

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 2170:1997

01-maj-1997

Žito in stročnice - Vzorčenje mlevskih proizvodov

Cereals and pulses -- Sampling of milled products

Céréales et légumineuses Échantillonnage des produits de mouture

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 2170:1980

SIST ISO 2170:1997

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International Standard



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION•МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ•ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Cereals and pulses — Sampling of milled products

Céréales et légumineuses - Échantillonnage des produits de mouture

Second edition - 1980-02-15

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UDC 633.1/.3:664.7:620.113

Ref. No. ISO 2170-1980 (E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as international Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 2170 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, VIEW Agricultural food products. (standards.iteh.ai)

This second edition was submitted directly to the ISO Council, in accordance with clause 5.10.1 of part 1 of the Directives for the technical work of ISO, th cancels and replaces the first edition (i.e. ISO 2170-1972), which had been approved by the 78b6-4565-965dmember bodies of the following countries: c5eff8636c4b/sist-iso-2170-1997

Australia India Portugal Austria Iran Romania

Canada Ireland South Africa, Rep. of

Chile Israel Spain Czechoslovakia Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of Sri Lanka Egypt, Arab Rep. of Korea, Rep. of Turkey France Netherlands

United Kingdom

Germany, F. R. New Zealand USSR

Poland Hungary

No member body had expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard has been prepared taking into account Standard No. 101 of the International Association of Cereal Chemistry (ICC).

Cereals and pulses — Sampling of milled products

0 Introduction

Correct sampling is an operation that requires most careful attention. Emphasis cannot therefore be too strongly laid on the necessity of obtaining a properly representative sample of milled cereal or pulse. Careless or inaccurate sampling could lead to misunderstanding and unwarranted financial adjustment.

The procedures given in this International Standard are recognized as good practice and it is strongly recommended that they be followed whenever practicable. It is recognized that it is difficult to lay down fixed rules to be followed in every case, and particular circumstances may render some modification of the method desirable, for example if it is desired to check the uniformity of a consignment by the examination of individual increments.

which prescribe rules for the sampling procedures to be used in ls/sist/\$he\text{9}be-78b6-4565-965dcontracts under their auspices. In no case will the methods iso-2170-1997 described in this International Standard override the rules laid down in such contracts, or the rules of official inspecting organizations.

Scope and field of application

This International Standard specifies general conditions relating to the sampling for assessment of quality and condition of milled products from cereals and pulses, intended for human or animal consumption, in powder, particulate or agglomerated form

It does not apply to whole unprocessed cereal grains or pulses, to seed grains or pulses, or to partially milled cereals or pulses which retain the form of the original material¹⁾. Starches and oils obtained from cereals or pulses are also excluded from the scope of this International Standard.

Definitions

For the purpose of this International Standard, the following definitions apply.

- 2.1 consignment: The quantity of product dispatched or received at one time and covered by a particular contract or shipping document. It may be composed of one or more lots.
- **2.2 lot**: A part of a consignment or a consignment with presumed uniform characteristics, to which a given scheme of investigation can be applied.
- 2.3 increment: A small quantity of product taken from a single position in the lot.

A series of increments should be taken from different positions In certain areas there are widely recognized trade associations 170:19 in the lot such that, when bulked, they will be representative of

- - 2.4 bulk sample: The quantity of product formed by combining and mixing the increments taken from a specific lot.
 - 2.5 laboratory sample; final lot sample: The quantity of product removed from the bulk sample and intended for analysis or other examination.

3 General

- 3.1 Samples be taken jointly by sampling shall superintendents appointed by buyers and sellers, or by a sampling superintendent appointed jointly.
- 3.2 Samples shall be fully representative of the lots from which they are taken. Therefore, as the composition of the lot is seldom uniform, a sufficient number of increments shall be

¹⁾ For the sampling of cereals as grain, see ISO 950, Cereals — Sampling (as grain). This method is also suitable for the partially milled cereals mentioned. For the sampling of whole pulses, see ISO 951, Pulses in bags - Sampling. Examples of products which present difficulties in classification are given in annex B.

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taken and carefully mixed, thus giving a bulk sample from which are obtained, by successive divisions, the laboratory samples. If the lot consists of a number of freight containers, samples shall be taken from each freight container.

- 3.3 It is essential that a product which is sea-damaged or otherwise damaged in transit or out of condition is kept separate from the sound product and sampled separately. Samples of the unsound material shall not be mixed with samples of the sound material.
- 3.4 Special care is necessary to ensure that all sampling apparatus is clean, dry and free from foreign odours.

Sampling shall be carried out in such a manner as to protect the samples, the sampling instruments and the containers in which the samples are placed from adventitious contamination such as rain, dust, etc.

Apparatus

Apparatus is required as follows (see figures 1 to 9 for examples).

NOTE - Many different types and variations of apparatus are available. The dimensions given in the figures are included, therefore, solely as a guide.

4.1 Sampling from bulk

Shovels, hand-scoops, cylindrical samplers and apparatus for TISO on the rate of flow. taking increments periodically from a flow of milled production standards/sist/50c9cabe-78b6-4565-965d-

4.2 Sampling from bags

Sack-type spears or triers.

4.3 Mixing and dividing

Shovels and dividing apparatus.

Location of sampling

The location and time of sampling shall be determined by agreement between the parties concerned. Particular requirements applying to loading and discharge are given below.

5.1 Loading

It is important that milled products which are to be dispatched by vessel are sampled during loading, or immediately before, at the place of loading.

5.2 Discharge

When milled products are received from ocean-going vessels or river transport, sampling shall be carried out during discharge from the vessel.

5.3 Sampling from freight containers, tank cars or tank trucks

The sampling of products from freight containers, tank cars or tank trucks shall be carried out at the place of original loading or of final unloading.

Taking of increments

6.1 Increments from products carried in bulk

6.1.1 Carriage by sea or inland waterway

6.1.1.1 Unless otherwise specified in the contract, consignments shall be considered in lots of 500 tonnes1) or such part thereof as constitutes a single consignment or balance.

If the consignment is carried in a number of barges, each barge load shall constitute a lot.

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When sampling takes place while the product is in motion, increments shall be taken at time intervals dependent

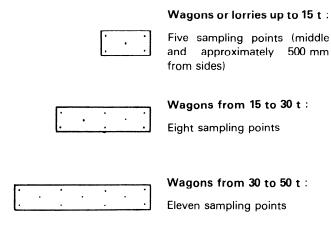
- c5eff8636c4b/si6-1-1-317When7a bulk product is sampled in the hold during loading or discharge, increments shall be taken from as many places as possible, excluding the run, and at intervals determined by the rate of loading or discharge.
 - 6.1.1.4 If sampling takes place from weigh hoppers before weighing, increments shall be taken by means of cylindrical samplers, shovels, or mechanical samplers in accordance with the practice of the port.
 - **6.1.1.5** The procedure for silos or warehouses is necessarily dependent on local conditions.

6.1.2 Carriage by rail or road

- 6.1.2.1 Unless otherwise specified in the contract, each laden wagon or lorry shall be sampled.
- 6.1.2.2 If sampling takes place from laden wagons or lorries, the increments shall be taken throughout the whole depth of

Metric tonnes. 1 t = 1000 kg.

the product by means of a cylindrical sampler inserted vertically at the following points:



If agreed between the buyer and seller, increments may be taken at three levels (top, middle and bottom) instead of through the whole depth of the product.

6.1.2.3 If the type of wagon does not allow samples to be taken in this manner, or by agreement between buyer and

seller, the method of sampling shall be as described in 6.1.1.2.

6.1.3 Carriage in freight containers, tank cars or tank trucks

Increments shall be taken as described in 6-1-2-2 atalog/standards/sist is cagreed between buyer and seller.

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6.2 Increments from products carried in bags or prepacked units

6.2.1 Carriage in bags

Unless otherwise specified in the contract or unless the practice at a port requires otherwise, the consignment shall be considered as a whole and increments shall be taken from different parts of each bag to be sampled (for example, top, middle and bottom) by means of a sack-type spear from the numbers of bags specified in table 1.

Table 1 — Number of bags to be sampled

Number of bags		
in consignment	to be sampled	
Up to 10	Each bag	
10 to 100	10, taken at random	
More than 100	Square root (approximately) of total number, taken according to a suitable sampling scheme ¹⁾	

See, for example, annex A.

When the walls of the bags sampled consist of material which does not permit the holes made by the sampling spear to close up naturally after removal of the spear, the holes shall be patched effectively after the samples have been taken.

6.2.2 Carriage in pre-packed units

Pre-packed units are usually transported in outer cases or cartons containing a convenient number of units.

The procedure applicable to bags, described in 6.2.1, shall be used for determining the appropriate number of outer cases or cartons to be sampled. If the total number of outer cases or cartons in the consignments does not exceed 1 000, only one prepacked unit shall be taken from each of the outer cases or cartons taken for sampling.

Care shall be taken to ensure that a pre-packed unit is taken in a random manner from the entire contents of the outer case or carton taken for sampling. The selection of pre-packed units occupying the same corresponding position in a number of outer cases or cartons shall particularly be avoided.

The pre-packed units taken in this manner shall be considered as increments.

Bulk sample

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The bulk sample shall be formed by combining the increments.

7.1 If the increments are taken from material which is not pre-packed, they shall be well mixed.

7.2 If the bulk sample consists of pre-packed units, the whole SIST ISO 2170:1 shall be forwarded for examination unless a different procedure

Laboratory samples

If the bulk sample is formed by combining increments of material which is not pre-packed, it shall be divided down to the required number of laboratory samples by use of the apparatus mentioned in clause 4. The number of laboratory samples to be taken for analysis and arbitration shall be specified in the contract or otherwise agreed between buyer and seller.

9 Size of samples

Samples of the sizes given in table 2 are usually suitable if the bulk sample is formed by combining increments of material which is not pre-packed.

Table 2 - Sizes of samples

Lot	Increment max.	Bulk sample max.	Laboratory sample
Up to 500 t	1 kg	100 kg	3 kg

Larger or smaller laboratory samples may be required in some cases, according to the tests to be carried out.

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10 Packaging and labelling of samples

10.1 Packaging of samples

10.1.1 The samples shall be packed in containers made of a material which has no action on the product, for example glass bottles or jars, tins with close-fitting lids, unglazed, unbleached, insewn cotton bags of very close texture, or paper bags.

10.1.2 Samples for the determination of moisture, or for other tests in which it is important to avoid the loss of volatile matter (for example examination for evidence of chemical treatment), shall be packed in air-tight and moisture-tight containers fitted with air-tight closures. The containers shall be completely filled and the closures shall be sealed to prevent loosening or tampering.

10.1.3 The bags and other containers shall carry the seal of each sampler.

10.2 Labels for samples

If paper labels are used for the samples, they shall be of a suitably high quality for the purpose. The eyelet hole of the label should be reinforced. The label shall be sealed to the container holding the sample and shall carry the seal of each sampler; these seals shall be arranged in such a way as to guarantee the inviolability of the sample.

The information on the label shall include such of the following items as are required by the terms of the contract : SIST ISO 2170:1997

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/50c9cabe-78b6-4565-965dintainer c5eff8636c4b/si12iso **Sampling report**

1) Ship, wagon or freight container

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- 2) From
- 3) To
- 4) Date of arrival
- 5) Quantity
- 6) Bulk/Number of bags

- 7) Goods
- 8) Identification mark or Lot No.
- 9) Name of seller
- 10) Name of buyer
- 11) Contract number and date
- 12) Date of sampling
- 13) Date of final discharge
- 14) Place and point of sampling
- 15) Sampled by

The information recorded on the label shall be indelibly marked.

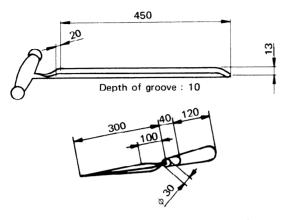
By agreement between seller and buyer, a duplicate label may be included inside the sample container, unless the sample is intended for moisture determination.

11 Dispatch of samples

Samples shall be dispatched as soon as possible, and only in exceptional circumstances more than 48 h after sampling has been completed, non-business days excluded.

If a sampling report is prepared, besides giving the usual information it shall make reference to the condition of the product sampled, including signs of insect, mite or rodent infestation visible in the warehouse, silo or during working the vessel or other carrier. This infestation is not always readily apparent in the sample except on close inspection or sieving. The report shall also refer to the sampling technique applied, if this differs from that described in this International Standard, and all the circumstances that may have influenced sampling.

Dimensions in millimetres



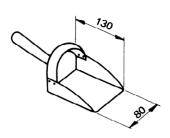


Figure 2 — Hand-scoop

Figure 1 - Sampling spear (open trier)

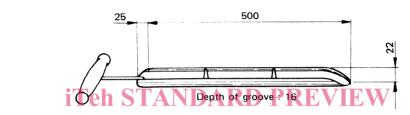
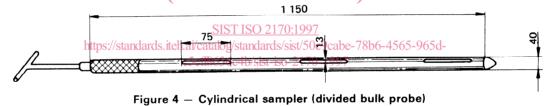


Figure 3 — Divided sampling spear (open trier)



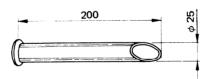


Figure 5 - Running iron (sack-type trier)

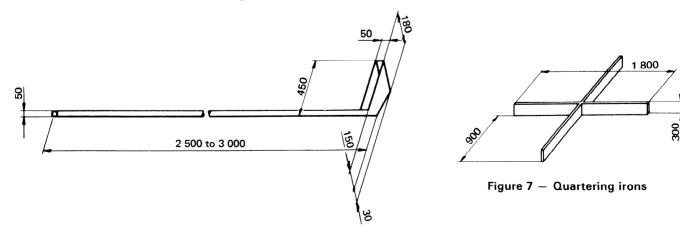


Figure 6 - Falling stream sampler (Pelican type)