## FINAL DRAFT

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## **Geographic information — Data product specifications**

Information géographique — Spécifications de contenu informationnel

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

**ISO/FDIS 19131** 

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d5fddae-eff3-45f0-8fd9-0bd33e36ce53/iso-fdis-19131

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Co	Contents			
Fore	eword		V	
Intr	oductio	on	<b>vi</b> i	
1	Scon	De	1	
_	-			
2		mative references		
3	Tern	ns and definitions	1	
4	Symbols and abbreviated terms			
	4.1	Abbreviated terms		
	4.2	Unified Modeling Language		
	4.3	4.3 Externally defined classes		
5		formance		
	5.1	General		
	5.2 5.3	Content of a data product specification		
		XML encoding of a data product specification		
6	_	uirements for data product specifications		
	6.1	General Structure and acceptant of a data and dark are signed.		
	6.2	Structure and content of a data product specification		
		6.2.2 Sections	8	
		6.2.2 Sections	9	
		6.2.4 Specification overview and description	9	
		6.2.5 Dependency on other standards e.h.al		
		6.2.6 Requirements		
		6.2.7 Class DataProductSpecification		
		6.2.8 httpClassnTermEntryatalog/standards/sist/0d5fddae-eff3-45f0-8fd9- 6.2.9 Class AbbreviationEntry3/iso-fdis-19131	15	
	6.3	Identification section		
	0.0	6.3.1 Requirements		
		6.3.2 Class IdentificationSection		
		6.3.3 Class Purpose		
		6.3.4 Class UseCase		
	6.4	Scope section		
		6.4.1 Requirements 6.4.2 Class ScopeSection		
		6.4.3 Class SpecificationScope		
	6.5	Data content and structure section		
		6.5.1 General	26	
		6.5.2 Requirements		
		6.5.3 Class DataContentAndStructureSection		
		6.5.4 Class DataContentAndStructure		
	6.6	Reference systems section 6.6.1 Requirements		
		6.6.2 Class ReferenceSystemSection		
		6.6.3 Class ReferenceSystem		
	6.7	Data quality section		
		6.7.1 Requirements	33	
		6.7.2 Class DataQualitySection		
		6.7.3 Class DataQuality		
	6.8	6.7.4 Class ConformanceQualityLevel  Data capture and production section		
	0.0	6.8.1 Requirements		
		6.8.2 Class DataCaptureAndProductionSection		
		683 Class Data Capture And Production	37	

		6.8.4 Class DataAcquisitionAndProcessing	38
	6.9		
		6.9.2 Class MaintenanceSection	40
	6.10		
		1	
		<b>3</b>	
	6.11		
		J	
	(12	1 3	
	0.12		
	613		
	0.15	613.1 Requirements STANDARD PREVIEW	51
		6.13.2 Class AdditionalInformationSection	52
		6.13.3 Class Additional Information and State 1.31	52
	6.14		
7	Requi	rements for XML encoding <u>ISO/FDIS 19131</u>	53
Annex		https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d5tddae_ett3_45t0_8td9_	
	6.9.1 Requirements       39         6.9.2 Class Maintenance       40         6.9.3 Class Maintenance       40         6.9.4 Class MaintenanceAndUpdateFrequency       41         6.10 Portrayal section       41         6.10.1 Requirements       41         6.10.2 Class PortrayalSection       42         6.10.3 Class Portrayal       43         6.11 Delivery section       43         6.11.1 Requirements       43         6.11.2 Class DeliverySection       45         6.11.3 Class DeliveryFormat       46         6.11.4 Class DeliveryFormat       46         6.11.5 Class DeliveryMedium       47         6.11.6 Class DeliveryService       47         6.11.7 Class ServiceProperty       48         6.12.1 Requirements       48         6.12.2 Class Metadata Section       50         6.12.3 Class Metadata       50         6.12.4 Class Metadata Element       50         6.13.1 Requirements       51         6.13.1 Requirements       51         6.13.2 Class Additional Information Section       52         6.13.3 Class Additional Information Section       52		
	-	-	
Annex	D (info	rmative) Example of a data product specification (text)	69
Annex	E (nor	mative) XML encoding description	81
Annex	<b>F</b> (nor	mative) OWL encoding description	83
Biblio	graphy		84

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information/about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. (standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 211, *Geographic information/Geomatics*. ISO/FDIS 19131

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 19131:2007), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates ISO 19131:2007/Amd 1:2011.31

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- XML encoding has been added;
- Mandatory sections working as place holders have been introduced;
- The UML model has been restructured, introducing new/renamed attributes and elements, and ISO 19115-1 datatypes have been used where possible.
- New attributes and elements have been introduced to separate information in the Overview.
- In the Identification section:
  - the description and identification of the data product has been clearly separated from the description and identification of the specification;
  - the data type for attribute *purpose* has been changed to allow explanation of the purpose of the data product using use cases;
  - the attribute *extent* has been changed to allow specification of temporal and vertical extent, in addition to the geographical extent; and
  - a new attribute *restriction* has been introduced, used to describe handling restrictions of the data product.
- In the Scope section:
  - relations between scopes have been removed (the concept of super and sub scopes); and

- a requirement has been introduced that at least one of the attributes level, levelName, or extent shall be used for each scope.
- The Data content and structure section has been restructured using elements from ISO 19115-1.
- In the Reference System section, the data type of the attribute temporalReferenceSystem has been changed.
- In the Quality section:
  - the requirement to list data quality elements that have no defined quality requirements has been removed: and
  - a new attribute requirementId has been introduced, to be able to reference a specific data quality requirement in other contexts.
- In the Data Capture and Production section, new elements and attributes have been introduced, to contain information previously located in the attribute. *dataCaptureStatement*
- In the Maintenance section, information about maintenance has been made mandatory, and the data type of the attribute maintenanceAndUpdateFrequency has been changed, with a new mandatory attribute introduced.
- In the Delivery section, a new attribute *deliveryService* has been introduced.
- The Metadata section has been restructured and new attributes introduced to specify the metadata standard and encoding to be used, as well as a possibility to describe how specific metadata elements should be used. A recommended layout is introduced. (standards.iteh.ai)
- A detailed overview regarding changes and backwards compatibility can be found in Annex B. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d5fddae-eff3-45f0-8fd9-

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

## Introduction

A data product specification is a specification of a dataset or dataset series together with additional information that will enable it to be created, supplied to and used by another party. In this context of creating, supplying and using data products, the specification thereof is of essence in a controlled and standardized process leading to interoperability. The data product specification is the final product in a process that describes the conceptual formalization of semantics and data structure related to specific requirements or use cases. It is a precise and full description of the data product in terms of the requirements that it will or may fulfil. A data product specification is primarily a technical document that may contain non-technical elements such as narrative descriptions of some aspects, like the overview or data capture statements. However, for various reasons compromises may need to be made in the implementation.

The purpose of this document is to provide requirements on the content of data product specifications, in conformance with other existing standards for geographic information. This conformance is at different levels. Firstly, there is the aspect of a dataset and its metadata conforming to a data product specification, and secondly that the data product specification conforms to ISO 19131. Some of the items used to specify the data product in a data product specification can also be used as metadata for a data product that conforms to the data product specification. Figure 1 shows how a data product specification relates to datasets and their metadata.

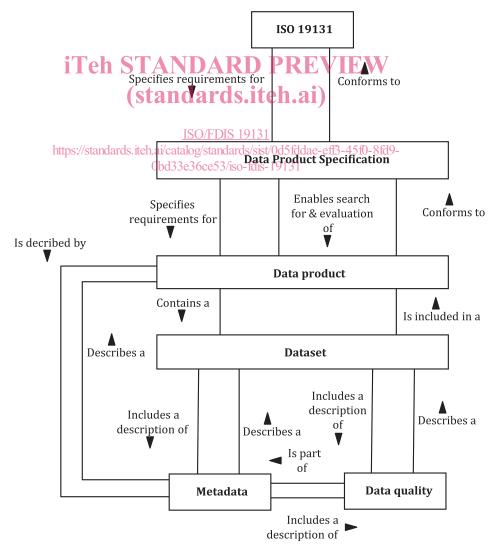


Figure 1 — Relations between ISO 19131, the data product specification and the datasets

A data product specification may be created and used on different occasions, by different parties and for different reasons. It may, for example, be used for the original process of collecting data as well as for products derived from already existing data. It may be created by producers to specify their product or by users to state their requirements.

This document describes the content, structure and encoding of a data product specification.

This document contains URIs for normative statements, conformance classes, conformance tests and requirements classes. Also, other standards are referenced with URIs. All URIs within the namespace <a href="https://standards.isotc211.org/iso19131/-/2">https://standards.isotc211.org/iso19131/-/2</a> are resolvable. URIs outside this namespace may not be resolvable.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/FDIS 19131 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d5fddae-eff3-45f0-8fd9-0bd33e36ce53/iso-fdis-19131

## Geographic information — Data product specifications

## 1 Scope

This document describes requirements for the specification of geographic data products, based upon the concepts of other International Standards in the ISO 19100 family of standards. It also provides guidance in the creation of data product specifications, so that they are easily understood and fit for their intended purpose.

This document also specifies XML encoding of data product specifications.

This document provides OWL representation of the underlying UML model. See Annex F.

This document is intended for use by data producers, data providers, service providers and potential users of data products.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 639-2, Codes for the representation of names of languages — Part 2: Alpha-3 code

ISO 19103, Geographic information — Conceptual schema language ISO/FDIS 19131

ISO 19108, Geographia information chai Temporal schema/0d5fddae-eff3-45f0-8fd9-

0bd33e36ce53/iso-fdis-19131

ISO 19115-1, Geographic information — Metadata — Part 1: Fundamentals

ISO 19157, Geographic information — Data quality

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 3.1

### application

manipulation and processing of data in support of user requirements

[SOURCE: ISO 19101-1:2014, 4.1.1]

#### 3.2

## application schema

*conceptual schema* (3.4) for data required by one or more *applications* (3.1)

[SOURCE: ISO 19101-1:2014, 4.1.2]

#### 3.3

### conceptual model

model that defines concepts of a universe of discourse (3.23)

[SOURCE: ISO 19101-1:2014, 4.1.5]

#### 3.4

### conceptual schema

formal description of a conceptual model (3.3)

[SOURCE: ISO 19101-1:2014, 4.1.6]

#### 3.5

## conformance quality level

threshold value or set of threshold values for data *quality* (3.20) results used to determine how well a dataset (3.10) meets the criteria set forth in its data product specification (3.9) or user requirements

Note 1 to entry: In the context of 19131, dataset refer to data product.

[SOURCE: ISO 19157:2013, 4.4]

#### 3.6

#### coverage

*feature* (3.13) that acts as a function to return values from its range for any direct position within its spatial, temporal or spatiotemporal domain

EXAMPLE Raster image, polygon overlay, digital elevation matrix. REVIE. W

[SOURCE: ISO 19123:2005, 4.1.7, modified NOTE has been deleted.]

#### 3.7

#### data capture

**ISO/FDIS 19131** 

action or process of collecting datandards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d5fddae-eff3-45f0-8fd9-0bd33e36ce53/iso-fdis-19131

Note 1 to entry: The capture can be human interaction (such as field observation) or by computers

## 3.8

## data product

dataset (3.10) or dataset series (3.11) that may be supplied

Note 1 to entry: A data product may contain additional information such as *portrayal* (3.19), data *quality* (3.20), *metadata* (3.17) and distribution format.

#### 3.9

#### data product specification

specification (3.21) of a data product (3.8) together with additional information that will enable it to be created, supplied to and used by another party

Note 1 to entry: A data product specification provides a description of the *universe of discourse* (3.23) and a specification for mapping the universe of discourse to a data product. It may be used for production, sales, enduse or other purposes.

## 3.10

#### dataset

identifiable collection of data

Note 1 to entry: A dataset may be a smaller grouping of data which, though limited by some constraint such as spatial extent or *feature* (3.13) type, is located physically within a larger dataset. Theoretically, a dataset may be as small as a single feature or *feature attribute* (3.15) contained within a larger dataset. A hardcopy map or chart may be considered a dataset.

[SOURCE: ISO 19115-1:2014, 4.3]

#### 3.11

#### dataset series

collection of *datasets* (3.10) sharing common characteristics

[SOURCE: ISO 19115-1:2014, 4.4]

## 3.12

## domain

well-defined set

Note 1 to entry: Well-defined means that the definition is both necessary and sufficient, as everything that satisfies the definition is in the set and everything that does not satisfy the definition is necessarily outside the set.

[SOURCE: ISO 19109:2015, 4.8]

#### 3.13

#### feature

abstraction of real-world phenomena

Note 1 to entry: A feature may occur as a type or an instance. Feature type or feature instance shall be used when only one is meant.

[SOURCE: ISO 19101-1:2014, 4.1.11]

#### 3.14

#### feature association

relationship that links instances of one *feature* (3.13) type with instances of the same or a different feature type

Note 1 to entry: A *feature* (3.13) association may occur as a type or an instance. Feature association type or feature association instance is used when only one is meant.

ISO/FDIS 19131

Note 2 to entry: Feature associations include aggregation of features.eff3-45f0-8fd9-

0bd33e36ce53/iso-fdis-19131

[SOURCE: ISO 19110:2016, 3.3]

#### 3.15

#### feature attribute

characteristic of a *feature* (3.13)

Note 1 to entry: A *feature* (3.13) attribute has a name, a data type and a value *domain* (3.12) associated to it. A feature attribute for a feature instance has an attribute value taken from the value domain.

Note 2 to entry: A *feature* (3.13) attribute may occur as a type or an instance. Feature attribute type or feature attribute instance is used when only one is meant.

[SOURCE: ISO 19101-1:2014, 4.1.12, modified — EXAMPLES 1 and 2 were deleted, Notes 2 and 3 to entry were deleted and a new Note 2 to entry has been added.]

#### 3.16

#### geographic data

data with implicit or explicit reference to a location relative to the Earth

Note 1 to entry: Geographic information is also used as a term for information concerning phenomena implicitly or explicitly associated with a location relative to the Earth.

[SOURCE: ISO 19109:2015, 4.13]

#### 3.17

#### metadata

information about a resource

[SOURCE: ISO 19115-1:2014, 4.10]

#### 3.18

#### model

abstraction of some aspects of reality

### 3.19

## portrayal

representation of information for human interpretation

#### 3.20

### quality

degree to which a set of inherent characteristics of an object fulfils requirements

[SOURCE: ISO 9000:2015, 3.6.2, modified – Notes 1 and 2 to entry have been deleted.]

#### 3.21

## specification

document stating requirements

[SOURCE: ISO 9000:2015, 3.8.7, modified – Notes 1 and 2 to entry have been deleted.]

#### 3.22

## specification scope

definition of a part of a *data product* (3.8) with certain characteristics

Note 1 to entry: A specification scope may for example be based on spatial or temporal extent, certain feature (3.13) types or properties or product hierarchy. iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

#### 3.23

#### universe of discourse

## (standards.iteh.ai)

view of the real or hypothetical world that includes everything of interest

**ISO/FDIS 19131** [SOURCE: ISO 19101-1:2014, 4.1.38] https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/0d5fddae-eff3-45f0-8fd9-

0bd33e36ce53/iso-fdis-19131

## Symbols and abbreviated terms

## 4.1 Abbreviated terms

This document adopts the following conventions for presentation purposes:

UML **Unified Modeling Language** 

**XML** Extensible Markup Language

URI Uniform Resource Identifier

**OWL** Web Ontology Language

#### 4.2 **Unified Modeling Language**

In this document, conceptual schemas are presented in the Unified Modeling Language (UML). ISO 19103 presents the specific profile of UML used in this document.

#### **Externally defined classes** 4.3

Several model elements used in this document are defined in packages specified in other International Standards; these are listed in <u>Table 1</u>.

Table 1 — Externally defined classes

Class name	Package	International standard
CI_Citation	Citation	ISO 19115-1
CI_Date	Citation	ISO 19115-1
CI_Responsibility	Citation	ISO 19115-1
DQ_ConformanceResult	Data Quality	ISO 19157
DQ_DescriptiveResult	Data Quality	ISO 19157
DQ_Element	Data Quality	ISO 19157
DQ_QuantitativeResult	Data Quality	ISO 19157
EX_Extent	Extent	ISO 19115-1
LanguageCode	Language-characterset localization	ISO 19115-1
LI_ProcessStep	Lineage	ISO 19115-1
LI_Source	Lineage	ISO 19115-1
MD_ApplicationSchemaInformation	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MD_CharacterSetCode	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MD_ClassificationCode	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MD_Constraints	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MD_ContentInformation	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MD_CoverageDescription	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MD_FeatureCatalogue 11 en STA	Metadata PKLVILW	ISO 19115-1
MD_FeatureCatalogueDescription	Metadata sitch ai	ISO 19115-1
MD_Keywords	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MD_MaintenanceFrequencyCode	Metadatas 19131	ISO 19115-1
MD_ReferenceSystemhttps://standards.iteh.ai/o	Metadatalards/sist/0d5fddae-eff3-45f0-8fd9-	ISO 19115-1
MD_Resolution Obc	Metadata iso-fdis-19131	ISO 19115-1
MD_ScopeCode	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MD_SpatialRepresentationTypeCode	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MD_TopicCategoryCode	Metadata	ISO 19115-1
MediaType		ISO 19103
TM_PeriodDuration	Temporal	ISO 19108

## 5 Conformance

## 5.1 General

In this document two conformance classes are defined, see  $\underline{5.2}$  and  $\underline{5.3}$ . The related tests are provided in the abstract test suite in  $\underline{\text{Annex A}}$ .

Requirements and recommendations are explicitly marked and assigned a requirement identifier or a recommendation identifier.

## 5.2 Content of a data product specification

<u>Table 2</u> describes the conformance class for the content of a data product specification.

Table 2 — Content conformance class

Conformance class	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/conf/content
Standardization target type	Instance of a data product specification, regardless of data encoding

Table 2 (continued)

Conformance class	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/conf/content
Dependency	https://standards.isotc211.org/19103/-/1/ (Conceptual schema language):
	— Conformance class UML2
	Conformance class CoreExtendedTypes
	Classes referred to in this document, as specified in:
	https://standards.isotc211.org/19108/-/1/ (Temporal schema)
	https://standards.isotc211.org/19115/-1/1/ (Metadata – Part 1: Fundamentals)
	https://standards.isotc211.org/19157/-/1/ (Data quality)
Requirements class	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content (see Clause 6)
Tests	All tests in <u>A.1</u>

Requirement URIs in <u>Clause 6</u> are based on <u>https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/</u> and distinguished by the requirement identifier.

Recommendation URIs in <u>Clause 6</u> are based on <u>https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/rec/optionalContent/</u> and distinguished by the recommendation identifier.

## 5.3 XML encoding of a data product specification D PREVIEW

<u>Table 3</u> describes the conformance class for the XML representation of a data product specification.

Table 3 — XML encoding conformance class

Conformance class	0battps://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/conf/xml
Standardization target type	XML document representing a data product specification
Dependency	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/conf/content
Requirements class	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/xml (see Clause 7)
Tests	All tests in A.2

Requirement URIs in <u>Clause 7</u> are based on <u>https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/xml/</u> and distinguished by the requirement identifier.

## 6 Requirements for data product specifications

## 6.1 General

<u>Subclauses 6.2</u> to <u>6.13</u> describe elements of a data product specification based on the conceptual UML model for ISO 19131 (second edition) being part of the ISO/TC 211 harmonized model. Furthermore, additional descriptions, requirements and recommendations are included. A compact documentation of the elements in the UML model is provided in <u>Annex C</u>.

Annex D contains an example of a data product specification's content according to the content in <u>6.2</u> to <u>6.13</u>.

Subclause 6.14 provides a recommendation on how to order the elements described in 6.2 to 6.13 when human readability is prioritized.

The rules that apply for the content of a data product specification comprise a requirements class summarized in Table 4.

Table 4 — Requirements class for the content of a data product specification

Requirements class	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content
Standardization target type	Instance of a data product specification, regardless of data encoding
Dependency	https://standards.isotc211.org/19103/-/1/ (Conceptual schema language)
Dependency	https://standards.isotc211.org/19108/-/1/ (Temporal schema)
Dependency	https://standards.isotc211.org/19115/-1/1/ (Metadata – Part 1: Fundamentals)
Dependency	https://standards.isotc211.org/19157/-/1/ (Data quality)
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/specification-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/specification-language
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/identification-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/extent
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/scope-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/scope-cover
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/specification-scope
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/scope-identification
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/content-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/content-scope
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/reference-model
Requirement iTe	https://standards/isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/reference-scope
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/quality-level
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/quality-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/quality-scope
Requirement https://star	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/r/2/req/gontent/capture-model
Requirement	https://staindards:isoto2flk.org/fl9131/-/2/req/content/capture-scope
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/maintenance-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/maintenance-scope
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/maintenance -updateFrequency
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/portrayal-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/portrayal-scope
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/delivery-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/delivery-scope
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/delivery-specification
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/metadata-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/metadata-scope
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/additional-model
Requirement	https://standards.isotc211.org/19131/-/2/req/content/additional-content

In addition to the requirements class in  $\frac{Table\ 4}{2}$ , a recommendations class is defined in  $\frac{Table\ 5}{2}$ . These recommendations, when implemented, can contribute to improved content of a data product specification. However, recommendations are optional and do not have an impact on the results of conformance testing, thus the recommendations class in  $\frac{Table\ 5}{2}$  is not related to any of the conformance classes defined in  $\frac{Clause\ 4}{2}$ .