



**SLOVENSKI STANDARD**  
**SIST EN ISO 11268-2:2023**

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**Kakovost tal - Učinki onesnaževal na deževnike - 2. del: Določanje učinkov na reprodukcijo Eisenia fetida/Eisenia andrei in drugih vrst deževnikov (ISO 11268-2:2023)**

Soil quality - Effects of pollutants on earthworms - Part 2: Determination of effects on reproduction of Eisenia fetida/Eisenia andrei and other earthworm species (ISO 11268-2:2023)

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Bodenbeschaffenheit - Wirkungen von Schadstoffen auf Regenwürmer - Teil 2: Bestimmung der Wirkung auf die Reproduktionsleistung von Eisenia fetida/Eisenia andrei und andere Regenwurmarten (ISO 11268-2:2023)

Qualité du sol - Effets des polluants vis-à-vis des vers de terre - Partie 2: Détermination des effets sur la reproduction de Eisenia fetida/Eisenia andrei et d'autres espèces de vers de terre (ISO 11268-2:2023)

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 11268-2:2023**

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**ICS:**

13.080.30      Biološke lastnosti tal      Biological properties of soils

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Soil quality - Effects of pollutants on earthworms - Part 2:  
Determination of effects on reproduction of Eisenia  
fetida/Eisenia andrei and other earthworm species (ISO  
11268-2:2023)

Qualité du sol - Effets des polluants vis-à-vis des vers  
de terre - Partie 2: Détermination des effets sur la  
reproduction de Eisenia fetida/Eisenia andrei et  
d'autres espèces de vers de terre (ISO 11268-2:2023)

Bodenbeschaffenheit - Wirkungen von Schadstoffen  
auf Regenwürmer - Teil 2: Bestimmung der Wirkung  
auf die Reproduktionsleistung von Eisenia  
fetida/Eisenia andrei und andere Regenwurmart  
(ISO 11268-2:2023)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 6 January 2023.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

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## European foreword

This document (EN ISO 11268-2:2023) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190 "Soil quality" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 444 "Environmental characterization of solid matrices" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2023, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2023.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 11268-2:2015.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

## Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 11268-2:2023 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 11268-2:2023 without any modification.



INTERNATIONAL  
STANDARDISO  
11268-2Third edition  
2023-01

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**Soil quality — Effects of pollutants on  
earthworms —****Part 2:  
Determination of effects on  
reproduction of *Eisenia fetida*/*Eisenia  
andrei* and other earthworm species**

*Qualité du sol — Effets des polluants vis-à-vis des vers de terre —  
Partie 2: Détermination des effets sur la reproduction de Eisenia  
fetida/Eisenia andrei et d'autres espèces de vers de terre*

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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 190, *Soil quality*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Biological characterization*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 444, *Environmental characterization*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 11268-2:2012), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- modification of the concentration for the reference substance (boric acid);
- inclusion of alternative species of earthworms – *Dendrodrilus rubidus*, *Aporrectodea caliginosa* – in informative annexes; information on their taxonomy and ecology as well as their specific testing requirements have also been added.

A list of all the parts in the ISO 11268 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## Introduction

Ecotoxicological test systems are applied to obtain information about the effects of contaminants in soil and are proposed to complement conventional chemical analysis (see ISO 15799 and ISO 17616). ISO 15799 includes a list and short characterization of recommended and standardized test systems and ISO 17616 gives guidance on the choice and evaluation of the bioassays. Aquatic test systems with soil eluate are applied to obtain information about the fraction of contaminants potentially reaching the groundwater by the water path (retention function of soils), whereas terrestrial test systems are used to assess the habitat function of soils.

This document describes a method that is based on the determination of sublethal effects of contaminated soils on adult earthworms of the species *Eisenia fetida* (Savigny 1826) and *Eisenia andrei* (André 1963). Optionally, the method can be used for testing chemicals added to standard soils (e.g. artificial soil) for their sublethal hazard potential to earthworms. Finally, information is provided on how to use this method for testing chemicals or test soil under tropical conditions (see [Annex A](#)).

*Eisenia fetida* and *Eisenia andrei* are considered to be representatives of soil fauna and earthworms in particular in temperate regions. Background information on their earthworm ecology and their use in ecotoxicological testing is available. However, these species do not occur regularly in agricultural lands (crop sites and grasslands) or forests in these regions. In addition, they are not representative of boreal or tropical regions. Therefore, other species such as *Dendrodilus rubidus* (an epigeic litter inhabitant in boreal regions) and *Aporrectodea caliginosa* (an endogeic mineral dweller in temperate regions) have been added as potential alternative test species (see [Annexes B](#) and [C](#)). These alternative earthworm species have been used as ecotoxicological test species for some time, however, testing experience has been limited to specific countries.

This document has been drawn up taking into consideration test procedures adopted by the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development<sup>[45][46]</sup> and by the European Union<sup>[29]</sup>.

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# Soil quality — Effects of pollutants on earthworms —

## Part 2:

## Determination of effects on reproduction of *Eisenia fetida*/ *Eisenia andrei* and other earthworm species

**WARNING** — Contaminated soils may contain unknown mixtures of toxic, mutagenic, or otherwise harmful chemicals or infectious microorganisms. Occupational health risks may arise from dust or evaporated chemicals during handling and incubation. Precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact.

### 1 Scope

This document specifies one of the methods for evaluating the habitat function of soils and determining the effects of soil contaminants and chemicals on the reproduction of *Eisenia fetida*/*Eisenia andrei* by dermal and alimentary uptake. This chronic test is applicable to soils and soil materials of unknown quality, e.g. from contaminated sites, amended soils, soils after remediation, agricultural or other sites concerned, and waste materials.

This method is designed mainly for determining the effects of soil contaminants and chemicals on the reproduction of *Eisenia fetida*/*Eisenia andrei*. Technical information is also provided on how to use *Eisenia fetida/andrei* for testing chemicals under tropical conditions (see [Annex A](#)). Finally, this method also includes technical information on how to use it with other environmentally relevant earthworm species: e.g. *Dendrodrilus rubidus* and *Aporrectodea caliginosa* (see [Annexes B](#) and [C](#)).

This method does not apply to substances for which the air/soil partition coefficient is greater than one, or to substances with vapour pressure exceeding 300 Pa, at 25 °C. This method does not take into account the persistence of the substance during the test.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 10390, *Soil, treated biowaste and sludge – Determination of pH*

ISO 10694, *Soil quality — Determination of organic and total carbon after dry combustion (elementary analysis)*

ISO 11260, *Soil quality — Determination of effective cation exchange capacity and base saturation level using barium chloride solution*

ISO 11277, *Soil quality — Determination of particle size distribution in mineral soil material — Method by sieving and sedimentation*

ISO 11465, *Soil quality — Determination of dry matter and water content on a mass basis — Gravimetric method*

ISO 18400-206, *Soil quality — Sampling — Part 206: Collection, handling and storage of soil under aerobic conditions for the assessment of microbiological processes, biomass and diversity in the laboratory*