# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

Third edition 1990-05-01 AMENDMENT 1 1993-11-01

## Isoprene rubber (IR) — Non-oil-extended, solutionpolymerized types — Evaluation procedure

## AMENDMENT 1

## iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Caoutchouc isoprène (IR) — Types polymérisés en solution et non étendus à l'huile — Méthode d'évaluation

### AMENDEMENT990/Amd 1:1993

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/faede69c-e80b-44f0-9697fcfea59fbf30/iso-2303-1990-amd-1-1993



### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are VIEW circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

#### ISO 2303:1990/Amd 1:1993

Amendment 1 to International Standard ISO 2303/1990 was prepared by 80b-44/0-9697-Technical Committee ISO/TC 45, Rubber and fubber products, Sub93 Committee SC 3, Raw materials (including latex) for use in the rubber industry.

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## Isoprene rubber (IR) — Non-oil-extended, solutionpolymerized types — Evaluation procedure

**AMENDMENT 1** 

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with the nip settings specified hereunder, small <u>ISO 2303:1990/Amadjust</u>ments to the mill openings may be necessary.

Replace the text of 5.2 by the following text catalog/standards/sist/faede69c-e80b-44f0-9697fcfea59fbf30/iso-2303-199**(5.2):21-11-1Procedure A** 

#### 5.2 Procedure

#### 5.2.1 Equipment and procedure

Equipment and procedure for the preparation, mixing and vulcanization shall be in accordance with ISO 2393.

#### 5.2.2 Mill mixing procedures

Two mill mixing procedures are specified, A and B. The mixing time is shorter in method B.

The two methods will not necessarily give identical results. In laboratory cross checks or in a series of evaluations the same procedure shall be used in all cases.

In both methods the standard laboratory mill batch mass, in grams, shall be based on four times the formula mass. The surface temperature of the rolls shall be maintained at 70 °C  $\pm$  5 °C throughout the mixing.

A good rolling bank at the nip of the rolls shall be maintained during mixing. If this is not obtained a) Pass the rubber between the rolls twice without banding, with the mill opening set at 0,5 mm ...... approx. 2

b) Weigh the rubber.

c) Band the rubber with the mill opening set at 1,4 mm and make two 3/4 cuts from each side

2.0

Cumulative

time

(min)

Duration

(min)

2,0

NOTE 1 Some types of isoprene rubber go to the back roll, in which case the stearic acid should be added and after its incorporation the rubber can usually be transferred to the front roll. In addition, certain tougher types of isoprene rubber may require slightly longer breakdown before the addition of other materials in order to obtain a good rolling bank.

d) Set the mill opening to	5.2.2.2 Procedure B				
1,7 mm and add the stearic acid. Make one 3/4 cut from each side	2,0	4,0		Duration (min)	Cumulative time (min)
e) Add the zinc oxide and the sulfur. Make one 3/4 cut from each side	3,0	7,0	<ul> <li>a) Pass the rubber between the rolls twice without band- ing, with the mill opening set at 0,5 mm ± 0,1 mm. Then band the rubber between the</li> </ul>		
f) Add the carbon black evenly across the mill at a			rolls with the mill opening gradually increased to 1,4 mm.	2,0	2,0
uniform rate. When about half the black has been incorpor- ated, open the mill to 1,9 mm			b) Add the stearic acid. Make one 3/4 cut from each side	2,0	4,0
and make one 3/4 cut from each side. Then add the re- mainder of the carbon black.			c) Add the sulfur and the zinc oxide. Make two 3/4 cuts from each side	3.0	7.0
has dropped into the mill pan. When all the black has been incorporated, make one 3/4 cut			d) Add half of the carbon black. Make two 3/4 cuts from		
from each side	13,0	20,0	each side	3,0	10,0
g) Add the TBBS with the mill opening still at 1,9 mm. Make three 3/4 cuts from each	en S	standar	e) Add the remaining half of the carbon black and the black that has dropped into the mill pan. Make three 3/4 cuts from		
sidehttps://sta	3,0 andards.	<b>123,0</b> 2303:19 iteh.ai/catalog/stan	90/Amelach Side dards/sist/faede69c-e80b-44f0-9697-	5,0	15,0
h) Cut the batch from the mill. Set the mill opening to 0.8 mm and pass the rolled	f¢	tea59fbf30/iso-23	<sup>03-199</sup> f) <sup>-an</sup> Add the TBBS. Make three 3/4 cuts from each side	3,0	18,0
batch endwise through the rolls six times	3,0	26,0	g) Cut the batch from the mill. Set the mill opening to $0.5 \text{ mm} \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$ and pass the		
Total time	26,0		rolled batch endwise through the rolls six times	2,0	20,0
i) Sheet the batch to an approximate thickness Total time of 6 mm and check-weigh the batch (see				20,0	-

ISO 2393). If the mass of the batch differs from the theoretical value by more than 0,5 %, discard h) Sheet the batch to approximately 2,2 mm for the batch and re-mix. Remove sufficient material preparing test slabs or to the appropriate thickness for preparing ISO ring test pieces in accordance with ISO 37.

> i) Cut the batch from the mill and check-weigh the batch (see ISO 2393). If the mass of the batch differs from the theoretical value by more than 0,5 %, discard the batch and re-mix.

> j) Condition the batch for 2 h to 24 h after mixing and prior to vulcanizing, if possible at standard temperature and humidity as defined in ISO 471.

#### j) Sheet the batch to approximately 2,2 mm for preparing test slabs or to the appropriate thickness for preparing ISO ring test pieces in accordance with ISO 37.

for curemeter testing.

k) Condition the batch for 2 h to 24 h after mixing and prior to vulcanizing, if possible at standard temperature and humidity as defined in ISO 471.

### 6 Evaluation of vulcanization characteristics with the oscillating disc curemeter

After "die temperature: 160 °C ± 0,3 °C", add

"(A temperature of  $150 \degree C \pm 0.3 \degree C$  may also be used)".

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#### 8 Test report

Add the following two new paragraphs:

- "i) the mixing procedure used in 5.2.2;
- j) the die temperature used in clause 6 for the curemeter test."

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#### UDC 678.7:547.315.2

Descriptors: rubber, synthetic rubber, isoprene rubber, tests, physical tests, chemical tests, vulcanizing, test specimens, reference materials.

Price based on 3 pages

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