

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN ISO 12625-7:2020

01-november-2020

Tissue papir in izdelki iz tissue papirja - 7. del: Določevanje optičnih lastnosti - Merjenje svetlosti in barve z D65/10° (zunanja dnevna svetloba) (ISO/DIS 12625-7:2020)

Tissue paper and tissue products - Part 7: Determination of optical properties - Measurement of brightness and colour with D65/10° (outdoor daylight) (ISO/DIS 12625-7:2020)

Tissue-Papier und Tissue-Produkte - Teil 7: Bestimmung der optischen Eigenschaften - Brightness- und Farbmessung mit Lichtart D65/10° (Außentageslicht) (ISO/DIS 12625-7:2020)

#### oSIST prEN ISO 12625-7:2020

Papier tissue et produits tissue - Partie 7: Détermination des propriétés optiques - Mesurage du degré de blancheur et de la couleur avec l'illuminant D65/10° (lumière du jour extérieure) (ISO/DIS 12625-7:2020)

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ICS:

17.180.20 Barve in merjenje svetlobe Colours and measurement of

light

85.080.20 Tissue papir Tissue paper

oSIST prEN ISO 12625-7:2020 en,fr,de

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# DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ISO/DIS 12625-7

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## Tissue paper and tissue products —

## Part 7:

## Determination of optical properties — Measurement of brightness and colour with D65/10° (outdoor daylight)

Papier tissue et produits tissue —

Partie 7: Détermination des propriétés optiques — Mesurage du degré de blancheur et de la couleur avec l'illuminant D65/10° (lumière du jour extérieure)

ICS: 85.080.20

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#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO202625-7:2014), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

— removing alternative equations in <u>clause 11.2.1</u> because they are not relevant for tissue paper.

A list of all parts in the ISO 12625 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Introduction

Brightness and colour measurement may be performed under various illumination and observation conditions. This part of ISO 12625 deals with D65/ $10^{\circ}$  conditions, which refer to an outdoor daylight.

C/2° conditions (indoor daylight) are considered in ISO 12625-15. Although both international standards deal with brightness and colour, results obtained are usually different and do not correlate.

Optical measurement is affected by the geometry of the instruments used and by the texture of the material. The design of the instrument to be used according to this part of ISO 12625, and the routine to be adopted for its calibration, are specified in ISO 2469 and ISO 11475.

The optical properties are related to the visual appearance of the material. Therefore, although optical properties are intrinsic properties of tissue paper, they are not functional properties.

Brightness shall not be confused with the optical property called CIE-whiteness that is based on reflectance data obtained over the full visible spectral range (VIS) in contrast to the measurement of brightness which is limited to the blue region of VIS.

Due to the importance for some countries three different test methods for the determination of optical properties were developed:

- Part 7: Determination of optical properties Measurement of brightness and colour with D65/10° (outdoor daylight);
- Part 15: Determination of optical properties Measurement of brightness and colour with C/2° (indoor) daylight;
- Part 16: Determination of optical properties Opacity (paper backing) Diffuse reflectance method.

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## Tissue paper and tissue products —

## Part 7:

## Determination of optical properties — Measurement of brightness and colour with D65/10° (outdoor daylight)

## 1 Scope

This document specifies testing procedures for the instrumental determination of brightness and colour of tissue paper and tissue products viewed under outdoor daylight conditions. It also gives specific instructions for the preparation of test pieces (single-ply, multi-ply products) and for the optical measurements of products, where special precautions may be necessary.

NOTE The properties called ISO brightness and colour with  $C/2^{\circ}$  (indoor daylight) are measured with an instrument adjusted to a much lower UV content than that specified in this document. The measurements of ISO brightness and colour with  $C/2^{\circ}$  (indoor daylight) are described in ISO 12625-15.

## 2 Normative references TANDARD PREVIEW

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 186, Paper and board — Sampling to determine average quality 4103-9b3c-

ISO 187, Paper, board and pulps — Standard atmosphere for conditioning and testing and procedure for monitoring the atmosphere and conditioning of samples

ISO 2469, Paper, board and pulps — Measurement of diffuse radiance factor (diffuse reflectance factor)

ISO 2470-2, Paper, board and pulps — Measurement of diffuse blue reflectance factor — Part 2: Outdoor daylight conditions (D65 brightness)

ISO 4094, Paper, board and pulps — General requirements for the competence of laboratories authorized for the issue of optical reference transfer standards of level 3

ISO 5631-2, Paper and board — Determination of colour by diffuse reflectance — Part 2: Outdoor daylight conditions (D65/10 degrees)

ISO 11475, Paper and board — Determination of CIE whiteness, D65/10 degrees (outdoor daylight)

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 3.1

#### diffuse radiance factor

R

ratio of the radiation reflected and emitted from a body to that reflected from the perfect reflecting diffuser under the same conditions of diffuse illumination and normal detection

Note 1 to entry: The reflectance factor is expressed as a percentage.

[SOURCE: ISO 2469:2014, definition 3.2]

#### 3.2

#### intrinsic diffuse radiance factor

 $R_{\sim}$ 

diffuse radiance factor of a layer or pad of material thick enough to be opaque, i.e. such that increasing the thickness of the pad by doubling the number of sheets results in no change in the measured radiance factorNote 1to entry: The ratio is often expressed as a percentage.

Note 1 to entry: The radiance factor of a single non-opaque sheet is dependent on the background and is not a material property.

[SOURCE: ISO 2469:2014, definition 3.3]

#### 3.3

#### reflectance factor

ratio of the radiation reflected by a surface element of a body in the direction delimited by a given cone with its apex at the surface element to that reflected by the perfect reflecting diffuser under the same conditions of illumination

Note 1 to entry: The ratio is often expressed as a percentage. s.iteh.ai)

Note 2 to entry: This term may be used only when it is known that the test material exhibits no luminescence (fluorescence). https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a9255cb0-1898-4103-9b3c-

[SOURCE: ISO 2469:2014, definition 3.4] 2ec220d0b3/osist-pren-iso-12625-7-2020

#### 3.4

#### D65 brightness

intrinsic reflectance factor measured with a reflectometer having the characteristics described in ISO 2469, equipped with a filter or corresponding function having an effective wavelength of 457 nm (and a half bandwidth of 44 nm), and adjusted so that the UV content of the irradiation incident upon the test piece corresponds to that of the CIE standard illuminant D65

Note 1 to entry: The filter function is described more fully by the weighing function factors given in ISO 2470-2.

#### 3.5

#### tristimulus values

 $X_{10}, Y_{10}, Z_{10}$ 

amounts of the three reference colour stimuli, in a given chromatic system, required to match the stimulus considered

Note 1 to entry: In ISO 5631-2 the CIE standard illuminant D65 and the CIE 1964 ( $10^{\circ}$ ) standard observer are used to define the trichromatic system.

Note 2 to entry: The subscript 10 is applied to conform to the CIE convention that tristimulus units have the subscript 10 when the CIE 1964  $(10^{\circ})$  standard observer is used.

[SOURCE: ISO 5631-2:2015, definition 3.5]

#### 3.6

#### colour (D65/10°)

 $L^*$ ,  $a^*$  and  $b^*$  values of the sample according to the CIELAB 1976 system, corresponding to the CIE standard illuminant D65, described in ISO 11664-2<sup>[3]</sup> and the CIE 1964 supplementary standard colorimetric observer, described in ISO 11664-1,<sup>[2]</sup> determined by measurement under the conditions specified in ISO 5631-2

Note 1 to entry: The quantity  $L^*$  is a measure of the lightness of the test piece, where  $L^* = 0$  corresponds to black and  $L^* = 100$  is defined by the perfect reflecting diffuser. Visually, the quantities  $a^*$  and  $b^*$  represent respectively the red-green and yellow-blue axes in colour space, such that

- + $a^*$  is a measure of the degree of redness of the test piece;
- $-a^*$  is a measure of the degree of greenness of the test piece;
- + $b^*$  is a measure of the degree of yellowness of the test piece;
- - $b^*$  is a measure of the degree of blueness of the test piece;
- if both  $a^*$  and  $b^*$  are equal to zero, the test piece is grey.

### 4 Principle

A test piece is illuminated diffusely in a standardized instrument and the light reflected normal to the surface is either allowed to pass through a defined optical filter and then measured by a photodetector or measured by an array of photosensitive diodes, where each diode responds to a different effective wavelength. The brightness is then determined directly from the output from the photodetector or by calculation from the photosensitive diode outputs using the appropriate weighting function and colour coordinates are calculated for  $D65/10^{\circ}$  conditions.

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- **5 Apparatus** https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a9255cb0-1898-4103-9b3c-712ec220d0b3/osist-pren-iso-12625-7-2020
- **5.1 Reflectometer or spectrophotometer,** having the geometric, spectral and photometric characteristics described in ISO 2469 and calibrated in accordance with the provisions of ISO 2469, and equipped for the measurement of blue reflectance factor
- **5.1.1** In the case of a filter reflectometer, the radiation falling upon the test piece shall have a UV content corresponding to that of the CIE standard illuminant D65, adjusted or verified using the fluorescent reference standard (5.2.2).
- **5.1.2** In the case of an abridged spectrophotometer, the instrument shall have an adjustable filter with a cut-off wavelength of 395 nm or some other system for adjustment and control, and this filter shall be adjusted or the system shall be calibrated using the fluorescence reference standard (<u>5.2.2</u>), so that the UV content of the illumination falling upon the sample corresponds to that of the CIE standard illuminant D65.

#### 5.2 Reference standard for calibration of the instrument

- **5.2.1 Non-fluorescent reference standard** for photometric calibration, issued by an ISO 4094 authorized laboratory in accordance with the provisions of ISO 2469.
- **5.2.2** Fluorescent reference standard for use in adjusting the UV content of the radiation incident upon the sample, having a CIE whiteness  $(D65/10^{\circ})$  unit assigned by an ISO 4094 authorized laboratory as prescribed in ISO 11475:2004, Annex B.