

SLOVENSKI STANDARD

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SIST EN ISO 10140-5:2010

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Akustika - Laboratorijsko merjenje zvočne izolirnosti gradbenih elementov - 5. del: Zahteve za preskusne laboratorije in opremo (ISO 10140-5:2021)

Acoustics - Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements - Part 5: Requirements for test facilities and equipment (ISO 10140-5:2021)

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Akustik - Messung der Schalldämmung von Bauteilen im Prüfstand - Teil 5: Anforderungen an Prüfstände und Prüfeinrichtungen (ISO 10140-5:2021)

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Acoustique - Mesurage en laboratoire de l'isolation acoustique des éléments de construction - Partie 5: Exigences relatives aux installations et appareillage d'essai (ISO 10140-5:2021)

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Acoustics - Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements - Part 5: Requirements for test facilities and equipment (ISO 10140-5:2021)

Acoustique - Mesurage en laboratoire de l'isolation
acoustique des éléments de construction - Partie 5:
Exigences relatives aux installations et appareillage
d'essai (ISO 10140-5:2021)

Akustik - Messung der Schalldämmung von Bauteilen
im Prüfstand - Teil 5: Anforderungen an Prüfstände
und Prüfeinrichtungen (ISO 10140-5:2021)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 26 April 2021.

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 10140-5:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43 "Acoustics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 126 "Acoustic properties of building elements and of buildings" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

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STANDARD

ISO
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Second edition
2021-04

**Acoustics — Laboratory measurement
of sound insulation of building
elements —**

**Part 5:
Requirements for test facilities and
equipment**

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*Acoustique — Mesurage en laboratoire de l'isolation acoustique des
éléments de construction —*

Partie 5: Exigences relatives aux installations et appareillage d'essai

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43, *Acoustics*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Building acoustics*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 126, *Acoustic properties of building elements and of buildings*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10140-5:2010), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 10140-5:2010/Amd1:2014.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- all references in the text have been updated;
- in [Clause 2](#), the normative references have been updated;
- in [Clause 3](#), the terms and definitions have been added;
- [Annex B](#), [Annex C](#) and [Annex H](#) have been updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 10140 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

ISO 10140 (all parts) concerns laboratory measurement of the sound insulation of building elements (see [Table 1](#)).

ISO 10140-1 specifies the application rules for specific elements and products, including specific requirements for the preparation and mounting of the test specimens, and for the operating and test conditions. ISO 10140-2 and ISO 10140-3 contain the general procedures for airborne and impact sound insulation measurements, respectively, and refer to ISO 10140-4 and this document where appropriate. For elements and products without a specific application rule described in ISO 10140-1, it is possible to apply ISO 10140-2 and ISO 10140-3. ISO 10140-4 contains basic measurement techniques and processes. This document contains requirements for test facilities and equipment. For the structure of ISO 10140 (all parts), see [Table 1](#).

ISO 10140 (all parts) was developed to improve the layout for laboratory measurements, ensure consistency and simplify future changes and additions regarding mounting conditions of test elements in laboratory and field measurements. ISO 10140 (all parts) aims at presenting a well-written and arranged format for laboratory measurements.

ISO 10140-1 is planned to be updated with application rules for other products.

Table 1 — Structure and contents of ISO 10140 (all parts)

Relevant part of ISO 10140	Main purpose, contents and use	Detailed content
ISO 10140-1	It indicates the appropriate test procedure for elements and products. For certain types of element/product, it can contain additional and more specific instructions about quantities and test element size and about preparation, mounting and operating conditions. Where no specific details are included, the general guidelines are according to ISO 10140-2 and ISO 10140-3.	Appropriate references to ISO 10140-2 and ISO 10140-3 and product-related, specific and additional instructions on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — specific quantities measured; — size of test element; — boundary and mounting conditions; — conditioning, testing and operating conditions; — additional specifics for test report.
ISO 10140-2	It gives a procedure for airborne sound insulation measurements according to ISO 10140-4 and ISO 10140-5. For products without specific application rules, it is sufficiently complete and general for the execution of measurements. However, for products with specific application rules, measurements are carried out according to ISO 10140-1, if available.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Definitions of main quantities measured — General mounting and boundary conditions — General measurement procedure — Data processing — Test report (general points)
ISO 10140-3	It gives a procedure for impact sound insulation measurements according to ISO 10140-4 and ISO 10140-5. For products without specific application rules, it is sufficiently complete and general for the execution of measurements. However, for products with specific application rules, measurements are carried out according to ISO 10140-1, if available.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Definitions of main quantities measured — General mounting and boundary conditions — General measurement procedure — Data processing — Test report (general points)

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Table 1 (continued)

Relevant part of ISO 10140	Main purpose, contents and use	Detailed content
ISO 10140-4	It gives all the basic measurement techniques and processes for measurement according to ISO 10140-2 and ISO 10140-3 or facility qualifications according to ISO 10140-5. Much of the content is implemented in software.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Definitions — Frequency range — Microphone positions — SPL measurements — Averaging, space and time — Correction for background noise — Reverberation time measurements — Loss factor measurements — Low-frequency measurements — Radiated sound power by velocity measurement
ISO 10140-5	It specifies all information needed to design, construct and qualify the laboratory facility, its additional accessories and measurement equipment (hardware).	<p>Test facilities, design criteria:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — volumes, dimensions; — flanking transmission; — laboratory loss factor; — maximum achievable sound reduction index; — reverberation time; — influence of lack of diffusivity in the laboratory. <p>Test openings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — standard openings for walls and floors; — other openings (windows, doors, small technical elements); — filler walls in general. <p>Requirements for equipment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — loudspeakers, number, positions; — tapping machine and other impact sources; — measurement equipment. <p>Reference constructions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — basic elements for airborne and impact insulation improvement; — corresponding reference performance curves.

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Acoustics — Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements —

Part 5: Requirements for test facilities and equipment

1 Scope

This document specifies laboratory test facilities and equipment for sound insulation measurements of building elements, such as:

- components and materials;
- building elements;
- technical elements (small building elements);
- sound insulation improvement systems.

It is applicable to laboratory test facilities with suppressed radiation from flanking elements and structural isolation between source and receiving rooms.

This document specifies qualification procedures for use when commissioning a new test facility with equipment for sound insulation measurements. It is intended that these procedures be repeated periodically to ensure that there are no issues with the equipment and the test facility.

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2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3382-2, *Acoustics — Measurement of room acoustic parameters — Part 2: Reverberation time in ordinary rooms*

ISO 9052-1:1989, *Acoustics — Determination of dynamic stiffness — Part 1: Materials used under floating floors in dwellings*

ISO 10140-1, *Acoustics — Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 1: Application rules for specific products*

ISO 10140-2, *Acoustics — Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 2: Measurement of airborne sound insulation*

ISO 10140-3, *Acoustics — Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 3: Measurement of impact sound insulation*

ISO 10140-4, *Acoustics — Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements — Part 4: Measurement procedures and requirements*

IEC 60942:2017, *Electroacoustics — Sound calibrators*

IEC 61260-1, *Electroacoustics — Octave-band and fractional-octave-band filters — Part 1: Specifications*

IEC 61672-1, *Electroacoustics — Sound level meters — Part 1: Specifications*

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IEC 61672-2, *Electroacoustics — Sound level meters — Part 2: Pattern evaluation tests*

IEC 61672-3, *Electroacoustics — Sound level meters — Part 3: Periodic tests*

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Laboratory test facilities for airborne sound insulation measurements**4.1 General**

The laboratory test facility shall consist of two adjacent reverberant rooms with a test opening between them, in which the test element is inserted.

The area of the test opening can vary depending on the type of test element. This document defines full-sized test openings, a specific small-sized test opening and alternative reduced-size test openings.

For measurement of the improvement of sound reduction index by acoustical linings, these rooms shall be separated by a standard basic element on which the lining under test is installed, in accordance with [Annex B](#).

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4.2 Test rooms

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4.2.1 Volume

The volumes of the test rooms shall be at least 50 m³. Volumes and corresponding dimensions of the two test rooms should not be exactly the same. A difference of at least 10 % in room volumes and in the linear dimensions is recommended.

Choose the ratios of the room dimensions such that the eigenmode frequencies in the low-frequency bands are spaced as uniformly as possible.

When measuring the sound insulation of walls or floors, theoretical calculation as well as experiments have indicated that the test element should cover a total partition wall or ceiling of the test room, i.e. the test opening should extend from wall to wall and from floor to ceiling. In such a case, a volume of 50 m³ to 60 m³ is appropriate in view of the recommended size of the test opening.

4.2.2 Diffusion

Large variations of the sound pressure level in the room indicate the presence of dominating strong standing waves. In this case, diffusing elements shall be installed in the rooms. The positioning and number of diffusing elements should be arranged in such a way that the sound reduction index is not influenced when further diffusing elements are installed.

NOTE For some kinds of test element, as for elements with one surface significantly more absorbent than the other (see ISO 10140-2), the installation of diffusing elements is mandatory.

4.2.3 Reverberation time

The reverberation time in the rooms under normal test conditions (with negligible absorption by the test element) should not be excessively long or short. When the reverberation time at frequencies at

and above 100 Hz exceeds 2 s or is less than 1 s, check whether the measured sound reduction index depends on the reverberation time. When such a dependence is found, even with diffusers in the rooms, the rooms shall be modified to adjust the reverberation time, T , such that:

$$1 \leq T \leq 2(V/50)^{2/3} \quad (1)$$

where

V is the value of the room volume, in cubic metres;

T is the reverberation time, in seconds.

Measurement of the reverberation time is specified in ISO 10140-4.

4.2.4 Background noise

The background noise level in the receiving room shall be sufficiently low to permit measurements of the sound transmitted from the source room, considering the power output in the source room and the sound insulation of the test elements for which the laboratory is intended (see ISO 10140-4:2021, 4.3).

4.2.5 Suppression of flanking transmission

In laboratory test facilities designed for measuring the sound reduction index, the sound transmitted by any indirect path should be negligible compared with the sound transmitted through the test element. One approach to achieve this in such facilities is to provide sufficient structural isolation between source and receiving rooms. Another approach is to cover all surfaces of both rooms with linings that reduce the flanking transmission in such a way that the requirements on room volumes and reverberation times are still met.

[Annex A](#) specifies the methods to be used for estimating the maximum achievable sound reduction index, R'_{\max} , which is determined by indirect paths.

4.3 Test opening

4.3.1 General

A horizontal and a vertical full-sized test opening, as well as a specific vertical small-sized test opening are defined. Other reduced-size test openings may be applied under certain restrictions.

4.3.2 Full-sized test opening

4.3.2.1 General

The area of the full-sized test opening shall be approximately 10 m² for walls, and between 10 m² and 20 m² for floors, with the length of the shorter edge being not less than 2,3 m for both walls and floors.

4.3.2.2 General frame specification

The measured sound reduction index of a test element can be affected by the connections to the laboratory structure surrounding the element. The mass ratio of the tested structure to the surrounding structure should be taken into consideration. For tests on lightweight structures ($m < 150 \text{ kg/m}^2$),