

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 61300-2-5:1999

01-maj-1999

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-5: Tests - Torsion/twist (IEC 61300-2-5:1995)

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-5: Tests - Torsion/twist (IEC 61300-2-5:1995)

Lichtwellenleiter - Verbindungselemente und passive Bauteile - Grundlegende Prüf- und Meßverfahren -- Teil 2-5: Prüfungen: Torsjon/Verdrehung: V

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques - Méthodes fondamentales d'essais et de mesures -- Partie 2-5; Essais - Torsion/rotation

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ba9132fa989a/sist-en-61300-2-5-1999 Veten z: EN 61300-2-5:1997 Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z:

ICS:

Ú[ç^:[çæ]}^Á;æ]¦æç^Áæ 33.180.20 Fibre optic interconnecting

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EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 61300-2-5

July 1997

ICS 33.180.20

English version

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-5: Tests - Torsion/twist (IEC 61300-2-5:1995)

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques Méthodes fondamentales d'essais et de mesures

Partie 2-5: Essais - Torsion/rotation

Lichtwellenleiter - Verbindungselemente und passive Bauteile - Grundlegende Prüf- und Meßverfahren Teil 2-5: Prüfungen - Torsion

(IEC 61300-2-5:1995)

(CEI 61300-2-5:1995) eh STAND

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SIST EN 61300-2-5:1999

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Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of the International Standard IEC 61300-2-5:1995, prepared by SC 86B, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC TC 86, Fibre optics, was submitted to the formal vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61300-2-5 on 1997-07-01 without any modification.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 1998-06-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 1998-06-01

Annexes designated "normative" are part of the body of the standard. In this standard, annex ZA is normative.
Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61300-2-5:1995 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE: When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	Year
IEC 61300-1	1995	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures Part 1: General and guidance	EN 61300-1	1997
IEC 61300-3	seri es	Part 3: Examinations and measurements	EN 61300-3	series

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NORME INTERNATIONALE INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

CEI IEC 1300-2-5

> Première édition First edition 1995-08

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques – Méthodes fondamentales d'essais et de mesures –

iTehPartie 2-5) ARD PREVIEW Essais – Torsion/rotation (standards.iteh.ai)

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components –

Basic test and measurement procedures –

Part 2-5: Tests – Torsion/twist

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS - BASIC TEST AND MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES -

Part 2-5: Tests - Torsion/twist

FOREWORD

- 1) The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international cooperation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters, prepared by technical committees on which all the National Committees having a special interest therein are represented, express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the subjects dealt with. RD PR
- 3) They have the form of recommendations for international use published in the form of standards, technical reports or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
- 4) In order to promote international unification, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC International Standards transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional standards. Any divergence between the IEC Standard and the corresponding national or regional standard shall be clearly indicated in the latter. ba9132fa989a/sist-en-61300-2-5-1999

International Standard IEC 1300-2-5 has been prepared by sub-committee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

DIS	Report on voting	
86B/561/DIS	86B/649/RVD	

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

IEC 1300 consists of the following parts under the general title Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures:

- Part 1: General and guidance
- Part 2: Tests
- Part 3: Examinations and measurements

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – BASIC TEST AND MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES –

Part 2-5: Tests - Torsion/twist

1 General

1.1 Scope and object

The purpose of this test is to determine the ability of the captivation or attachment of the cable to the device under test to withstand torsional loads while under tension as might be experienced during installation and normal service.

1.2 General description

The cable-to-device interface, while under a specified tension, is subjected to a torsional load or twisting action to determine the effects of this action on the physical and optical properties of the device.

1.3 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of IEC 1300. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All normative documents are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of IEC 1300 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

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IEC 1300-1, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 1: General guidance

IEC 1300-3, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3: Examinations and measurements

2 Apparatus

The test apparatus shall be capable of applying simultaneously both tension and a torsional load or twisting action to the cable-to-device interface. Figure 1 shows the basic parts of a test apparatus.

2.1 Mounting fixture

A mounting fixture for rigidly mounting the device under test and holding it in proper alignment throughout the test. The fixture shall allow the device under test to be connected to a source and detector for monitoring attenuation.