	550
33.00—51	50	248	56 000	650
	58	251	61 500	750

 $^{^{\}mathtt{a}}$ $\,$ For stationary service conditions, the loads in this table may be increased up to 60 % with no increase in inflation pressure.

For special equipment with a high centre of gravity, consult the tyre manufacturer.

Table 1 (continued)

Tyre size designation	Ply rating	Load index	Load a,b kg	Inflation pressure b kPa
	42	249	58 000	500
36.00—51	50	253	65 000	600
	58	256	71 000	675
40.00—57	52	260	80 000	550
	60	263	87 500	650
	68	265	92 500	725

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ $\,$ For stationary service conditions, the loads in this table may be increased up to 60 % with no increase in inflation pressure.

Table 2 — Diagonal ply rating marked narrow-base tyres for earth-moving service for relatively short hauls, reference speed B, 50 km/h

Tyre size designation	Ply rating	Load index	Load a kg	Inflation pressure kPa
12.00—20	14	144	2 800	425
12.00—20	16	146	3 000	475
	8	135	2 180	225
12.00—24	TIEn ₁₄ STAI	$DA_{146}D$	KL 3000 W	375
and	¹⁶ (stan	dar 14 %,ite	h ai) 3 250	450
12.00—25	18	152	3 550	500
	20	<u>ISO 4255</u> 42:2017	3 750	550
ht	ps://standar&s.iteh.ai/cata			200
13.00—24	12 ^{078d2}	a6bd9f9fiso-4250-2	3 000	300
and	18	155	3 875	450
13.00—25	20	156	4 000	500
	22	158	4 250	550
14.00—20	16	153	3 650	375
14.00—20	20	157	4 125	475
	8	141	2 575	175
	10	146	3 000	225
14.00—24	12	150	3 350	275
and	16	156	4 000	375
14.00—25	20	161	4 625	475
	24	165	5 150	575
	28	168	5 600	650
16.00—21	16	159	4 375	325
10.00—21	20	164	5 000	400
a Load adjustment for	r maximum speed 65 kn	n/h: load × 0,85.		

For special equipment with a high centre of gravity, consult the tyre manufacturer.

 Table 2 (continued)

Tyre size designation	Ply rating	Load index	Load ^a kg	Inflation pressure kPa
	12	155	3 875	225
	16	163	4 875	325
16.00—24	20	167	5 450	400
and	24	170	6 000	475
16.00—25	28	174	6 700	575
	32	177	7 300	650
	36	179	7 750	725
	12	162	4 750	200
	16	168	5 600	275
18.00—24	20	173	6 500	350
	24	177	7 300	425
and	28	180	8 000	500
18.00—25	32	183	8 750	575
	36	185	9 250	625
	40	187	9 750	700
	24	182	8 500	425
10.00 22	28 eh	STA 185) A	RD P9250 V R	500
18.00—33	32	188	10 000	575
	36	(Stal ₉₀ art	S.11C ₁₀ 600	625
	24	190	10 600	425
18.00—49	https://standards	.iteh.ai/catalog/standar	ds/sist/47 ¹ 70888-5853-46	cb-a034- 500
	32		0-4250-2 12) 85 0	575
21.00—24	16	175	6 900	250
	20	179	7 750	300
and	24	183	8 750	375
21.00—25	28	186	9 500	425
	28	192	11 200	425
	32	195	12 150	500
21.00—35	36	197	12 850	550
	40	200	14 000	625
	44	201	14 500	675
	28	199	13 600	425
	32	202	15 000	500
21.00—49	36	203	15 500	550
	40	206	17 000	625
	44	207	17 500	675
24.00 25	24	189	10 300	325
24.00—25	30	194	11 800	400
24.00 20	24	192	11 200	325
24.00—29	30	196	12 500	400