

Designation: C753 - 04(Reapproved 2009)

Standard Specification for Nuclear-Grade, Sinterable Uranium Dioxide Powder¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C753; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

INTRODUCTION

This specification is intended to provide the nuclear industry with a general specification for sinterable uranium dioxide powder. It recognizes the diversity of manufacturing methods by which uranium dioxide powders are produced and the many special requirements for chemical and physical characterization which may be imposed by the end use of the powder in a specific reactor system. It is, therefore, anticipated that the buyer may supplement this specification with additional requirements for specific applications.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification covers nuclear-grade, sinterable uranium dioxide (UO₂) powder. It applies to uranium dioxide powder containing uranium of any ²³⁵U concentration in the production of nuclear fuel pellets for use in nuclear reactors.
- 1.2 This specification recognizes the presence of reprocessed uranium in the fuel cycle and consequently defines isotopic limits for commercial grade UO₂. Such commercial grade UO₂ is defined so that, regarding fuel design and manufacture, the product is essentially equivalent to that made from unreprocessed uranium. UO₂ falling outside these limits cannot necessarily be regarded as equivalent and may thus need special provisions at the fuel fabrication plant or in the fuel design.
- 1.3 This specification does not include provisions for preventing criticality accidents or requirements for health and safety. Observance of this specification does not relieve the user of the obligation to be aware of and conform to all international, national, or federal, state, and local regulations pertaining to possessing, shipping, processing, or using source or special nuclear material.
- 1.4 This specification refers expressly to calcined $\rm UO_2$ powder before the addition of any die lubricant, binder, or pore former. If powder is sold with such additions or prepared as press feed, sampling procedures, allowable impurity contents, or powder physical requirements may need to be modified by agreement between the buyer and the seller.

1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory requirements prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

B329 Test Method for Apparent Density of Metal Powders and Compounds Using the Scott Volumeter

C696 Test Methods for Chemical, Mass Spectrometric, and Spectrochemical Analysis of Nuclear-Grade Uranium Dioxide Powders and Pellets

C859 Terminology Relating to Nuclear Materials

 $\frac{\text{C996}}{\text{Specification for }}$ Uranium Hexafluoride Enriched to Less Than 5 % ^{235}U

C1233 Practice for Determining Equivalent Boron Contents of Nuclear Materials

E11 Specification for Woven Wire Test Sieve Cloth and Test Sieves

E105 Practice for Probability Sampling of Materials 2.2 ANSI Standard:³

ANSI/ASME NQA-1 Quality Assurance Requirements for Nuclear Facility Applications

2.3 Federal Regulation:⁴

Code of Federal Regulations, Title 10, Chapter 1, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Applicable Parts

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C26 on Nuclear Fuel Cycle and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C26.02 on Fuel and Fertile Material Specifications.

Current edition approved June 1, 2009. Published July 2009. Originally approved in 1973. Last previous edition approved in 2004 as C753-04. DOI: 10.1520/C0753-04R09.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

⁴ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, http://www.dodssp.daps.mil.

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—Definitions of terms are as given in Terminology C859.

4. Chemical Requirements

- 4.1 *Uranium Content*—The uranium content shall be determined on a basis to be agreed upon between the buyer and seller.
- 4.2 Oxygen-to-Uranium Ratio (O/U)—The O/U ratio may be specified as agreed upon between the buyer and seller. The determination of the O/U ratio shall be in accordance with Test Methods C696 or a demonstrated equivalent.
- 4.3 *Impurity Content*—The impurity content shall not exceed the individual element limit specified in Table 1 on a uranium weight basis. The summation of the contribution of each of the impurity elements listed in Table 1 shall not exceed $1500 \, \mu g/gU$. If an element analysis is reported as "less than" a given concentration, this "less than" value shall be used in the determination of total impurities. If an element analysis is reported as "less than" a given concentration, this "less than" value shall be used in the determination of total impurities.
- 4.4 *Moisture Content*—The moisture content shall not exceed 0.40 weight percent of the powder.
 - 4.5 Isotopic Content:
- 4.5.1 For UO₂ powder with an isotopic content of ²³⁵U between that of natural uranium and 5 %, the isotopic limits of Specification C996 shall apply, unless otherwise agreed upon between the buyer and the seller. If the ²³⁶U content is greater than Enriched Commercial Grade UF₆ requirements, the isotopic analysis requirements of Specification C996 shall apply. The specific isotopic measurements required by Specification C996 may be waived, provided that the seller can demonstrate compliance with Specification C996, for instance, through the

TABLE 1 Impurity Elements and Maximum Concentration Limits

Element	Maximum Concentration Limit of Uranium, μg/gU
Aluminum	250
Carbon	100
Calcium + magnesium	200
Chlorine	100
Chromium	200
Cobalt	100
Copper	250
Fluorine	100
Iron	250
Lead	250
Manganese	250
Molybdenum	250
Nickel	200
Nitrogen	200
Phosphorus	250
Silicon	300
Tantalum	250
Thorium ^A	10
Tin	250
Titanium	250
Tungsten	250
Vanadium	250
Zinc	250

^A Thorium is primarily of concern because of the reactor production of ²³³U.

seller's quality assurance records. A ²³⁶U content greater than that specified in C996 for Enriched Commercial Grade UF₆ may be agreed between the buyer and the seller since it is not a safety concern.⁵

- 4.5.2 For UO_2 powder, not having an assay in the range set forth in 4.5.1, the isotopic requirements shall be as agreed upon between the buyer and the seller.
- 4.6 Equivalent Boron Content—For thermal reactor use, the total equivalent boron content (EBC) shall not exceed 4.0 μ g/g on a uranium weight basis. For purpose of EBC calculation B, Gd, Eu, Dy, Sm, and Cd shall be included in addition to elements listed in Table 1. The method of performing the calculation shall be as indicated in Practice C1233. For fast reactor use, the above limitation on EBC does not apply.
- 4.7 *Cleanliness and Workmanship*—The powder shall be visually free of foreign material such as metallic particles and oil.

5. Physical Requirements

- 5.1 Particle Size—Based on visual observation, all of a representative sample of the UO_2 shall pass through a 425- μ m (No. 40) standard sieve conforming to Specification E11. Particle size distribution and method of determination shall be as agreed upon between the buyer and seller. Alternatively, as agreed upon between the buyer and the seller, the fraction not passing through a 425- μ m (No. 40) standard sieve shall be reported to the buyer.
- 5.2 Bulk Density—The bulk density of UO₂ powder will depend on the processing method. Unless otherwise agreed upon between the buyer and seller, the bulk density shall be a minimum of 0.625 kg/m³ as determined by Test Method B329, or an agreed upon alternative.

Note 1—For powder prepared as a press feed, a minimum bulk density of 1.8 g/cm³ is recommended.

5.3 Sinterability— Test pellets shall be produced and measured in accordance with a sintering performance test agreed upon between the buyer and seller. A sinterability performance test described in Appendix X1 is presented as a guide.

6. Sampling

- 6.1 A lot is defined as a quantity of UO₂ powder that is uniform in isotopic, chemical, physical, and sinterability characteristics.
- 6.2 The identity of a lot shall be retained throughout its processing history.
- 6.3 A powder lot shall form the basis for defining sampling plans used to establish conformance to this specification.
- 6.4 Sampling plans and procedures shall be mutually agreed upon by the buyer and the seller. Analytical confirmation of sampling plans shall be documented as part of the manufacturer's quality assurance and nuclear materials control and accountability program.

⁵ The intent of the C996 isotope limits is to indicate possible presence of reprocessed UF₆. Acceptance of UO₂ pellets with ²³⁶U content above that specified for Enriched Commercial Grade UF₆, shall be based on fuel performance evaluation.