

Designation: D6936 - 09

# Standard Test Method for Determining Demulsibility of Emulsified Asphalt<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D6936; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

#### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method, applicable to both anionic and cationic emulsified asphalts of the RS and MS type, measures the chemical breaking of the emulsified asphalt.
- 1.2 This test method does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.
- 1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

D511 Test Methods for Calcium and Magnesium In Water D6934 Test Method for Residue by Evaporation of Emulsified Asphalt

D6997 Test Method for Distillation of Emulsified Asphalt
E11 Specification for Woven Wire Test Sieve Cloth and Test
Sieves

### 3. Significance and Use

3.1 This test method is used to identify or classify an emulsified asphalt as an RS or MS by measuring the amount of available asphalt that is broken from the emulsified asphalt by utilizing specified amounts and concentrations of calcium chloride solution for anionic emulsified asphalts and dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate for cationic emulsified asphalts.

#### 4. Sample Conditioning for Testing

4.1 All emulsified asphalts shall be properly stirred to achieve homogeneity before testing.

- <sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D04 on Road and Paving Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D04.42 on Emulsified Asphalt Test.
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- <sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- 4.2 All emulsified asphalts with viscosity testing requirements of 50°C shall be heated to  $50 \pm 3$ °C in the original sample container in a water bath or oven. The container should be vented to relieve pressure. After the sample reaches  $50 \pm 3$ °C, stir the sample to achieve homogeneity.
- 4.3 Emulsified asphalts with viscosity testing requirements of 25°C should be mixed or stirred at 25  $\pm$  1°C in the original sample container to achieve homogeneity.

Note 1—Emulsified asphalts with viscosity testing requirements of 25°C may be heated and stirred as specified in 4.2, if necessary. In the event the 4.2 method is used, the sample should be cooled to 25  $\pm$  1°C before testing.

## 5. Apparatus and Reagents

- 5.1 *Wire Cloth*—1.40-mm wire cloth that is at least 125 mm square, unframed, and having wire diameters and openings that conform to Specification E11.
- 5.2 *Beaker*—metal beaker or other suitable metal container with a minimum 300-mL capacity.
- 5.3 Stirring Rod—metal rod with rounded ends, approximately 10 mm in diameter.
  - 5.4 Buret—50-mL glass buret graduated in 0.1 mL intervals.
- 5.5 Calcium Chloride Solution (1.11 g/L)—1.11 g of calcium chloride (CaCl<sub>2</sub>) dissolved in distilled or deionized water and diluted to 1 L. The 1.11 g/L calcium chloride solution may be standardized to be a 0.02  $\pm$  0.001 N solution of calcium chloride in water. Although this solution will remain stable, it shall be stored in an airtight container when not in use.
- 5.6 Calcium Chloride Solution (5.55 g/L)—5.55 g of calcium chloride (CaCl<sub>2</sub>) dissolved in distilled or deionized water and diluted to 1 L. The 5.55 g/L calcium chloride solution may be standardized to be a 0.10  $\pm$  0.001 N solution of calcium chloride in water. Although this solution will remain stable, it shall be stored in an airtight container when not in use.

NOTE 2—Test Methods D511 is a method that could be used to standardize the solutions in 5.5 and 5.6.

5.7 Dioctyl Sodium Sulfosuccinate Solution (0.80 %)—8.00 g of dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate dissolved in 992 g of distilled or deionized water. This solution will degrade over time and shall be stored in a cool dark location when not in use, in a dark glass or dark impermeable plastic air-tight container.