



SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 5167-4:2022

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Nadomešča:

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Merjenje pretoka fluida na osnovi tlačne razlike, povzročene z napravo, vstavljeno v polno zapolnjen vod s krožnim prerezom - 4. del: Venturijeve cevi (ISO 5167-4:2022)

Measurement of fluid flow by means of pressure differential devices inserted in circular cross-section conduits running full - Part 4: Venturi tubes (ISO 5167-4:2022)

Durchflussmessung von Fluiden mit Drosselgeräten in voll durchströmten Leitungen mit Kreisquerschnitt - Teil 4: Venturirohre (ISO 5167-4:2022)

Mesurage de débit des fluides au moyen d'appareils déprimogènes insérés dans des conduites en charge de section circulaire - Partie 4: Tubes de Venturi (ISO 5167-4:2022)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 5167-4:2022

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17.120.10 Pretok v zaprtih vodih Flow in closed conduits

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English Version

**Measurement of fluid flow by means of pressure
differential devices inserted in circular cross-section
conduits running full - Part 4: Venturi tubes (ISO 5167-
4:2022)**

Mesurage de débit des fluides au moyen d'appareils
déprimogènes insérés dans des conduites en charge de
section circulaire - Partie 4: Tubes de Venturi (ISO
5167-4:2022)

Durchflussmessung von Fluiden mit Drosselgeräten in
voll durchströmten Leitungen mit Kreisquerschnitt -
Teil 4: Venturirohre (ISO 5167-4:2022)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 21 May 2022.

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This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 5167-4:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 30 "Measurement of fluid flow in closed conduits" in collaboration with CCMC.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2022.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 5167-4:2003.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 5167-4:2022 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 5167-4:2022 without any modification.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO
5167-4

Second edition
2022-06

Measurement of fluid flow by means of pressure differential devices inserted in circular cross-section conduits running full —

Part 4: Venturi tubes

*Mesurage de débit des fluides au moyen d'appareils déprimogènes
insérés dans des conduites en charge de section circulaire —*

Partie 4: Tubes de Venturi

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

ISO 5167-4 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 30, *Measurement of fluid flow in closed conduits*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Pressure differential devices*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/SS F05, *Measuring instruments*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition of ISO 5167-4 cancels and replaces the first edition of ISO 5167-4:2003, which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- The use of single pressure tappings on Venturi tubes is permitted.
- The discharge coefficient and uncertainty are given in [Clause 5](#) for a Venturi tube with a machined convergent section for $Re_D > 10^6$.
- Flow calibration of Venturi tubes is included.
- There is improved wording of the rules for spacing of multiple fittings but no change in actual requirements.

A list of all parts in the ISO 5167 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

ISO 5167-4:2022(E)**Introduction**

ISO 5167, consisting of six parts, covers the geometry and method of use (installation and operating conditions) of orifice plates, nozzles, Venturi tubes, cone meters and wedge meters when they are inserted in a conduit running full to determine the flow rate of the fluid flowing in the conduit. It also gives necessary information for calculating the flow rate and its associated uncertainty.

ISO 5167 (all parts) is applicable only to pressure differential devices in which the flow remains subsonic throughout the measuring section and where the fluid can be considered as single-phase, but is not applicable to the measurement of pulsating flow. Furthermore, each of these devices can only be used uncalibrated within specified limits of pipe size and Reynolds number, or alternatively they can be used across their calibrated range.

ISO 5167 (all parts) deals with devices for which direct calibration experiments have been made, sufficient in number, spread and quality to enable coherent systems of application to be based on their results and coefficients to be given with certain predictable limits of uncertainty. ISO 5167 (all parts) also provides methodology for bespoke calibration of differential pressure meters.

The devices introduced into the pipe are called primary devices. The term primary device also includes the pressure tapings. All other instruments or devices required to facilitate the instrument readings are known as secondary devices, and the flow computer that receives these readings and performs the algorithms is known as a tertiary device. ISO 5167 (all parts) covers primary devices; secondary devices (see ISO 2186) and tertiary devices will be mentioned only occasionally.

Aspects of safety are not dealt with in ISO 5167-1 to ISO 5167-6. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the system meets applicable safety regulations.

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