

Designation: D4892 - 89(Reapproved 2009)

Standard Test Method for Density of Solid Pitch (Helium Pycnometer Method)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4892; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method covers the determination of pitch density by helium pycnometer. It is applicable at a range of room temperatures of 15 to 35°C.
- 1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D71 Test Method for Relative Density of Solid Pitch and Asphalt (Displacement Method)

D2320 Test Method for Density (Relative Density) of Solid Pitch (Pycnometer Method)

D2962 Practice for Calculating Volume-Temperature Correction For Coal-Tar Pitches

D4296 Practice for Sampling Pitch

E11 Specification for Woven Wire Test Sieve Cloth and Test Sieves

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 *density, as determined by this test method* the mass per unit volume and shall be reported as follows:

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 The sample is pulverized and screened to a given fraction, then the volume of a weighed portion of the fraction is determined using a helium pycnometer.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method is useful in characterizing pitches as one element in establishing uniformity of shipments and sources of supply. With this method, the density is determined to two decimal places, which is sufficient for most applications. If a more precise measurement is required (three decimal places), use Test Methods D2320 or D71.

6. Apparatus

- 6.1 Helium Pycnometer. ³
- 6.2 *Balance*, capable of weighing a 150-g specimen to within 1 mg.
- 6.3 *Sieves*, U.S. Standard 2.36-mm (No. 8), 600-μm (No. 30), conforming to Specification E11.
 - 6.4 Thermometer, for measuring room temperature.

7. Bulk Sampling

7.1 Samples from shipments shall be taken in accordance with Practice D4296 and shall be free of foreign substances.

8. Dehydration

8.1 All bulk samples suspected of having free moisture should be air-dried or oven-dried at 50°C in a convection or forced-air oven before analyzing.

9. Preparation of Test Specimen

9.1 Crush a 50 to 200-g representative portion of the dry pitch until all of it passes the 2.36 mm (No. 8 sieve). Avoid

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products, Liquid Fuels, and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.05 on Properties of Fuels, Petroleum Coke and Carbon Material.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Helium pycnometers available from the following suppliers have been found satisfactory for this purpose: (a) Beckman 2500 Harbor Blvd., Fullerton, CA, (b) Micromeritics, 5680 Goshen Springs Rd., Norcross, GA, and (c) Quantachrome, 5 Aerial Way, Syosset, NY. If you are aware of alternative suppliers, please provide this information to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee ¹, which you may attend.