

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD

## SIST EN 13766:2019+A1:2020

01-julij-2020

---

**Plastomerne večslojne (nevulkanizirane) cevi in cevni priključki za pretok utekočinjenega naftnega plina in utekočinjenega zemeljskega plina - Specifikacija**

Thermoplastic multi-layer (non-vulcanized) hoses and hose assemblies for the transfer of liquid petroleum gas and liquefied natural gas - Specification

Thermoplastische, mehrlagige (nicht vulkanisierte) Schläuche und Schlauchleitungen für die Förderung von Flüssiggas und verflüssigtem Erdgas - Spezifikation

Tuyaux et flexibles en thermoplastique multicouches (non vulcanisés) utilisés pour le dépotage de gaz pétrolier liquide et gaz naturel liquifié - Spécification

SIST EN 13766:2019+A1:2020

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist-eca5f2f4-b21a-4b45-a195-84b71683918/sist-en-13766-2019-a1-2020>

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 13766:2018+A1:2020**

---

**ICS:**

75.200	Oprema za skladiščenje nafte, naftnih proizvodov in zemeljskega plina	Petroleum products and natural gas handling equipment
83.140.30	Polimerne cevi in fittingi za snovi, ki niso tekočine	Plastics pipes and fittings for non fluid use

**SIST EN 13766:2019+A1:2020**

**en,fr,de**

**iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)**

SIST EN 13766:2019+A1:2020

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eca5f2f4-b21a-4b45-a195-84b7168e3918/sist-en-13766-2019a1-2020>

**EUROPEAN STANDARD**  
**NORME EUROPÉENNE**  
**EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

**EN 13766:2018+A1**

May 2020

ICS 23.040.70

Supersedes EN 13766:2018

English Version

**Thermoplastic multi-layer (non-vulcanized) hoses and  
hose assemblies for the transfer of liquid petroleum gas  
and liquefied natural gas - Specification**

Tuyaux et flexibles en thermoplastique multicouches  
(non vulcanisés) utilisés pour le dépotage de gaz  
pétrolier liquide et gaz naturel liquifié - Spécification

Thermoplastische, mehrlagige (nicht vulkanisierte)  
Schläuche und Schlauchleitungen für die Förderung  
von Flüssiggas und verflüssigtem Erdgas -  
Spezifikation

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 November 2018 and includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 24 February 2020.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

**(standards.iteh.ai)**

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eca5f2f4-b21a-4b45-a195>

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels**

## Contents

	Page
<b>European foreword.....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>1 Scope.....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2 Normative references.....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>3 Terms and definitions .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>4 Classification.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>5 Materials and construction.....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>6 Dimensions.....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>6.1 Internal diameters, with tolerances and minimum bend radii.....</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>6.2 Tolerance on length.....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>7 Performance requirements of hoses and hose assemblies.....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>7.1 Film and fabric .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>7.2 Hoses.....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>7.3 End fittings.....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>7.4 Hose assemblies.....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>7.5 Electrical continuity.....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>8 Test frequency.....</b>	<b>(standards.iteh.ai) 9</b>
<b>9 Type tests.....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>10 Marking.....</b>	<b>SIST EN 13766:2019+A1:2020 9</b>
<b>10.1 Hose marking.....</b>	<b><a href="https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eca512f4-b21a-4b45-a195-84b7168e3918/sist-en-13766-2019a1-2020">https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eca512f4-b21a-4b45-a195-84b7168e3918/sist-en-13766-2019a1-2020</a> 9</b>
<b>10.2 Hose assembly marking.....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Annex A (normative) Method of test for crush recovery .....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Annex B (normative) Method of test for thermal ageing .....</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>Annex C (normative) Method of test of fittings subjected to low temperatures .....</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>C.1 General.....</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>C.2 Specimen size .....</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>Annex D (normative) Sequence of hydrostatic tests .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>Annex E (normative) Method of test for fitting security .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Annex F (normative) Method of test for leak tightness .....</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>Annex G (normative) Method of test for flammability.....</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Annex H (normative) Type and routine tests for hoses and hose assemblies .....</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>Annex I (informative) Batch tests for hoses and hose assemblies .....</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>Bibliography.....</b>	<b>23</b>

## European foreword

This document (EN 13766:2018+A1:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 218 "Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies", the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document includes Amendment 1 approved by CEN on 24 February 2020.

This document supersedes ~~A1~~ EN 13766:2018 A1.

The start and finish of text introduced or altered by amendment is indicated in the text by tags ~~A1~~ A1.

The main changes compared to the previous version are as follows:

- the safety warning has been moved from the Scope to Clause 7 "Performance requirements of hoses and hose assemblies"; **iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW**
- the normative references (Clause 2) have been updated ([Standards.iteh.ai](#))
- the tolerances for the minimum working temperature in Table 1 "Pressure and temperature range" have been removed; <https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eca5f2f4-b21a-4b45-a195-84b7168e3918/sist-en-13766-2019a1-2020>
- in Clause 5, "Materials and construction", a requirement has been added that the manufacturer shall establish that the materials used are suitable for the cryogenic liquids to be carried;
- the requirement for the electrical resistance between end fittings (Clause 7) has been modified;
- Clause 10 "Marking" has been updated;
- the title of Annex A has been changed to "Method of test for crush recovery" and tolerances for the test force have been added;
- requirements have been added to Annex D "Sequence of hydrostatic tests";
- in Annex E "Method of test for fitting security", the wording concerning a "cycle" has been clarified and the requirements for the end of the test after completion of 20 cycles have been rewritten;
- Annex G "Method of test for flammability" has been added;
- the requirements for type tests, routine tests and batch tests (Annexes H and I) have been updated;
- the document has been editorially revised.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

## EN 13766:2018+A1:2020 (E)

### 1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for two types of thermoplastic multi-layer (non-vulcanized) transfer hoses and hose assemblies for carrying liquefied petroleum gas and liquefied natural gas. Each type is subdivided into two classes, one for onshore duties, and the other for offshore.

This document is applicable for hose sizes from 25 mm to 250 mm, working pressures from 10,5 bar to 25 bar and operating temperatures from -196 °C to +45 °C.

NOTE Offshore LNG hose assemblies are also specified in EN 1474-2 [1].

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 10088-3:2014, *Stainless steels - Part 3: Technical delivery conditions for semi-finished products, bars, rods, wire, sections and bright products of corrosion resisting steels for general purposes*

EN ISO 148-1, *Metallic materials - Charpy pendulum impact test - Part 1: Test method (ISO 148-1)*

EN ISO 527-1, *Plastics - Determination of tensile properties - Part 1: General principles (ISO 527-1)*

EN ISO 1043-1, *Plastics - Symbols and abbreviated terms - Part 1: Basic polymers and their special characteristics (ISO 1043-1)*

**(standards.iteh.ai)**

EN ISO 1402:2009, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies - Hydrostatic testing (ISO 1402)*

EN ISO 4671, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies - Methods of measurement of the dimensions of hoses and the lengths of hose assemblies (ISO 4671)*

EN ISO 7326, *Rubber and plastics hoses - Assessment of ozone resistance under static conditions (ISO 7326)*

EN ISO 8031:2009, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies - Determination of electrical resistance and conductivity (ISO 8031:2009)*

EN ISO 8330:2014, *Rubber and plastics hoses and hose assemblies - Vocabulary (ISO 8330:2014)*

EN ISO 10619-1, *Rubber and plastics hoses and tubing - Measurement of flexibility and stiffness - Part 1: Bending tests at ambient temperature (ISO 10619-1)*

EN ISO 10619-2, *Rubber and plastics hoses and tubing - Measurement of flexibility and stiffness - Part 2: Bending tests at sub-ambient temperatures (ISO 10619-2)*

EN ISO 13934-1, *Textiles - Tensile properties of fabrics - Part 1: Determination of maximum force and elongation at maximum force using the strip method (ISO 13934-1)*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN ISO 8330:2014 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

## 4 Classification

Hoses shall be classified according to their usage, working pressure and working temperature range as given in Table 1.

**Table 1 — Pressure and temperature range**

Pressure/temperature	Classification			
	Class A <sup>a</sup> Type 1	Class B <sup>b</sup> Type 1	Class A <sup>a</sup> Type 2	Class B <sup>b</sup> Type 2
Maximum working pressure (bar)	25	20	13	10,5
Proof pressure (bar)	37,5	30	19,5	15,8
Minimum burst pressure (bar)	100	100	52	52,5
Working temperature range (°C)	-50 to +45	-50 to +45	-196 to +45	-196 to +45

NOTE 1 1 bar = 0,1 MPa

NOTE 2 Due to pressurization during test and operations the temperature of the fluid could increase. The indicated temperatures are measured at atmospheric pressure.

**THIS STANDARD IS PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)**

Upon agreement with the manufacturer, lower and/or higher max. temperatures are allowed depending on the materials used and the compatibility at those temperatures with the fluid conveyed. Other properties and requirements mentioned in the standard still have to be met.

## 5 Materials and construction

The manufacturer shall establish that the materials used are suitable for the cryogenic liquids to be carried. Hoses shall be constructed as shown in Figure 1 and shall consist of the following:

### a) Class A:

- 1) An internal wire helix of stainless steel conforming to EN 10088-3:2014, numbers 1.4306, 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4436;
- 2) A multi-ply wall of layers of films and fabrics made of thermoplastics that in combination give the required properties specified in Table 1 and provide a complete seal;
- 3) An external wire helix of stainless steel conforming to EN 10088-3:2014, numbers 1.4306, 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4436.

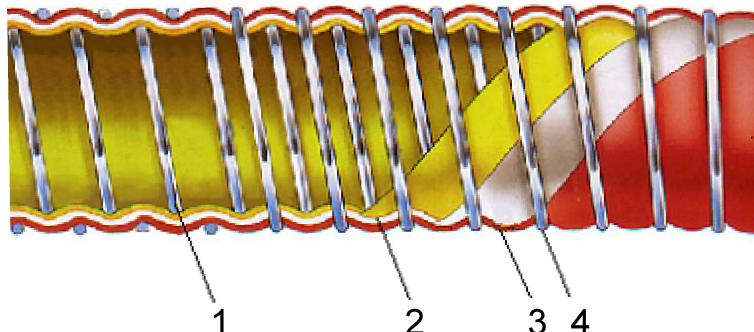
### b) Class B:

- 1) An internal wire helix of stainless steel conforming to EN 10088-3:2014, numbers 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4436;
- 2) A multi-ply wall of layers of films and fabrics made of thermoplastics that in combination give the required properties specified in Table 1 and provide a complete seal;

## EN 13766:2018+A1:2020 (E)

- 3) An external wire helix of stainless steel conforming to EN 10088-3:2014, numbers 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4436.

By agreement between manufacturer and purchaser, the outer layer may have colour identification.

**Key**

- 1 internal wire
- 2 film
- 3 fabric
- 4 external wire

**Figure 1 – Section of a typical thermoplastic multilayer hose**  
ITEH STANDARD PREVIEW  
(standards.iteh.ai)

**6 Dimensions****6.1 Internal diameters, with tolerances and minimum bend radii**

When measured in accordance with EN ISO 4671, the values of the internal diameter of the hose shall conform to Table 2. When tested by the method described in EN ISO 10619-1 the value of the minimum bend radius shall be as given in Table 2. The hose shall show no sign of permanent deformation of the cross section i.e. kinking.

**Table 2 — Dimensions and minimum bend radius**

Dimensions in millimetres

Internal diameter	Tolerance	Minimum bend radius
25	±1	150
32	±1	175
38	±1	175
40	±1	200
50	±1	200
65	±2	200
75	±2	250
80	±2	250
100	±2	500
150	±2	660
200	±3	910
250	±3	2 500

## 6.2 Tolerance on length

When tested in accordance with EN ISO 4671 the tolerance on the measured length of delivered hose assemblies shall be  $^{+2}_{-1}\%$ .

## 7 Performance requirements of hoses and hose assemblies

**WARNING —** Persons using this document should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This standard does not purport to address all the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate health and safety practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

### 7.1 Film and fabric

When tested at the minimum temperature, Type 1:  $(-50 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and Type 2:  $(-196 \pm 5)^\circ\text{C}$  (and in accordance with EN ISO 13934-1 or equivalent for fabric testing and EN ISO 527-1 or equivalent for film testing) samples of film and fabric shall have an elongation at break of not less than 10 %.

### 7.2 Hoses

When tested in accordance with the methods given in Table 3, the physical properties of the hoses shall conform to Table 3.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW  
Table 3 — Physical properties of hoses

Property	Unit	Requirement(s) <small>(standards.iteh.ai)</small>	Method of test
Proof pressure	bar	No leakage or other signs of damage at pressure given in Table 1 <small>https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eca5f2f4-b21a-4b43-a7b5-84b7168e3918/sist-en-13766-2019a1-2020</small>	EN ISO 1402 with pressure increase not less than 1,7 bar/min
Change in length at proof pressure (max)	%	10	EN ISO 1402:2009, 8.2 initial length measured when the hose is pressurized to 0,7 bar
Twist at proof pressure (max)	°/m	10	EN ISO 1402:2009, 8.2 initial reading taken when hose is pressurized to 0,7 bar
Burst pressure	bar	$\geq$ values in Table 1	EN ISO 1402
Bend	—	No leakage or visible damage when the hose is bent to radius given in Table 2 and subjected to the proof pressure.	EN ISO 10619-1
Crush recovery (max)	%	3	Annex A
Ozone resistance 72 h at $40^\circ\text{C}$	—	No cracking observed at $\times 2$ magnification	EN ISO 7326
Flammability	—	See Annex G	Annex G
Thermal ageing	—	No leakage at proof pressure given in Table 1	Annex B
Low temperature flexibility	—	Test at minimum temperature given in Table 1	<small>A1</small> EN ISO 10619-2 <small>A1</small>

## EN 13766:2018+A1:2020 (E)

### 7.3 End fittings

End fittings and metallic ferrules shall be made from the following materials depending on the type of hose to be used in the assembly:

- Type 1 hose: LT (low temperature) grade carbon steel or stainless steel;
- Type 2 hose: austenitic stainless steel tested in accordance with Annex C.

For all types of end fittings, that part of the fitting that enters the hose and forms the means by which the fitting is connected to the hose shall be provided with scrolls or protrusions on the surface that correspond to the pitch of the internal helix wire of the hose.

### 7.4 Hose assemblies

Hose assemblies shall be fitted with end fittings as described in 7.3.

End fittings shall be attached to the hose by one of the following methods:

- a) by the use of a seal and a metal ferrule which is swaged or crimped;
- b) by the use of a thermoset resin or multi-components adhesive e.g. epoxy and a metal ferrule which is swaged or crimped.

Hoses should be assembled by the hose manufacturer.

When tested by the methods given in Table 4, hose assembly shall conform to Table 4.

When assembled to a hose there shall be electrical continuity between the end fitting and the internal and external wires.

**Table 4 — Physical properties of hose assemblies**  
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eca5124-b21a-4b45-a195-84b7168e3018/sist-en-13766-2019a1-2020>

Property	Unit	Requirement(s)	Method(s) of test
Proof pressure	bar	No leakage or other signs of weakness at pressure given in Table 1	EN ISO 1402 with a pressure increase not less than 1,7 bar/min
Bend	—	No leakage or visible damage when the hose is bent to the radius given in Table 2 and is subjected to the proof pressure	EN ISO 10619-1
Series of hydrostatic tests	bar % °/m	≥ burst pressure given in Table 1 Change in length as in Table 3 Twist as given in Table 3	Annex D
Security of end fitting	bar	No leakage at proof pressure given in Table 1	Annex E and EN ISO 1402
Electrical resistance between end fittings	Ω	≤ 100 Ω/assembly	EN ISO 8031:2009, 4.8
Burst pressure	bar	≥ value given in Table 1	EN ISO 1402
Leak tightness	—	No leakage of air when subjected to 3,5 bar for 5 min	Annex F

## 7.5 Electrical continuity

There shall be electrical continuity between both internal and external wires and the end fittings. Where a wire is sheathed in polymeric material the sheath shall be stripped back for some of the length that engages with the fittings or the ferrule to ensure continuity.

Manufacturers shall demonstrate by testing or calculation that the measured overall electrical resistance of the hose assembly incorporates both internal and external wires being part of the circuit.

For the transfer of non-conductive fluids the use of a hose with a non-polymeric coated internal wire should be considered.

## 8 Test frequency

Routine tests shall be carried out on each hose assembly and in accordance with Annex G.

It is recommended that batch tests are carried out for every 10 000 m of manufacture or once a year, varying the sizes and types and in accordance with Annex I.

## 9 Type tests

Type tests shall be carried out to confirm that the hose assembly design, materials and method of manufacture meets the requirements of this standard.

Type tests shall be carried out on at least three sizes of hose including the smallest and largest for each type in the manufacturer's range.

Type tests shall be repeated, and the results recorded, at least every five years or whenever a change in the materials and/or method of manufacture is made.

SIST EN 13766:2019+A1:2020

## 10 Marking

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/eca5f2f4-b21a-4b45-a195-84b7168e3918/sist-en-13766-2019a1-2020>

### 10.1 Hose marking

Each hose shall be permanently marked at an interval of not greater than 1 m with lettering of a minimum height of 10 mm with at least the following information:

- a) Manufacturer's name or identification mark, e.g. XXXX;
- b) number and year of this European Standard, i.e. EN 13766:2018;
- c) Hose identification (class and type) e.g. Class B — Type 1;
- d) Internal diameter, e.g. 40 mm;
- e) Maximum working pressure, e.g. 10 bar;
- f) Working temperature range, e.g. -50 to +45 °C;
- g) Material of the hose inner liquid barrier layer as referenced in EN ISO 1043-1 e.g. PP (polypropylene);
- h) Quarter and year of hose manufacture, e.g. 4Qxx.

EXAMPLE:

XXXX — EN 13766:2018 — Class B — Type 1 — 40 — 10 bar — -50 to +45 °C — PP — 4Qxx