

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD kSIST-TS FprCEN ISO/TS 23818-1:2020

01-oktober-2020

Ugotavljanje skladnosti cevnih sistemov iz polimernih materialov za obnovo obstoječih cevovodov - 1. del: Polietilen (PE) (ISO/TS 23818-1:2020)

Assessment of conformity of plastics piping systems for the rehabilitation of existing pipelines - Part 1: Polyethylene (PE) material (ISO/TS 23818-1:2020)

Konformitätsbewertung von Kunsstoffrohrleitungssystemen zur Sanierung von bestehenden Rohrleitungen - Teil 1: Polyethylen (PE) (ISO/TS 23818-1:2020)

L'évaluation de la conformité des systèmes de canalisations en plastique destinés à la réhabilitation des réseaux existantes - Partie 1: Matériau Polyéthylène (PE) (ISO/TS 23818-1:2020)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten 2: FprCEN ISO/TS 23818-1

ICS:

23.040.20 Cevi iz polimernih materialov Plastics pipes

kSIST-TS FprCEN ISO/TS 23818-1:2020 en,fr,de

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# **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

ISO/TS 23818-1

> First edition 2020-02

## Assessment of conformity of plastics piping systems for the rehabilitation of existing pipelines —

Aluation de la conformité des sysplastique destinés à la réhabilitation
Partie 1: Matériau Polyéthylène (PE) Polyethylene (PE) material

L'évaluation de la conformité des systèmes de canalisations en plastique destinés à la réhabilitation des réseaux existantes —



Reference number ISO/TS 23818-1:2020(E)



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Published in Switzerland

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## **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 138, *Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids*, Subcommittee SC 8, *Rehabilitation of pipeline systems*.

A list of all parts in the ISO/TS 23818 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

## Introduction

System standards dealing with the following applications are either available or in preparation for pipeline rehabilitation:

- ISO 11296, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground non-pressure drainage and sewerage networks;
- ISO 11297, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground drainage and sewerage networks under pressure;
- ISO 11298, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground water supply networks;
- ISO 11299, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground gas supply networks;
- ISO 21225, Plastics piping systems for the trenchless replacement of underground pipeline networks.

These system standards are distinguished from those for conventionally installed plastics piping systems by the requirement to verify certain characteristics in the as-installed condition, after site processing. This is in addition to specifying requirements for plastics piping system components as manufactured.

For the assessment of conformity, three Technical Specifications for pipes of distinct materials are applicable:

- ISO/TS 23818-1 (this document), Assessment of conformity of plastics piping systems for the rehabilitation of existing pipelines—Part 1: Polyethylene (PE) material;
- ISO/TS 23818-2<sup>1)</sup>, Assessment of conformity of plastics piping systems for the rehabilitation of existing pipelines — Part 2: Resin-fibre composite (RFC) material;
- ISO/TS 23818-3<sup>2)</sup>, Assessment of conformity of plastics piping systems for the rehabilitation of existing pipelines Part 3: Unplasticized poly(viny) chloride) (PVC-U) material.

These three Technical Specifications cover the system standards, as presented in <u>Table 1</u>.

<sup>1)</sup> Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: ISO/WD TS 23818-2:2020.

<sup>2)</sup> Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: ISO/WD TS 23818-3:2020

Table 1 — Structure of Technical Specifications for assessment of conformity

	Material	Technique	Application						
Technical Specification			Non-pressure drainage and sewerage networks	Drainage and sewerage networks under pressure	Water supply networks	Gas supply networks			
	PE	LINING WITH CONTIN- UOUS PIPES, CLOSE-FIT PIPES AND SPIRALLY WOUND PIPES	ISO 11296-2	ISO 11297-2	ISO 11298-2	ISO 11299-2			
			ISO 11296-3	ISO 11297-3	ISO 11298-3	ISO 11299-3			
			ISO 11296-7						
ISO/TS 23818-1		TRENCHLESS RE- PLACEMENT USING PIPE BURSTING, PIPE EXTRACTION, HORI- ZONTAL DRILLING AND IMPACT MOLING	ISO 21225-1	ISO 21225-1	ISO 21225-1	ISO 21225-1			
			ISO 21225-2	ISO 21225-2	ISO 21225-2	ISO 21225-2			
ISO/TS 23818-2a	RFC	LINING WITH CURED- IN-PLACE PIPES (CIPP)	ISO 11296-4	ISO 11297-4	ISO 11298-4 <sup>a</sup>	_			
Vac (ma 20040 a)	PVC-U	LINING WITH CLOSE- FIT PIPES	ISO 11296-3	GAY.	9'				
ISO/TS 23818-3 <sup>a</sup>		AND SPIRALLY WOUND PIPES	ISO 11296-7	- Alakanisa	<i>∞</i> –	_			
a Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: ISO/DIS 11298-4									

The format of the three Technical Specifications is in line with technical specifications for assessment of conformity to other system standards, apart from presenting the detailed requirements for inspection and testing in two annexes, for non-pressure applications and pressure applications (where applicable) respectively.

The format is schematically represented in Figure 1.

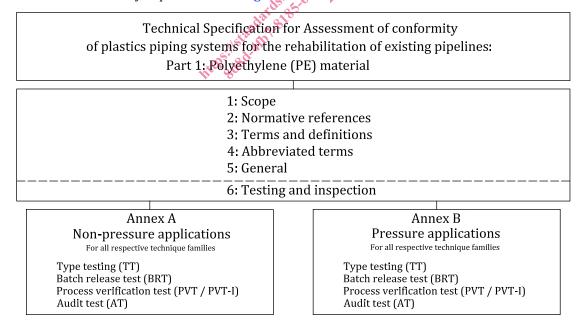


Figure 1 — Format of the Technical Specifications for conformity assessment

Figures 2 and 3 are intended to provide general information on the concept of testing and organisation of those tests used for the purpose of the assessment of conformity. For each type of test, i.e. type testing (TT), batch release test (BRT), process verification test (PVT), and audit test (AT), this document details the applicable characteristics to be assessed as well as the frequency and sampling of testing.

A typical scheme for the assessment of conformity of PE pipes, fittings, joints or assemblies by manufacturers is given in Figure 2.

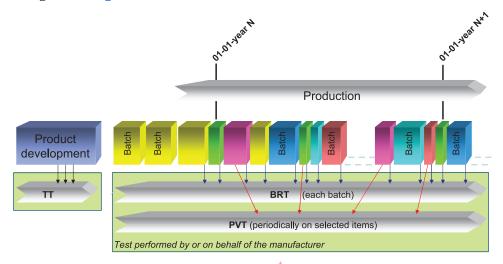


Figure 2 — Typical scheme for the assessment of conformity by a manufacturer

A typical scheme for the assessment of conformity of PE pipes, fittings, joints or assemblies by manufacturers, including certification, is given in Figure 3.

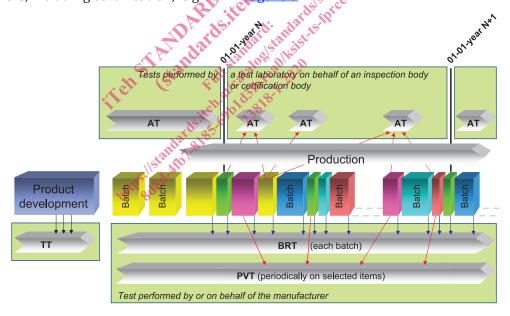


Figure 3 — Typical scheme for the assessment of conformity by a manufacturer, including certification

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## Assessment of conformity of plastics piping systems for the rehabilitation of existing pipelines —

## Part 1:

## Polyethylene (PE) material

## 1 Scope

This document provides a scheme for the assessment of conformity of PE products and assemblies for the rehabilitation of existing pipelines, in accordance with the applicable parts of ISO 11296, ISO 11297, ISO 11298, ISO 11299 and ISO 21225, and intended to be included in the manufacturer's quality plan as part of the quality management system and for the establishment of certification procedures.

In order to help the reader, summary tables of overall scheme requirements are provided in Annex E. NOTE

## **Normative references**

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4427-1, Plastics piping systems for water supply and for drainage and sewerage under pressure — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 1: General

ISO 4427-2, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure — *Polyethylene (PE)* — *Part 2: Pipes* 

ISO 4427-3, Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 3: Fittings

ISO 4437-1:2014, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 1: General

ISO 4437-2:2014, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 2: Pipes

ISO 4437-3:2014, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels — Polyethylene (PE) — Part 3: *Fittings* 

ISO 6259-1, Thermoplastics pipes — Determination of tensile properties — Part 1: General test method

ISO 11296-1:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground non-pressure drainage and sewerage networks — Part 1: General

ISO 11296-2:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground non-pressure drainage and *sewerage networks — Part 2: Lining with continuous pipes* 

ISO 11296-3:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground non-pressure drainage and sewerage networks — Part 3: Lining with close-fit pipes

ISO 11296-7:2019, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground non-pressure drainage and sewerage networks — Part 7: Lining with spirally-wound pipes

ISO 11297-1:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground drainage and sewerage networks under pressure — Part 1: General

ISO 11297-2:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground drainage and sewerage networks under pressure — Part 2: Lining with continuous pipes

ISO 11297-3:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground drainage and sewerage networks under pressure — Part 3: Lining with close-fit pipes

ISO 11298-1:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground water supply networks — Part 1: General

ISO 11298-2:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground water supply networks — Part 2: Lining with continuous pipes

ISO 11298-3:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground water supply networks — Part 3: Lining with close-fit pipes

ISO 11299-1:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground gas supply networks — Part 1: General

ISO 11299-2:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground gas supply networks — Part 2: Lining with continuous pipes

ISO 11299-3:2018, Plastics piping systems for renovation of underground gas supply networks — Part 3: Lining with close-fit pipes

ISO 12162, Thermoplastics materials for pipes and fittings for pressure applications — Classification, designation and design coefficient

ISO 13477, Thermoplastics pipes for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of resistance to rapid crack propagation (RCP) — Small-scale steady-state test (S4 test)

ISO 13478, Thermoplastics pipes for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of resistance to rapid crack propagation (RCP) — Full-scale test (FST)

ISO 21225-1:2018, Plastics piping systems for the trenchless replacement of underground pipeline networks — Part 1: Replacement on the line by pipe bursting and pipe extraction

ISO 21225-2:2018, Plastics piping systems for the trenchless replacement of underground pipeline networks — Part 2: Replacement off the line by horizontal directional drilling and impact moling

ISO 21751, Plastics pipes and fittings — Decohesion test of electrofusion assemblies — Strip-bend test

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in the applicable parts of ISO 11296, ISO 11297, ISO 11298, ISO 11299, ISO 21225 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

## 3.1 Assessment of conformity

#### 3.1.1

## certification body

impartial body, governmental or non-governmental, possessing the necessary competence and responsibility to carry out certification of conformity according to given rules of procedure and management

Note 1 to entry: A certification body should preferably operate in accordance with ISO/IEC 17021-1 $^{[4]}$  or ISO/IEC 17065 $^{[6]}$ .

#### 3.1.2

### inspection body

body that performs inspection

Note 1 to entry: An inspection body can be an organization, or part of an organization.

Note 2 to entry: An inspection body should preferably operate in accordance with ISO/IEC  $17020^{[3]}$  or ISO/IEC  $17021-1^{[4]}$ .

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 17020:2012[3], 3.5, modified — Notes to entry added.]

#### 3.1.3

### testing laboratory

laboratory which measures, tests, calibrates or otherwise determines the characteristics of the performance of *materials* (3.1.13) and products

Note 1 to entry: In the context of this document, the materials and products can be subjected to *type testing* (3.1.6), *batch release test* (3.1.7), *process verification test* (3.1.8), *audit test* (3.1.10), and *witness test* (3.1.12), as applicable.

Note 2 to entry: A testing laboratory should preferably operate in accordance with ISO/IEC 17025<sup>[5]</sup>.

### 3.1.4

#### quality management system

part of a management system with regard to quality

Note 1 to entry: Requirements for quality management systems are given in ISO 9001<sup>[2]</sup>.

[SOURCE: ISO 9000:2015, 3.5.4, modified — Note 1 to entry added.]

#### 3.1.5

#### quality plan

document setting out the specific quality practices, resources and sequence of activities relevant to a particular product or range of products

#### 3.1.6

### type testing

#### TT

testing performed to prove that the *material* (3.1.13), pipe, *joint* (3.1.21) or *assembly* (3.1.23) is capable of conforming to the requirements given in the relevant standard

Note 1 to entry: The type test results should remain valid until there is a change in the material or product or assembly provided that the *process verification tests* (3.1.8) are done regularly.

#### 3.1.7

## batch release test

#### BRT

test performed by or on behalf of the manufacturer on a batch of PE products, which has to be satisfactorily completed before the batch can be released