

Designation: F414 – 06 Designation: F414 – 09

# Standard Test Method for Energy Absorbed by a Tire When Deformed by Slow-Moving Plunger<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 414; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method covers the determination of tire plunger energy required to completely penetrate the tread area of an inflated tire as indicated by a rupture, loss of inflation pressure, sudden drop in plunger force or bottom-out. The test requires utilization of a laboratory testing machine capable of slowly penetrating the tread surface of a tire with a plunger having a hemispherical end.
  - 1.2 This test method is applicable to pneumatic tires for vehicles normally used on the road.
- 1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are provided for information only.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

D 4483 Practice for Evaluating Precision for Test Method Standards in the Rubber and Carbon Black Manufacturing Industries E 4 Practices for Force Verification of Testing Machines

F 538 Terminology Relating to the Characteristics and Performance of Tires

F 1082 Practice for Tires-Determining Precision for Test Method Standards<sup>3</sup>

SI10-02 IEEE/ASTM SI 10 American National Standard for Use of the International System of Units (SI): The Modern Metric System

# 3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

- 3.1.1 bottom out, v—to deform a tire by radial load on the tread until radial movement of the inside surface is stopped by the F 538 rim or other tire inside surface.
  - 3.1.2 groove, n—a void that is relatively narrow compared to its length.
- 3.1.3 load range, n—a letter designation (A, B, C, D) or, for P-metric tires, standard load (SL), light load (LL), or extra load (XL), used to identify a given size tire with its load and inflation limits when used in a specific type of service. F 538

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- 3.1.4 load rating [M], n—the maximum load a tire is rated to carry for a given usage at a specific cold inflation pressure. F 538
- 3.1.5 maximum load rating [M], n— of a passenger tire, the load rating at the maximum permissible cold inflation pressure for F 538 that tire.
- 3.1.6 maximum plunger travel [L], n—in tire testing, the relative displacement of tread surface by a plunger, measured from the point of initial contact of the plunger with the tread surface to the point of maximum force at rupture or at the bottom-out point.
- 3.1.7 nominal plunger energy,  $W = (F \times P)/2$ , n—in tire testing, one half of the product of a peak force (required to rupture the tire structure in tread area) and maximum plunger travel into a tire at the time of rupture. F 538
- 3.1.8 plunger, n—in tire testing, a cylindrical rod with a hemispherical end.

<sup>1</sup> This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F09 on Tires and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F09.30 on Laboratory (Non-Vehicular) Testing.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Withdrawn.

3.1.9 *void*, *n*—a volume (in the annular tread band) defined by the lack of rubber; the depth dimension of this volume may vary from point to point in (on) the tread band. **F 538** 

#### 4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 This test method measures tire plunger energy required to force a cylindrical plunger with a hemispherical end into the tread of the tire to produce a rupture of the carcass or a bottom-out condition.

# 5. Significance and Use

5.1 This test method establishes a standard procedure of test and provides data that can be related to tire strength, but does not measure tire performance or establish specification or tolerances.

#### 6. Apparatus

- 6.1 Testing Machine that incorporates a cylindrical plunger, which can be forced, at  $50.8 \pm 1.58$  mm/min (2.0  $\pm$  0.0625 in./min) radially into a tread of a tire, while the force and plunger motion are indicated or recorded.
- 6.1.1 The force-indicating device shall have an accuracy of  $\pm 1$  % of the indicated force and shall reflect an instantaneous change in force from zero to full scale in no more than 3.0 s.
- 6.1.2 Relative plunger travel distance shall be indicated to an accuracy of  $\pm 1$  % of the distance from the original undeformed tire tread surface, taking into account any motion or deflection of the force-measuring mechanism or supporting devices.
- 6.2 Means for Calibration of the Testing Machine, for plunger force, plunger travel, and rate of plunger travel is necessary.
- 6.3 Calibrating Weights or Other Calibrating Devices, conforming to Practices E 4, are required for verification of calibration.
- 6.4 Means for Mounting a Tire on a Test Rim, and mounting the test assembly on the testing machine is necessary.
- 6.5 Test Rims, with dimensions as shown in the current issue of Tire and Rim Association Year Books, ETRTO, JATMA, or as listed in a publication by the tire manufacturer, are necessary.
- 6.6 Plunger (Circular Cylinder), having a diameter as shown in Table 1 for the tire being tested, and having the working end in the shape of a hemisphere, hardened to a minimum Rockwell hardness 35 HRC, and polished to a 16-µin. (0.50-µm) finish or better with no visible tool marks, is required. It must be long enough to penetrate from the undeformed tire tread surface to the bottom-out condition.

# 7. Sampling

7.1 A sample is one or more tires taken from a lot as directed in any applicable specification, or as taken from a shipping unit, or as agreed upon between the purchaser and the seller.

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**TABLE 1 Plunger Diameter** 

Tire Load Identification <sup>A</sup>	Tire Characteristics	Plunger Diameter, mm (in.)
A, B, C	Motorcycle	7.9 ± 0.1 (0.313 ± 0.005)
A, B, C, D, SL, XL,	All 12-in. or smaller	$19.0 \pm 0.1 \ (0.750 \pm 0.005)$
E, F	rim, except motorcycle	,
B, C, D, SL, XL, T	Passenger car	$19.0 \pm 0.1 (0.750 \pm 0.005)$
B, C, D, SL, LL, XL, T	Passenger car	$19.0 \pm 0.1 \ (0.750 \pm 0.005)$
<del>A,B, C, D, E, F, G,</del>	-Light truck	$19.0 \pm 0.1 \ (0.750 \pm 0.005)$
— <b>H</b>		
B, C, D, E, F, G,	Light truck	$19.0 \pm 0.1 \ (0.750 \pm 0.005)$
<u>H</u>		
A,B, C, D, E, F, G,	17.5-in. or smaller	$19.0 \pm 0.1 \ (0.750 \pm 0.005)$
<del></del>	<del>rim, tubeless</del>	
B, C, D, E, F, G, H	17.5-in. or smaller	$19.0 \pm 0.1 \ (0.750 \pm 0.005)$
	rim, tubeless	
C, D, E, F	Larger than 17.5-in. rim, tubeless	$31.8 \pm 0.1 \ (1.250 \pm 0.005)$
C, D, E, F	Larger than 17.5-in. rim, tube type	$31.8 \pm 0.1 \ (1.250 \pm 0.005)$
G, H, J, L, M, N	Larger than 17.5-in.	38.1 ± 0.1 (1.500 ± 0.005)
G, 11, 5, L, W, N	rim, tubeless	38.1 ± 0.1 (1.300 ± 0.003)
G, H, J	Larger than 17.5-in. rim, tube type	$38.1 \pm 0.1 \ (1.500 \pm 0.005)$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>A</sup> Temporary use 60-psi tires and standard load, <u>light load</u>, <u>and extra load</u> "P metric" tires are described as T, S<u>L</u>, <u>L</u>L, and XL. All other letter designations refer to load range.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available from Tire and Rim Association, Inc. 175 Montrose West Ave., Copley, OH 44321. 7\_4eh()\_0a()3\_a()b()cxc5()8bb/astm\_6t14\_00

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Available from the European Tyre and Rim Technical Organization, 32/2, Avenue Brugmann, B-1060 Brussels, Belgium.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Available from the Japan Automobile Tire Manufacturers Association, Inc., No. 33 Mori BLDG, 8<sup>th</sup> Floor, 3-8-21 Toranomon, Minato-KU, Tokyo, Japan 105-001J.