# Draft ETSI EN 303 215 V1.4.6 (2025-01)



## Environmental Engineering (EE); Measurement methods and limits for power consumption in broadband telecommunication networks equipment

# **Document Preview**

<u>ETSI EN 303 215 V1.4.6 (2025-01)</u>

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# Foreword (https://standards.iteh.ai)

This draft European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Environmental Engineering (EE), and is now submitted for the combined Public Enquiry and Vote phase of the ETSI EN Approval Procedure (ENAP).

#### ETSI EN 303 215 V1.4.6 (2025-01)

| ndards.iteh.ai/catalog/standard Proposed national transposition dates                  |                                 |  |  |
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| Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):  | 3 months after ETSI publication |  |  |
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## Executive summary

The present document defines the energy consumption metrics and measurement methods for fixed broadband telecommunication network equipment.

## 1 Scope

The present document defines the power consumption metrics, the methodology and the test conditions to measure the power consumption of broadband fixed telecommunication networks equipment. The present document does not cover all possible configuration of equipment but only homogenous configurations.

The types of broadband access technologies covered by the present document are the ones widely deployed at the date of publication. Currently, the present document considers DSLAM DSL, MSAN, PON OLT and Point to Point OLT equipment. Other access technologies may be included in further versions of the present document.

The present document also considers measurement methodology for VDSL2 equipment with vectoring functionality.

In addition to the full power state, power-saving states as defined in DSL standards [i.1] and [i.2] are also covered.

The present document focuses on Network Equipment. The end-user equipment is handled in other documents, see ETSI EN 301 575 [i.6] for CPE [i.6] and ETSI EN 303 423 [i.9] for network standby.

## 2 References

#### 2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found in the ETSI docbox.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

https://stand.[1]. iteh.ai/cata<mark>ETSI TS 101 388</mark>: "Access Terminals Transmission and Multiplexing (ATTM); Access 15-v1-4-6-2025-01 transmission systems on metallic access cables; Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) - European specific requirements [ITU-T Recommendation G.992.1 modified]".

- [2] <u>ETSI EN 300 132-2</u>: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications and datacom (ICT) equipment; Part 2: Operated by -48 V direct current (dc)".
- [3] <u>ETSI TS 101 271 (V1.1.1)</u>: "Access Terminals Transmission and Multiplexing (ATTM); Access transmission system on metallic pairs; Very High Speed digital subscriber line system (VDSL2); [ITU-T Recommendation G.993.2 modified]".
- [4] Void.
- [5] <u>ETSI ES 201 970</u>: "Access and Terminals (AT); Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN); Harmonized specification of physical and electrical characteristics at a 2-wire analogue presented Network Termination Point (NTP)".
- [6] <u>Recommendation ITU-T G.984.1</u>: "Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (GPON)".
- [7] <u>Recommendation ITU-T G.984.2</u>: "Gigabit-capable Passive Optical Networks (G-PON): Physical Media Dependent (PMD) layer specification".
- [8] <u>IEEE 802.3<sup>TM</sup></u>: "IEEE Standard for Information technology Telecommunications and information exchange between systems Local and metropolitan area networks Specific requirements Part 3: Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD) Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications".
- [9] <u>Broadband Forum oneM2M TR-100</u>: "ADSL2/ADSL2plus; Performance Test Plan".

- [10] <u>Broadband Forum oneM2M TR-114</u>: "VDSL2 Performance Test Plan".
- [11] <u>Recommendation ITU-T G.9807.1</u>: "10-Gigabit-capable symmetric passive optical networks (XGS-PON)".
- [12] <u>Recommendation ITU-T G.9804.3</u>: "50-Gigabit-capable passive optical networks (50G-PON): Physical media dependent (PMD) layer specification".
- [13] <u>25GS-PON Specification Version 3.0 (November 2023)</u>: "25 Gigabit Symmetric Passive Optical Network".
- [14] <u>Recommendation ITU-T G.9805</u>: "Coexistence of passive optical network systems".

#### 2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

| [i.1]                        | Recommendation ITU-T G.992.3 (2009): "Asymmetric digital subscriber line transceivers 2 (ADSL2)".   |
|------------------------------|---|
| [i.2]                        | Recommendation ITU-T G.992.5 (2010): "Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) transceivers - Extended bandwidth ADSL2 (ADSL2plus)".   |
| [i.3]                        | Recommendation ITU-T G.993.2 (2015): "Very high speed digital subscriber line 2 (VDSL2)".   |
| [i.4]                        | ETSI TR 102 530: "Environmental Engineering (EE); The reduction of energy consumption in telecommunications equipment and related infrastructure".  |
| [i.5]                        | Broadband Forum oneM2M TR-202: "ADSL2/ADSL2plus Low-Power Mode Guidelines".   |
| ://standards.iteh.a<br>[i.6] | ETSI EN 301 575: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Measurement method for energy consumption of Customer Premises Equipment (CPE)".  |
| [i.7]                        | IEC 60050: "International Electrotechnical Vocabulary - Electrical and electronic measurements<br>and measuring instruments - Part 311: General terms relating to measurements - Part 312: General<br>terms relating to electrical measurements - Part 313: Types of electrical measuring<br>instruments - Part 314: Specific terms according to the type of instrument". |
| [i.8]                        | IEC 62018: "Power consumption of information technology equipment - Measurement methods".   |
| [i.9]                        | ETSI EN 303 423: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Electrical and electronic household and office equipment; Measurement of networked standby power consumption of Interconnecting equipment".   |

## 3 Definition of terms, symbols and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms apply:

**accuracy** (of a measuring instrument): quality which characterizes the ability of a measuring instrument to provide an indicated value close to a true value of the measurand

NOTE 1: This term is used in the "true value" approach.

NOTE 2: Accuracy is all the better when the indicated value is closer to the corresponding true value.

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NOTE 3: See IEC 60050 [i.7], definition (311-06-08).

**active line:** line in operational mode and carrying traffic as specified for that mode of operation (ADSL2plus or VDSL2)

**broadband telecommunication network equipment:** equipment of broadband technology that is part of a telecommunication network

**broadband terminal equipment:** equipment of broadband technology that is connected beyond the Network Termination Point of a telecommunication network

full-power state: state in which the maximal allowed data transmission is possible

NOTE: The maximum is defined by the physical properties of the line and the settings of the operator (e.g. L0 for ADSL2/2plus).

low-power state: state in which a limited power reduction capability and a limited data transmission is allowed

NOTE: It is entered automatically from the full power state after the data transmission during a certain time is lower than the limit. If more than the limited data has to be transmitted from either side a state change to the full power state is entered automatically. The low power state may comprise multiple sub-states with history dependent state transition rules (e.g. L2 for ADSL2/2plus).

power consumption: power used by a device to achieve an intended application performance

stand-by state: state in which the largest power reduction capability and no transmission of data is possible

NOTE: From this state a direct state change to the full-transmission state is possible, if data has to be transmitted from either side (e.g. L3 for ADSL2/2plus).

**telecommunication network:** network operated under a license granted by a national telecommunications authority, which provides telecommunications between Network Termination Points (NTPs) (i.e. excluding terminal equipment beyond the NTPs)

### 3.2 Symbols ETSI EN 303 215 V1.4.6 (2025-01)

os://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/etsi/739e64cd-ed6a-4b65-8215-82ba2af3e2fa/etsi-en-303-215-v1-4-6-2025-01 Void.

#### 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

| 25GS-PON  | 25-Gigabit Symmetric Passive Optical Network   |
|-----------|--|
| 50G-PON   | 50-Gigabit Passive Optical Network             |
| AC        | Alternative Current                            |
| ADSL      | Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line             |
| ADSL2plus | Second generation ADSL with extended bandwidth |
| BBF       | BroadBand Forum                                |
| CPE       | Customer Premises Equipment                    |
| DBA       | Dynamic Bandwidth Allocation                   |
| DC        | Directive Current                              |
| DPBO      | Downstream Power Back-Off                      |
| DSL       | Digital Subscriber Line                        |
| DSLAM     | Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer     |
| DSM       | Dynamic Spectrum Management                    |
| GPON      | Gigabit Passive Optical Network                |
| IP        | Internet Protocol                              |
| LT        | Line Termination                               |
| MAC       | Media Access Control                           |
| MELT      | MEtallic Loop Test                             |
| MIMO      | Multiple Input Multiple Output                 |

| MPLS    | MultiProtocol Label Switching                |
|---------|--|
| MSAN    | Multi Service Access Node                    |
| NPC     | Normalized Power Consumption                 |
| NT      | Network Termination                          |
| NTP     | Network Termination Point                    |
| OLT     | Optical Line Termination                     |
| ONU     | Optical Network Unit                         |
| P2P     | Point to Point                               |
| PON     | Passive Optical Network                      |
| POTS    | Plain Old Telephone Service                  |
| QoS     | Quality of Service                           |
| SNR     | Signal Noise Ratio                           |
| SOHO    | Small Office/Home Office                     |
| UPBO    | Upstream Power Back-Off                      |
| VAC     | Ventilation Air Conditioning                 |
| VDSL    | Very-high-speed Digital Subscriber Line      |
| VDSL2   | Second-Generation VDSL                       |
| VLAN    | Virtual Local Area Network                   |
| XGS-PON | 10-Gigabit Symmetric Passive Optical Network |
|         |  |

## 4 Definition of power consumption

# 4.1 Definition of power consumption per port of broadband network equipment h Standards

The power consumption of broadband telecommunication network equipment is defined as:



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#### Where:

 $P_{BBeq}$  is the power consumption (in W) of a fully equipped broadband network equipment, measured at the electric power input interface, placed at the premises of the operator or the equipment supplier, which connects multiple broadband subscribers to a backbone.  $P_{BBeq}$  is measured in determined environmental conditions defined in clause 5.1.1.

 $P_{BBport}$  is the power consumption per port in W of the broadband network equipment for which the limits are defined in the present document.

Nports is the maximum number of subscriber lines access ports served by the broadband network equipment under test.

# 4.2 Power consumption taking into account the low-power states

The low-power states are intended to reduce the power consumption during periods of no or minimal traffic needs (e.g. low data-rate applications or control signalling only). When these low-power states are used, the achievable power consumption reduction can be estimated by using profiles based on user traffic assumptions, some examples of user hourly traffic as illustrated in annex A.

NOTE 1: Example of power-saving states usage:

A number of power-saving states are defined in the DSL standards (L2, L3, Recommendations ITU-T G.992.3 [i.1] and G.992.5 [i.2]). These power-saving states are implemented, both in the Network equipment (i.e. the subject of the present document) and the CPE/end-user equipment deployed at the premises of the user of the broadband line; this will enable the operator to use these to further limit the power consumption of the equipment. Further study is required to optimize the way in which the low-power states are controlled. In particular, to determine the levels of interference that might arise due to the fluctuating crosstalk caused by frequent multi-state power transitions.

It is important to notice that it is only possible for GPON to use stand-by state if all ONU are in stand-by state and not individually as possible for Point-to-Point transmission.

- NOTE 2: Additional power saving solutions. A number of additional power-saving solutions are available. Some of these are listed below. However, the list is not complete and both the developers and users of broadband network equipment are encouraged to investigate and introduce new power saving solutions:
  - Politeness algorithms.
  - Dynamic Spectrum Management.
  - Boards optimized for remote applications (reduced line power).
  - Dynamic power saving for unused components such as line card, chipset, port, etc.

## 5 Measurement methods

### 5.0 Description

This clause describes the methods to measure the power consumption of broadband network equipment and also gives the conditions under which these measurements shall be performed.

### 5.1 General requirements

## 5.1.1 Measurement conditions

The power measurements shall be performed in a laboratory environment under the following conditions:

- Room Temperature:  $25 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- Room Relative Humidity: 30 % to 75 %.

• Operating voltage:

- DC Powered Equipment: According to ETSI EN 300 132-2 [2], -54,5 V  $\pm$  1,5 V for nominal voltage of -48 V DC powered equipment. Equipment using voltage other than -48 V DC shall be tested at  $\pm$  1 % of the nominal voltage.
- AC Powered Equipment: 230 V  $\pm$  1 % for nominal voltage of 230 V AC and frequency 50 Hz  $\pm$  1 %.
- Minimum Measurement Duration: Equipment shall be allowed to stabilize to get stable power measurement. If power varies over the measurement interval time, an average of measurement shall be calculated:
  - For DSLAM equipment, wait 1 minute to settle bitswap after entering L0 mode. After entering L2 mode, wait one more minute after achieving the final trimmed power level.
  - For OLT equipment, wait till OLT and the connected ONUs have finished ranging and Dynamic Bandwidth Allocation (DBA). The DBA will ensure that any unused bandwidth on a specific GPON port is allocated to the ONUs connected to it.

#### 5.1.2 Measurement instruments requirements

All measurement instruments used should be calibrated by counterpart national metrology institute and within calibration due date:

• Power Source: Power sources used to provide power to the equipment under test shall be capable of providing a minimum of 1,5 times the power rating of the equipment under test.

- Input power:
  - Resolution:  $\leq 10 \text{ mA}$ ;  $\leq 100 \text{ mV}$ ;  $\leq 100 \text{ mW}$
  - DC current:  $\pm 1 \%$
  - DC voltage:  $\pm 1 \%$
  - AC power:  $\pm 1$  %:
    - An available current crest factor of 5 or more.
    - The test instrument shall have a bandwidth of at least 1 kHz.
- NOTE 1: Measurement equipment with higher digitizing rates and higher accuracy may be desirable to ensure accurate measurement.
- NOTE 2: Additional information on accuracy can be found in IEC 62018 [i.8].

#### 5.1.3 Considered equipment

The following items are considered part of the broadband network equipment and therefore their power consumption shall be taken into account to get the total power consumption ( $P_{BBeq}$ ) of the broadband network equipment:

• Network Termination, providing one or more (up)links to the Core or Backhaul Network.

NOTE: The actual number of links should reflect the normal resilience practice for that type of equipment. Furthermore, all uplink ports should carry test traffic averaged or approximatively averaged.

- Line Termination, providing a number of DSL, POTS, PON or Point-to-Point ports connected to the Customer Premises Equipment through metallic lines or optical fibres.
- Backplane, if present, that interconnects the different boards, if present, of the broadband network equipment.
- Cooling system (e.g. fans drawer inside the broadband system).
- Normally operational power-supply unit.

c://standards.itelv.ai/catalog/standards/etsi/739e64ed-ed6a-4b65-8215-82ba2af3e2fa/etsi-en-303-215-v1-4-6-2025-01 5.1.4 Not considered equipment

The following items are not considered part of the broadband network equipment and therefore their power consumption shall not be added to the power consumption of the broadband network equipment:

- External rectifier (AC-DC converter).
- Room or outdoor Cabinet Ventilation and Air Conditioning Unit (VAC Unit).
- Auxiliary or redundant power unit.
- Battery.
- For DSLAM equipment, Additional External signal processing (Dynamic Spectrum Management (DSM) and Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO) techniques if not implemented as part of Line Termination).

For Line Termination which has more than the bare DSL functionality but has additional functions (e.g. MELT, vectoring, test access and channel bonding, etc.), the Line Termination is to be used in normal DSL mode of operation with such additional functions disabled. Optionally a measurement with these functions enabled can be described/requested. In case such additional functions cannot be fully disabled, manufacturer will declare what is the extra power budget due to the added functionality. Such extra budget will not be considered in  $P_{BBport}$ .