

Designation: D2340-03 Designation: D 2340 - 09

Standard Test Method for Peroxides in Styrene Monomer¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D 2340; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (\$\epsilon\$) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This test method covers the determination of the peroxide content of styrene monomer.
- 1.2In determining the conformance of the test results using this method to applicable specifications, results shall be rounded off in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E29
- 1.2 This test method has been found applicable to the determination of peroxides in styrene monomer in the range of 1 to 60 mg/kg.
- 1.3 In determining the conformance of the test results using this method to applicable specifications, results shall be rounded off in accordance with the rounding-off method of Practice E 29.

1.3

- 1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.
- 1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. For specific hazard statements, see Section 7.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:²
- D 1193 Specification for Reagent Water
- D 3437 Practice for Sampling and Handling Liquid Cyclic Products
- D 6809 Guide for Quality Control and Quality Assurance Procedures for Aromatic Hydrocarbons and Related Materials
- E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
- 2.2 Other Documents:
- OSHA Regulations, 29 CFRCFR, paragraphs paragraphs 1910.1000 and 1910.1200³

3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 A specimen of styrene monomer is added to a solution of isopropanol and acetic acid. A saturated solution of sodium iodide in isopropanol is added and the solution refluxed. The peroxides present liberate iodine from sodium iodide quantitatively. The liberated iodine is then titrated with sodium thiosulfate to a colorless end point.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 This test method is suitable for determining the quantity of peroxides in styrene monomer both for quality control and quality assurance of the product.

5. Apparatus

- 5.1 *Erlenmeyer Flasks*, glass-stoppered, 500-mL, equipped with 300-mm Liebig condensers having inner and outer standard taper joints.
 - 5.2 Electric Hot Plate with totally enclosed heating unit.
 - 5.3 Boiling Chips.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D16 on Aromatic Hydrocarbons and Related Chemicals and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D16.07 on Styrene, Ethylbenzene; and C₉ and C₁₀ Aromatic Hydrocarbons.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards Vol 11.01.volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 06.04.

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