

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 12126:2000

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#### Kemikalije, ki se uporabljajo za pripravo pitne vode - Salmiak

Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Liquefied ammonia

Produkte zur Aufbereitung von Wasser für den menschlichen Gebrauch - Ammoniak flüssig

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Produits chimiques utilisés pour le traitement de l'éau destinée a la consommation humaine - Ammoniac liquéfié

SIST EN 12126:2000

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten zna 12126;1998

ICS:

13.060.20 Pitna voda Drinking water

71.100.80 Kemikalije za čiščenje vode Chemicals for purification of

water

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**SIST EN 12126:2000** 

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## **EUROPEAN STANDARD** NORME EUROPÉENNE **FUROPÄISCHE NORM**

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September 1998

ICS 13.060.20; 71.100.20; 71.100.80

Descriptors: potable water, water treatment, chemical compounds, liquid ammonia, liquids, description, physical properties, chemical properties, impurities, toxic substances, tests, conditioning, marking, labelling. transportation, storage

#### English version

## Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Liquefied ammonia

Produits chimiques utilisés pour le traitement de l'eau destinée à la consommation humaine - Ammoniac liquéfié Produkte zur Aufbereitung von Wasser für den menschlichen Gebrauch - Ammoniak flüssig

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 5 September 1998.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national Standard the status of a national standard willout any alteration. Op to date the standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and United Kingdom.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart, 36 B-1050 Brussels

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#### Foreword

This European Standard has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 164 "Water supply", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 1999, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 1999.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

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#### Introduction

In respect of potential adverse effects on the quality of water intended for human consumption, caused by the product covered by this Standard:

- 1) this Standard provides no information as to whether the product may be used without restriction in any of the Member States of the EU or EFTA;
- 2) it should be noted that, while awaiting the adoption of verifiable European criteria, existing national regulations concerning the use and/or the characteristics of this product remain in force.

#### 1 Scope

This European standard is applicable to liquefied ammonia used for treatment of water intended for human consumption. It describes the characteristics of liquefied ammonia and specifies the requirements and the corresponding test methods for liquefied ammonia. It gives information on its use in water treatment.

#### 2 Normative references

This present European standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

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EN ISO 3696	Water for analytical laboratory use - Specification and test methods (ISO 3696:1987)
ISO 7103	Liquefied anhydrous ammonia for industrial use - Sampling - Taking a laboratory sample
ISO 7105	Liquefied anhydrous ammonia for industrial use - Determination of water content - Karl Fischer Method
ISO 7106	Liquefied anhydrous ammonia for industrial use- Determination of oil content - Gravimetric and infra-red spectrometric methods

#### 3 Description

#### 3.1 Identification

#### 3.1.1 Chemical name

Ammonia, liquefied, anhydrous.

#### 3.1.2 Synonym or common name

Ammonia.

#### 3.1.3 Relative molecular mass

17.03.

#### 3.1.4 Empirical formula

NH3.

#### 3.1.5 Chemical formula

NH3.

#### 3.1.6 CAS Registry Number<sup>1)</sup>

7664-41-7.

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## 3.1.7 EINECS reference<sup>2)</sup> (standards.iteh.ai)

231-635-3.

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#### 3.2 Commercial form

Liquefied gas.

#### 3.3 Physical properties

#### 3.3.1 Appearance and odour

The product is colourless liquid with a characteristic pungent odour.

#### 3.3.2 Density

The density of the gas is 0,771 g/l at 101,3 kPa $^{3)}$  and 0 °C.

The density of the liquid is 0,682 g/ml at 101,3 kPa and - 34  $^{\circ}$ C, and 0,61 g/ml at 850 kPa and 20  $^{\circ}$ C.

<sup>1)</sup> Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.

<sup>2)</sup> European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

 $<sup>^{3)}</sup>$  100 kPa = 1 bar.

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#### 3.3.3 Solubility (in water)

The solubility of the product in water is 900 g/l at 0 °C, 520 g/l at 20 °C, and 407 g/l at 30 °C.

#### 3.3.4 Vapour pressure

The vapour pressure of the product is 400 kPa at 0 °C, 850 kPa at 20 °C and 2 035 kPa at 50 °C.

### 3.3.5 Boiling point at 100 kPa<sup>3)</sup>

The boiling point of the product is -33,4 °C at 101,3 kPa.

#### 3.3.6 Melting point

The melting point of the product is -77,7 °C at 101,3 kPa.

#### 3.3.7 Specific heat

The specific heat of the product is 4,61 kJ/Kg.K at 0 °C and 4,86 kJ/kg.K at 40 °C.

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#### 3.3.8 Viscosity, dynamic

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The viscosity of the product is 0,254 mPa.s. at 7,333 °C and 101,3 kPa.e78225f7afe215/sist-en-12126-2000

#### 3.3.9 Critical temperature

132,4 °C.

#### 3.3.10 Critical pressure

11 450 kPa.

#### 3.3.11 Physical hardness

Not applicable.

#### 3.4 Chemical properties

Ammonia reacts violently with halogens, acids, acid halides, acid anhydrides, oxidizing agents. Its reacts with zinc, copper, tin and their alloys. Mixtures of 15 % (V/V) to 30 % (V/V) of ammonia with air are explosive.

#### 4 Purity criteria

Limits have been given for impurities and toxic substances where these are likely to be present in significant quantities from the current production process and raw materials. If a change in the production process or raw materials leads to significant quantities of other impurities or by-products being present, this shall be notified to the user.

#### 4.1 Composition of commercial product

Liquefied ammonia shall not contain less than 99,8 % by mass (%(m/m)) NH<sub>3</sub>.

#### 4.2 Impurities and main by-products

The product shall conform to the requirements specified in table 1.

Table 1 : Impurities

Impurity		Limit
Water	max.	0,1 % ( <i>m/m</i> )
Permanent gases and methane	max.	0,1 % ( <i>V/V</i> )
Oil iTeh STANDARD	max.	// F V 5 mg/kg

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#### 4.3 Toxic substances

NOTE: For the purposes of this standard toxic substances are those defined in the EU Directive 80/778/EEC of 15 July 1980 (see C.1) 2605c-46a4-466b-9ae7-8225f7afe215/sist-en-12126-2000

The inorganic "toxic substances" are not found in liquefied ammonia. Cyanides, pesticides and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons are not by-products of the manufacturing process.

#### 5 Test methods

#### 5.1 Sampling

Follow the sampling method according to ISO 7103.

#### 5.2 Analyses

All reagents shall be of a recognized analytical grade and the water used shall conform to the appropriate grade specified in EN ISO 3696.

#### 5.2.1 Main product

The ammonia concentration is calculated by subtracting the contents of the main impurities from 100 % (m/m).

#### 5.2.2 Impurities