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Tools for pressing — Vocabulary

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Foreword

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Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document was developed on basis of ISO 8695 and Chinese National Standard GB/T 8845-2017.

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Tools for pressing — Vocabulary

1 Scope

This document establishes the terms and definitions of the main types of tools for pressing, their features and dimensional characteristics. Some of these terms refer to components whose functions are shown in Figure 1, Figure 2 and Annex A.

This document is intended to serve as a reference for users and manufacturers of tools for pressing.

This document is used for understanding of technical terms and applicable for communication and trade of tools for pressing.

NOTE The figures are given only as examples to illustrate the terms and definitions.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions TANDARD PREVIEW

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
 - ISO 21223:2019
- IEC Electropedia; available at http://www.electropedia.org/03-42d8-92d0-

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3.1 Classification

3.1.1

stamping die stamping tool

tool to get product under pressure through separating, shaping or joining metallic, non-metallic flat sheet or section by deforming it with a die, including *blanking die* (3.1.2), *drawing die* (3.1.5), *bending die* (3.1.3), *forming die* (3.1.6), *progressive die* (3.1.8) and *compound die* (3.1.7), etc.

3.1.2

blanking die

die to separate sheet material along a closed or open profile line

3.1.2.1

punching die

blanking die (3.1.2) to separate material and get product with closed outer profile, consisting of blanking punch (3.2.6.1) and punching die plate (3.2.5)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure A.1.

3.1.2.2

perforating die

blanking die (3.1.2) to separate material and get product with closed inner profile

3.1.2.3

fine blanking die

blanking die (3.1.2) with the sheet deformation zone punched under three-dimensional pressure stress to form high smoothness surface and high precision dimension product

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3.1.2.4

cutting-off die

blanking die (3.1.2) to separate sheet material along non-closed profile

3.1.2.5

trimming die

blanking die (3.1.2) to cut off excess material at the edge of processed part

3.1.2.6

shaving die

blanking die (3.1.2) to trim off a small amount of material along the blanked edges or holes to improve the product dimension precision and reduce the blanked section roughness value

3.1.3

bending die

stamping die (3.1.1) to bend blank or workpiece to certain angle and shape

Note 1 to entry: See Figure A.2.

3.1.4

curling die

stamping die (3.1.1) to curl workpiece edge to certain shape, or to create a hollow ring

3.1.5

drawing die

stamping die (3.1.1) to draw blank to hollow body product or workpiece or to further change the hollow body workpiece shape and dimension Al

Note 1 to entry: See Figure A.3.

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3.1.5.1

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obverse drawing die

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d4204e78-a803-42d8-92d0drawing die (3.1.5) to redraw workpiece in the same direction of former drawing process

3.1.5.2

reverse drawing die

drawing die (3.1.5) to flange hollow body workpiece inwall

3.1.5.3

hydrodrawing die

drawing die (3.1.5) using fluid to draw a part

3.1.6

forming die

stamping die (3.1.1) to produce plastic deformation without a bank holder in sheet or blank material to form a product

3.1.6.1

bulging die

forming die (3.1.6) to produce tensile plastic deformation inside hollow blank to get product with convex drum shape

3.1.6.2

flanging die

forming die (3.1.6) to erect workpiece edge or to form certain angle of straight flange

3.1.6.3

burring die

forming die (3.1.6) to erect workpiece hole edge or to form certain angle of straight flange

3.1.6.4

necking die

forming die (3.1.6) to reduce the radial dimension of hollow or tubular workpiece end

3.1.6.5

flaring die

forming die (3.1.6) to enlarge the radial dimension of hollow or tubular workpiece end

3.1.6.6

hydroforming die

forming die (3.1.6) using fluid as a force transmission medium to work with a punch (3.2.6.1) or die plate (3.2.5) to form product

3.1.6.7

micro forming die

forming die (3.1.6) with which at least two-dimensional submillimeter level dimensions in the plastic forming part of product are achieved

3.1.6.8

calibration die

forming die (3.1.6) used to rework a product to achieve the required shape, dimension and precision

3.1.6.9

embossing die

forming die (3.1.6) used to press a convex-concave imprint on the product surface, while changing the material thickness between the two surfaces \triangle RD PREVIEW

3.1.7

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compound die

single-station *stamping die* (3.1.1) which can simultaneously complete two or more stamping processes in one-stroke of press machine

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Note 1 to entry: See Figure A.4. ce50db50e7e4/iso-21223-2019

3.1.7.1

obverse compound die

compound die (3.1.7) with the cutting punch in combination punching (3.2.6.3) in the upper die (3.2.3) and with the punching die button (3.2.6.4) and perforating punch (3.2.6.1) mounted in the lower die (3.2.4)

3.1.7.2

inverse compound die

compound die (3.1.7) with the cutting punch in combination punching (3.2.6.3) in the lower die (3.2.4) and with the punching die button (3.2.6.4) and perforating punch (3.2.6.1) mounted in the upper die (3.2.3)

3.1.8

progressive die

stamping die (3.1.1) which in one-stroke of press machine can the strip material be fed in successively at fixed pitch and simultaneously complete multi-process stamping in multi-station arranged in the direction of material-feeding

Note 1 to entry: See Figure A.5.

3.1.9

single-operation die

stamping die (3.1.1) which completes one stamping process in one-stroke of press machine

3.1.10

combined die

stamping die (3.1.1) which completes different stamping processes or produces various products through disassembling and assembling combination of die components

3.1.11

transfer die

stamping die (3.1.1) to simultaneously complete multi-process stamping at two or more stations arranged in the feeding direction in one stroke of press machine, in which the delivery of workpiece is realized by means of automatic transmission device

3.1.12

flexible die

stamping die (3.1.1) which respectively produces various specification of products through controlling states of different working stations

3.1.13

hot stamping die

stamping die (3.1.1) to shape heated metal sheet and then harden it by cooling

3.1.14

multi-function stamping die

stamping die (3.1.1) with multiple functions such as automatic punching, stacking, counting, grouping, skewing and safety protection, etc.

3.1.15

low-cost die

stamping die (3.1.1) with simple structure, short manufacturing cycle and low cost, suitable for small-lot or pilot production

3.1.15.1

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rubber die

low-cost die (3.1.15) in which the working components (3.2.6) are made of rubber

3.1.15.2

resin die

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low-cost die (3.1.15) in which the working components (3.2.6) are made of high polymer material

3.1.15.3

low-melting-point alloy die

low-cost die (3.1.15) in which the working components (3.2.6) are made of low melting-point alloy

3.1.16

planishing die

stamping die (3.1.1) to flatten product to achieve the required plane precision

3.2 Parts and components

3.2.1

die set

sub-assembly of a die usually consisting of a bottom plate (matrix (3.2.6.2) retainer (3.2.23.4)) and an top plate (punch (3.2.6.1) retainer (3.2.23.4)), with $guide\ pillars$ (3.2.23.1) built into one of the plates and the corresponding $guide\ bushes$ (3.2.23.2) built into the other plate

3.2.1.1

standardized die set

die set (3.2.1) combined by assembly of components which have standardized, serialized structural types and dimensions, and certain interchangeability

3.2.1.2

quick change die set

die set (3.2.1) into which several different die inserts (3.2.8) can be fitted

3.2.1.3

die set, rear pillars

die set (3.2.1) with *guide pillars* (3.2.23.1) mounted on the rear side of the top and bottom plates

Note 1 to entry: Die set (3.2.1) with rear pillars, which is particularly suited to single-process dies and is used for inserting large work pieces.

3.2.1.4

die set, diagonal pillars

die set (3.2.1) with guide pillars (3.2.23.1) mounted diagonal to each other at the corners of the top and bottom plates

Note 1 to entry: Die set (3.2.1) with diagonally positioned pillars, which is particularly suited to progressive dies (3.1.8) with multiple working steps, but only for suitably narrow work pieces.

3.2.1.5

die set, center pillars

die set (3.2.1) with guide pillars (3.2.23.1) mounted in bilateral symmetry at the centre of the edges of the top and bottom plates

Note 1 to entry: Die set (3.2.1) with center pillars, which is primarily used for single-process dies, e.g. blanking dies (3.1.2).

3.2.1.6

die set, four pillars

die set (3.2.1) with guide pillars (3.2.23.1) mounted at all four corners of the top and bottom plates

3.2.1.7

fine blanking die set

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die set (3.2.1) with high rigidity and guide precision and suitable for fine blanking

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https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d4204e78-a803-42d8-92d0-sliding guide die set

die set (3.2.1) in which sliding guides are used to guide the upper and lower dies (3.2.3) and (3.2.4)

3.2.1.9

die set with roller bearing

die set (3.2.1) in which roller bearings are used to guide the upper and lower dies (3.2.3 and 3.2.4), preferably using ball or roller guides

3.2.1.10

die set with spring-loaded plate

die set (3.2.1) in which a third plate, the spring-loaded guide plate (3.2.23.5), is placed between the upper and lower dies (3.2.3) and 3.2.4

3.2.2

die shoe

part of die set (3.2.1) that is fixed to the press ram or bed, on which the working components (3.2.6), guide elements (3.2.23) and locating parts are positioned

3.2.3

upper die

upper half of die

die part mounted on the press ram

3.2.4

lower die

lower half of die

die part mounted on the press bed (anvil)

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3.2.5

die plate

plate part that forms *stamping die* (3.1.1)

Note 1 to entry: *Die plates* (3.2.5) include the openings for the *punches* (3.2.6.1) used in the various work stages.

3.2.6

working component

component which directly forms the shapes and dimensions of the product

3.2.6.1

punch

working component (3.2.6) which is counterpart to the matrix (3.2.6.2) and used for cutting or punching in shear cutting processes

3.2.6.1.1

round punch

punch (3.2.6.1) with cylindrical section body

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

3.2.6.1.2

punch with ejector

punch (3.2.6.1) with mounting holes for ejector pins (3.2.25.6)

3.2.6.1.3

quick change punch

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punch (3.2.6.1) which can be rapidly demounted and replaced (Standards.Iteh.ai)

3.2.6.1.3.1

ball-lock punch

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quick change punch (3.2.6.1.3) which is mounted and held by a ball-lock 03-42d8-92d0-

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3.2.6.2

matrix

working component (3.2.6) which is used for cutting or punching in shear cutting processes

3.2.6.2.1

round matrix

cylindrical matrix (3.2.6.2)

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 2.

3.2.6.2.2

quick change matrix

matrix (3.2.6.2) which can be rapidly demounted and replaced

3.2.6.3

cutting punch in combination punching

working component (3.2.6) which serves both as the cutting punch (3.2.6.1) and cutting die button (3.2.6.4)

3.2.6.4

die button

plate part that works as the *matrix* (3.2.6.2)

3.2.7

shrinking ring

circular bushing component embracing *die button* (3.2.6.4), which has interference fit with the *matrix* (3.2.6.2) to increase its strength