# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



2194

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION «МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ «ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

## Wire screens and plate screens for industrial purposes – Nominal sizes of apertures

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Descriptors: apertures, sieve plates, sizing screens, wire cloth.

### **FOREWORD**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 2194 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 24, Sieves, sieving and other sizing methods.

It was approved in July 1971 by the Member Bodies of the following countries:

Australia

India

South Africa, Rep. of

Belgium

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Canada Czechoslovakia Italy

United Kingdom

Egypt, Arab Rep. of

Netherlands New Zealand

Romania

U.S.A.

Germany

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The Member Body of the following country expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds:

France

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## Wire screens and plate screens for industrial purposes – Nominal sizes of apertures

### 1 SCOPE AND FIELD OF APPLICATION

This International Standard gives the nominal sizes of apertures for wire screens and plate screens for industrial purposes.

NOTE — This document represents only a first step; the diameters and tolerances of the wires will be the subject of a further International Standard.

### **5 NOMINAL SIZES OF APERTURES**

Three series of nominal sizes of apertures are given in the following table.

The sizes given in the first column (R 10) should preferably be chosen; otherwise, sizes from the second column (R 20) and, if necessary, from the third column (R 40) can be chosen.

Nominal sizes of apertures

### 2 REFERENCES

ISO/R 3, Preferred numbers — Series of preferred numbers.

ISO/R 497, Guide to the choice of series of preferred RD numbers and of series containing more rounded values of preferred numbers.

	R 10	R 20	R 40
	R <sub>mm</sub> /F	mm	mm
•	h.a <sup>25</sup> )	125	125
•	11.a1)		118
		112	112
			106
/h	e7743f3-f58a-4act	-bd73-100	100
~		-0d/3-	95
4	1972	90	90
			85
	80	80	80
			75
		71	71
			67
	63	63	63
			60
		56	56
			53
	50	50	50
			47.5
		45	45
			42.5
	40	40	40
			37.5
		35.5	35.5
			33.5
	31.5	31.5	31.5
			30

28

25

22 4

25

## 3 TYPE OF SIEVING MEDIA IN SCREENS ISO 2194:1972

3.1 Wire screens consist of plain or stranded wires or synthetic monofilaments (or multifilaments assembled as monofilaments) crossing to form the openings (such as woven wire cloth, precrimped wire mesh and cloth, welded mesh).

3.2 Perforated plate screens are sheets of metal or synthetic material with openings made by punching or by any other method.

## 4 DESIGNATION

- **4.1** Wire screens are designated according to nominal size of aperture, wire diameter, the material and the type of weave.
- **4.2** Plate screens are designated according to nominal size of aperture, the material and the plate thickness; the type of hole (square, round or any other form) shall be stated.
- **4.3** Sizes for apertures below 1 mm are expressed in micrometres  $(\mu m)^{1}$ ; sizes for apertures of 1 mm and above, in millimetres (mm).

28

25 23.6

26.5

22.4

<sup>1) 1 000</sup> micrometres ( $\mu$ m) = 1 mm

Nominal sizes of apertures				Nominal sizes of apertures		
R 10	R 20	R 40	R 10	R 20		
mm	mm	mm	μm	μm		
0	20	20				
		19		900		
1	18	18		000		
	16	17 16	800	800		
16	16	15		710		
1	14	14		/10		
İ	• •	13.2	630	630		
12.5	12.5	12.5				
Ī		11.8		560		
	11.2	11.2				
		10.6	500	500		
10	10	10		450		
	9	9.5 9		450		
	3	8.5	400	400		
8	8	8	1 700	100		
	Ţ.	7.5		355		
1	7.1	7.1				
		6.7	315	315		
6.3	6.3	iTel 3ST	NDARD PE	REVIEW		
	5.0			280		
	5.6	5.6 5.3 (S1	ndar <mark>ds.ite</mark> h	.al) <sub>250</sub>		
5	5	5.5	250	250		
	Ü	4.75	100 0 04 1070	224		
	4.5	1 45	ISO 2 94:1972	1 1		
	n		talog/standards/sigt/be77	4313-158a-4266-bd/3-		
4	4	4	0095be71 f/iso-2194-197	1		
	0.55	3.75		180		
:	3.55	3.55 3.35	160	160		
3.15	3.15	3.15	100	100		
0.10	0.10	3		140		
ļ	2.8	2.8				
}		2.65	125	125		
2.5	2.5	2.5				
į		2.36		112		
	2.24	2.24	-00	100		
2	2	2.12	100	100		
4	2	2 1.9		90		
	1.8	1.8		30		
	1.0	1.7	80	80		
1.6	1.6	1.6				
-		1.5		71		
	1.4	1.4				
		1.32	63	63		
1.25	1.25	1.25				
	1.12	1.18 1.12		56		
ł	1.12	1.06	50	50		
1	1	1.00	30			
	-		l	45		
				1		

<sup>1)</sup> From the R'40 series of rounded values given in ISO/R 497.

Nominal sizes of apertures					
R'10	R'20	R'40			
μm	μm	μm			
40	40	40 38			
	36	36 34			
32	32	32 30			
	28	28 26			
25	25	25 24			
	22	22 21			
20	20	20			

NOTE — The proposed apertures are taken from the R 10, R 20 and R 40 series of preferred numbers given in ISO/R 3 and from the R'10, R'20 and R'40 series of rounded values of preferred numbers given in ISO/R 497, respectively.

Preferred numbers are graded in geometric progression. Each aperture in each of the series (R 10 - R 20 - R 40) is a certain constant percentage larger than the preceding aperture of the same series.

Size series	Step	Ratio
R 10 (first choice)	about 25 %	1.25
R 20 (second choice)	about 12 %	1.12
R 40 (if needed)	about 6 %	1.06

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