



Designation: D5372 – 04(Reapproved 2009)

## Standard Guide for Evaluation of Hydrocarbon Heat Transfer Fluids<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D5372; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope<sup>2</sup>

1.1 This guide provides information, without specific limits, for selecting standard test methods for testing heat transfer fluids for quality and aging. These test methods are considered particularly useful in characterizing hydrocarbon heat transfer fluids in closed systems.

### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>3</sup>

- D86 Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Atmospheric Pressure
- D91 Test Method for Precipitation Number of Lubricating Oils
- D92 Test Method for Flash and Fire Points by Cleveland Open Cup Tester
- D93 Test Methods for Flash Point by Pensky-Martens Closed Cup Tester
- D95 Test Method for Water in Petroleum Products and Bituminous Materials by Distillation
- D97 Test Method for Pour Point of Petroleum Products
- D189 Test Method for Conradson Carbon Residue of Petroleum Products
- D445 Test Method for Kinematic Viscosity of Transparent and Opaque Liquids (and Calculation of Dynamic Viscosity)
- D471 Test Method for Rubber Property—Effect of Liquids
- D524 Test Method for Ramsbottom Carbon Residue of Petroleum Products
- D664 Test Method for Acid Number of Petroleum Products by Potentiometric Titration
- D893 Test Method for Insolubles in Used Lubricating Oils

- D1160 Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Reduced Pressure
- D1298 Test Method for Density, Relative Density (Specific Gravity), or API Gravity of Crude Petroleum and Liquid Petroleum Products by Hydrometer Method
- D1500 Test Method for ASTM Color of Petroleum Products (ASTM Color Scale)
- D2270 Practice for Calculating Viscosity Index from Kinematic Viscosity at 40 and 100°C
- D2717 Test Method for Thermal Conductivity of Liquids
- D2766 Test Method for Specific Heat of Liquids and Solids
- D2887 Test Method for Boiling Range Distribution of Petroleum Fractions by Gas Chromatography
- D4530 Test Method for Determination of Carbon Residue (Micro Method)
- D6743 Test Method for Thermal Stability of Organic Heat Transfer Fluids
- E659 Test Method for Autoignition Temperature of Liquid Chemicals
- G4 Guide for Conducting Corrosion Tests in Field Applications

### 3. Terminology

#### 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *heat transfer fluid*—a petroleum oil or related hydrocarbon material which remains essentially a liquid while transferring heat to or from an apparatus or process. Small percentages of nonhydrocarbon components such as antioxidants and dispersants can be present.

### 4. Significance and Use

4.1 The significance of each test method will depend upon the system in use and the purpose of the test method as listed under Section 5. Use the most recent editions of ASTM test methods.

### 5. Recommended Test Procedures

#### 5.1 Pumpability of the Fluid:

5.1.1 *Flash Point*, closed cup (Test Method D93)—This test method will detect low flash ends which are one cause of cavitation during pumping. In closed systems, especially when fluids are exposed to temperatures of 225°C (approximately 400°F) or higher, the formation of volatile hydrocarbons by

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<sup>2</sup> The background for this standard was developed by a questionnaire circulated by ASTM-ASLE technical division L-VI-2 and reported in *Lubrication Engineering*, Vol 32, No. 8, August 1976, pp. 411–416.

<sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.