



Designation: ~~A105/A105M-05~~ Designation: A 105/A 105M – 09

Endorsed by  
Manufacturers Standardization Society  
of the Valve and Fittings Industry  
Used in USDOE-NE Standards

## Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Forgings for Piping Applications<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 105/A 105M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.*

### 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification<sup>2</sup> covers forged carbon steel piping components for ambient- and higher-temperature service in pressure systems. Included are flanges, fittings, valves, and similar parts ordered either to dimensions specified by the purchaser or to dimensional standards such as the MSS, ASME, and API specifications referenced in Section 2. Forgings made to this specification are limited to a maximum weight of 10 000 lb [4540 kg]. Larger forgings may be ordered to Specification A 266/A 266M. Tubesheets and hollow cylindrical forgings for pressure vessel shells are not included within the scope of this specification. Although this specification covers some piping components machined from rolled bar and seamless tubular products (see 4.2), it does not cover raw material produced in these product forms.

1.2 Supplementary requirements are provided for use when additional testing or inspection is desired. These shall apply only when specified individually by the purchaser in the order.

~~1.3 Specification A 266/A 266M~~

1.3 Specification A 266/A 266M covers other steel forgings and Specifications A 675/A 675M and A 696 cover other steel bars.

1.4 This specification is expressed in both inch-pound units and SI units. However, unless the order specifies the applicable “M” specification designation (SI units), the material shall be furnished to inch-pound units.

~~1.5 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification.~~

Document Preview

[ASTM A105/A105M-09](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d39ef022-06c0-40f9-a2b1-297199680285/astm-a105-a105m-09)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/d39ef022-06c0-40f9-a2b1-297199680285/astm-a105-a105m-09>

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.22 on Steel Forgings and Wrought Fittings for Piping Applications and Bolting Materials for Piping and Special Purpose Applications.

Current edition approved ~~June~~ July 1, 2005-2009. Published ~~June~~ 2005-August 2009. Originally approved in 1926. Last previous edition approved in ~~2003~~ 2005 as A 105/A 105M – 035.

<sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-105 in Section II of that Code.

\*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.5 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

NOTE 1—The dimensionless designator NPS (nominal pipe size) has been substituted in this standard for such traditional terms as “nominal diameter,” “size,” and “nominal size.”

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 In addition to those reference documents listed in Specification A 961/A 961M, the following list of standards apply to this specification:

### 2.2 ASTM Standards:<sup>3</sup>

A 266/A 266M Specification for Carbon Steel Forgings for Pressure Vessel Components

A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A 675/A 675M Specification for Steel Bars, Carbon, Hot-Wrought, Special Quality, Mechanical Properties

A 696 Specification for Steel Bars, Carbon, Hot-Wrought or Cold-Finished, Special Quality, for Pressure Piping Components

A788 788/A 788M Specification for Steel Forgings, General Requirements

A961–961/A 961M Specification for Common Requirements for Steel Flanges, Forged Fittings, Valves, and Parts for Piping Applications

### 2.3 MSS Standards:

SP 44 Standard for Steel Pipe Line Flanges<sup>4</sup>

### 2.4 ASME Standards:

B16.5 Dimensional Standards for Steel Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings<sup>5</sup>

B16.9 Wrought Steel Buttwelding Fittings<sup>5</sup>

B16.10 Face-to-Face and End-to-End Dimensions of Ferrous Valves<sup>5</sup>

B16.11 Forged Steel Fittings, Socket Weld, and Threaded<sup>5</sup>

B16.34 Valves-Flanged, Threaded and Welding End<sup>5</sup>

B16.47 Large Diameter Steel Flanges<sup>5</sup>

### 2.5 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code:

Section IX Welding Qualifications<sup>5</sup>

### 2.6 API Standards:

API-600 Flanged and Butt-Welding-End Steel Gate Valves<sup>6</sup>

API-602 Compact Design Carbon Steel Gate Valves for Refinery Use<sup>6</sup>

## 3. Ordering Information

~~3.1 See Specification A961~~

3.1 See Specification A 961/A 961M.

3.1.1 Additional requirements (see 12.2).

## 4. General Requirements

4.1 Product furnished to this specification shall conform to the requirements of Specification A 961/A 961M, including any supplementary requirements that are indicated in the purchase order. Failure to comply with the requirements of Specification A 961/A 961M constitutes nonconformance with this specification. In case of a conflict between the requirements of this specification and Specification A 961/A 961M, this specification shall prevail.

4.2 Except as permitted by Section 6 in Specification A 961/A 961M, the finished product shall be a forging as defined in the Terminology Section of Specification A 788/A 788M.

## 5. Heat Treatment

5.1 Heat treatment is not a mandatory requirement of this specification except for the following piping components:

5.1.1 Flanges above Class 300,<sup>7</sup>

<sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>4</sup> Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS), 127 Park St., NE, Vienna, VA 22180-4602, <http://www.mss-hq.com>.

<sup>5</sup> Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Three Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, <http://www.asme.org>.

<sup>6</sup> Available from The American Petroleum Institute (API), 1220 L. St., NW, Washington, DC 20005-4070, <http://www.api.org>.

<sup>7</sup> For definition of Class 300, see ASME B16.5.

5.1.2 Flanges of special design where the design pressure at the design temperature exceeds the pressure-temperature ratings of Class 300, Group 1.1,

5.1.3 Flanges of special design where the design pressure or design temperature are not known,

5.1.4 Piping components other than flanges which meet both of the following criteria: (1) over NPS 4 and (2) above Class 300, and

5.1.5 Piping components of Special Class<sup>8</sup> other than flanges which meet both of the following criteria: (1) over NPS 4 and (2) when the working pressure at the operating temperature exceeds the tabulated values for Special Class 300, Group 1.1.

5.2 Heat treatment, when required by 5.1 shall be annealing, normalizing, or normalizing and tempering or quenching and tempering in accordance with Specification A 961/A 961M.

## 6. Chemical Composition

6.1 The steel shall conform to the chemical requirements specified in Table 1.

6.2 Steels to which lead has been added shall not be used.

## 7. Mechanical Properties

7.1 The material shall conform to the mechanical property requirements prescribed in Table 2 and Table 3.

7.2 For normalized, normalized and tempered, or quenched and tempered forgings, the central axis of the test specimen shall correspond to the  $\frac{1}{4} T$  plane or deeper position, where  $T$  is the maximum heat-treated thickness of the represented forging. In addition, for quenched and tempered forgings, the midlength of the test specimen shall be at least  $T$  from any second heat-treated surface. When section thickness does not permit this positioning, the test specimen shall be positioned as near as possible to the prescribed location.

### 7.3 Tension Tests:

7.3.1 One tension test shall be made for each heat of as-forged components.

7.3.2 One tension test shall be made from each heat-treating charge. If more than one heat is included in such a charge, each heat shall be tested.

7.3.2.1 When the heat-treating temperatures are the same and the furnaces (either batch or continuous type), are controlled within  $\pm 25$  °F [ $\pm 14$  °C] and equipped with recording pyrometers so that complete records of heat treatment are available, then one tension test from each heat is required instead of one test from each heat in each heat-treatment charge. The test specimen material shall be included with a furnace charge.

7.3.3 Testing shall be performed in accordance with Test Methods and Definitions A 370. The largest feasible round specimen as described in Test Methods and Definitions A 370 shall be used except when hollow cylindrically shaped parts are machined from seamless tubulars. The gage length for measuring elongation shall be four times the diameter of the test section. When hollow cylindrically shaped parts are machined from seamless tubular materials, strip tests may be used.

7.3.4 Forgings too small to permit obtaining a subsize specimen of 0.250 in. [6.35 mm] diameter or larger (see Test Methods and Definitions A 370) parallel to the dimension of maximum working, and produced in equipment unsuitable for the production of a separately forged test bar such as an automatic or semi-automatic press, may be accepted on the basis of hardness only. One percent of the forgings per lot (see Note 2), or ten forgings, whichever is the lesser number, shall be selected at random, prepared, and tested using the standard Brinell test in Test Methods and Definitions A 370. The locations of the indentations shall be at the option of the manufacturer but shall be selected to be representative of the forging as a whole. One indentation per forging shall be required but additional indentations may be made to establish the representative hardness. The hardness of all forgings so tested shall be 137 to 187 HB inclusive.

<sup>8</sup> For definition of special class, see ASME B16.34.

**TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements**

NOTE—For each reduction of 0.01 % below the specified carbon maximum (0.35 %), an increase of 0.06 % manganese above the specified maximum (1.05 %) will be permitted up to a maximum of 1.35 %.

Element	Composition, %
Carbon	0.35 max
Manganese	0.60–1.05
Phosphorus	0.035 max
Sulfur	0.040 max
Silicon	0.10–0.35
Copper	0.40 max <sup>A</sup>
Nickel	0.40 max <sup>A</sup>
Chromium	0.30 max <sup>A,B</sup>
Molybdenum	0.12 max <sup>A,B</sup>
Vanadium	0.08 max

<sup>A</sup> The sum of copper, nickel, chromium, molybdenum and vanadium shall not exceed 1.00 %.

<sup>B</sup> The sum of chromium and molybdenum shall not exceed 0.32 %.