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Identification cards — Contactless integrated circuit cards — Proximity cards —

Part 1: Physical characteristics

*Cartes d'identification — Cartes à circuit(s) intégré(s) sans contact —
Cartes de proximité —*

Partie 1: Caractéristiques physiques

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Contents

	Page
Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Physical characteristics	2
4.1 General	2
4.2 Antenna	2
4.3 Additional requirements for PICC classes	2
4.4 Alternating magnetic field	2
Annex A (normative) PICC class definitions	3
Annex B (informative) Standards compatibility	8

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 17, *Cards and personal identification*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/IEC 14443-1:2008), which has been technically revised.

It also incorporates the Amendment ISO/IEC 14443-1:2008/Amd 1:2012.

ISO/IEC 14443 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Identification cards — Contactless integrated circuit cards — Proximity cards*:

- *Part 1: Physical characteristics*
- *Part 2: Radio frequency power and signal interface*
- *Part 3: Initialization and anticollision*
- *Part 4: Transmission protocol*

Introduction

Contactless card standards encompass a variety of types as embodied in ISO/IEC 10536 (close-coupled cards), ISO/IEC 14443 (proximity cards) and ISO/IEC 15693 (vicinity cards). These device types are intended, respectively, for operation when very near, nearby and at a longer distance from associated coupling devices.

ISO/IEC 14443 defines the technology-specific requirements for identification cards conforming to ISO/IEC 7810 and thin flexible cards conforming to ISO/IEC 15457-1 and the use of such cards to facilitate international interchange. However, it also recognizes that the technology offers the possibility that proximity objects may be provided in forms other than that of the International Standard card formats. Furthermore, it does not preclude the incorporation of other standard technologies on the card, such as those referenced in [Annex B](#).

ISO/IEC 14443 accommodates the operation of proximity cards in the presence of other contactless cards conforming to ISO/IEC 10536 and ISO/IEC 15693.

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Identification cards — Contactless integrated circuit cards — Proximity cards —

Part 1: Physical characteristics

1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 14443 defines the physical characteristics of proximity cards (PICCs).

It is to be used in conjunction with other parts of ISO/IEC 14443.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 7810, *Identification cards — Physical characteristics*

ISO/IEC 10373-6:—¹⁾, *Identification cards — Test methods — Part 6: Proximity cards*

ISO/IEC 14443-2:—¹⁾, *Identification cards — Contactless integrated circuit cards — Proximity cards — Part 2: Radio frequency power and signal interface*

ISO/IEC 15457-1, *Identification cards — Thin flexible cards — Part 1: Physical characteristics*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 7810, ISO/IEC 15457-1 and the following apply.

3.1 integrated circuit

IC

electronic component designed to perform processing and/or memory functions

3.2 contactless

achievement of signal exchange with, and supply of power to, the card without the use of galvanic elements

Note 1 to entry: It is also the absence of an ohmic path from the external interfacing equipment to the integrated circuit(s) contained within the card.

3.3 contactless integrated circuit card

card into which *integrated circuit* (3.1) and coupling means have been placed, such that communication to such integrated circuit is done in a *contactless* (3.2) manner

3.4 operate as intended

operates in the manner described by the manufacturer's specification in accordance with ISO/IEC 14443

1) To be published.

**3.5
PICC**

contactless integrated circuit card (3.3) or other object with which communication and power transfer are done by inductive coupling in proximity of a coupling device

Note 1 to entry: Commonly called a proximity card.

**3.6
PICC class**

combination of antenna dimension and loading effect

Note 1 to entry: See [Annex A](#).

4 Physical characteristics

4.1 General

The PICC may be in the form of a card compliant with ISO/IEC 7810 or ISO/IEC 15457-1, or an object of any other dimension.

4.2 Antenna

If the PICC dimensions are not compliant with ISO/IEC 7810 or ISO/IEC 15457-1, the dimensions of the PICC antenna shall not exceed 86 mm × 54 mm × 3 mm.

NOTE This antenna size restriction stems from the fact that the radio frequency power and signal interface defined in ISO/IEC 14443-2 and its test methods in ISO/IEC 10373-6 are based on ID-1 cards.

4.3 Additional requirements for PICC classes

It has been established that the use of a prescribed PICC class within an industry sector may enhance interoperability within that sector. The use of a PICC class is optional. If used, PICCs shall comply with the requirements given in [Annex A](#).

4.4 Alternating magnetic field

If the PICC meets the requirements of one particular class as specified in [Annex A](#), then the PICC, whichever form the PICC has according to 4.1, shall continue to operate as intended after continuous exposure to a magnetic field of an average level of 4/3 times H_{\max} at 13,56 MHz as specified in ISO/IEC 14443-2:—, 6.2 for this class. The averaging time is 30 s and the maximum level of the magnetic field is limited to 8/5 times H_{\max} .

If the PICC does not claim to meet the requirements of one particular class as specified in [Annex A](#), then the PICC, whichever form the PICC has according to 4.1, shall continue to operate as intended after continuous exposure to a magnetic field of an average level of 10 A/m (rms) at 13,56 MHz. The averaging time is 30 s and the maximum level of the magnetic field is limited to 12 A/m (rms).

Annex A (normative)

PICC class definitions

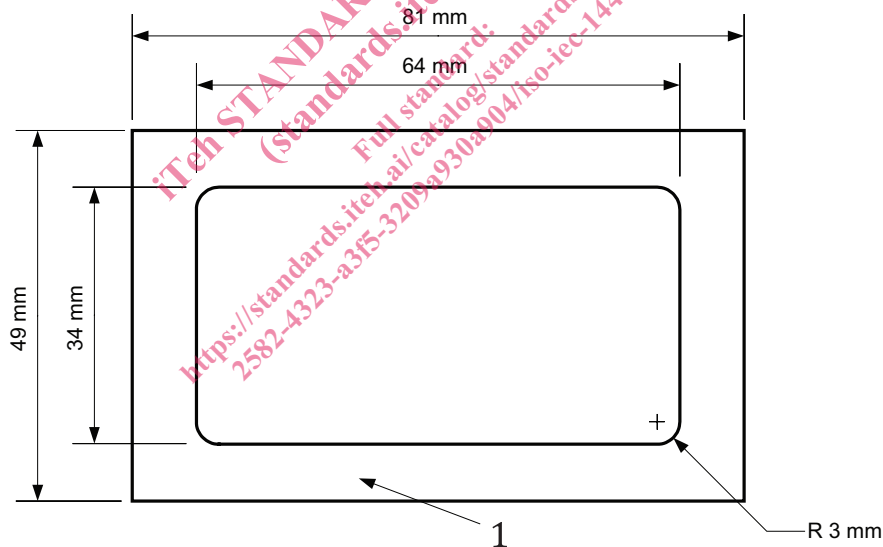
A.1 “Class 1”

A “Class 1” PICC shall fulfil the requirements in [A.1.1](#) and [A.1.2](#). The support of “Class 1” PICCs is mandatory for PCDs.

A.1.1 Antenna location

The antenna of a “Class 1” PICC shall be located within a zone defined by two rectangles, as shown in [Figure A.1](#):

- external rectangle: 81 mm × 49 mm;
- internal rectangle: 64 mm × 34 mm, centred in the external rectangle, with 3 mm corner radii; except for the connections to the ends of the antenna coil, with a maximum area of 300 mm².



Key

- 1 PICC antenna zone

Figure A.1 — Location of the antenna of the “Class 1” PICC

The antenna of a PICC with ID-1 dimensions (as defined in ISO/IEC 7810 or ISO/IEC 15457-1) should be centred.

A.1.2 Electrical requirement

The “Class 1” PICC shall also pass the PICC maximum loading effect test defined in ISO/IEC 10373-6:—, 7.2.5.