

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 61300-2-6:1999

01-maj-1999

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures - Part 2-6: Tests - Tensile strength of coupling mechanism (IEC 61300-2-6:1995)

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures -- Part 2-6: Tests - Tensile strength of coupling mechanism

Lichtwellenleiter - Verbindungselemente und passive Bauteile - Grundlegende Prüf- und Meßverfahren -- Teil 2-6: Prüfungen: Zugfestigkeit der Verriegelung (standards.iten.a)

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques - Méthodes fondamentales d'essais et de mesures partie 2.6. Essais Résistance à la traction du mécanisme de verrouillage 60c4039Be26/sist-en-61300-2-6-1999

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 61300-2-6:1997

ICS:

33.180.20

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SIST EN 61300-2-6:1999

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iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>SIST EN 61300-2-6:1999</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a68f5e96-7633-4868-994fb0c4039f3e26/sist-en-61300-2-6-1999

FUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **FUROPÄISCHE NORM**

EN 61300-2-6

July 1997

ICS 33.180.20

English version

Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components Basic test and measurement procedures Part 2-6: Tests - Tensile strength of coupling mechanism (IEC 61300-2-6:1995)

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques Méthodes fondamentales d'essais et de mesures

Partie 2-6: Essais - Résistance à la traction du mécanisme de verrouillage ARD (IEC 61300-2-6:1995)

(CEI 61300-2-6:1995)

Lichtwellenleiter - Verbindungselemente und passive Bauteile - Grundlegende Prüf- und Meßverfahren Teil 2-6: Prüfungen - Zugfestigkeit des Kupplungsmechanismus

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Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

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CENELEC

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

Central Secretariat: rue de Stassart 35, B - 1050 Brussels

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Foreword

The text of the International Standard IEC 61300-2-6:1995, prepared by SC 86B, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC TC 86, Fibre optics, was submitted to the formal vote and was approved by CENELEC as EN 61300-2-6 on 1997-07-01 without any modification.

The following dates were fixed:

 latest date by which the EN has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement

(dop) 1998-06-01

 latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the EN have to be withdrawn

(dow) 1998-06-01

Annexes designated "normative" are part of the body of the standard. In this standard, annex ZA is normative.
Annex ZA has been added by CENELEC.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61300-2-6:1995 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

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<u>SIST EN 61300-2-6:1999</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/a68f5e96-7633-4868-994fb0c4039f3e26/sist-en-61300-2-6-1999





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Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies (including amendments).

NOTE: When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

Publication	Year	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61300-3-1	1995	Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components - Basic test and measurement procedures Part 3-1: Examinations and measurements Visual examination	EN 61300-3-1	1997

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NORME INTERNATIONALE INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

CEI IEC 1300-2-6

> Première édition First edition 1995-07

Dispositifs d'interconnexion et composants passifs à fibres optiques – Méthodes fondamentales d'essais et de mesures –

iTehpartie 2 PARD PREVIEW

Essais m Résistance à la traction du mécanisme de verrouillage

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Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures –

Part 2-6:

Tests - Tensile strength of coupling mechanism

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PRICE CODE

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – BASIC TEST AND MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES –

Part 2-6: Tests – Tensile strength of coupling mechanism

FOREWORD

- The IEC (International Electrotechnical Commission) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of the IEC is to promote international cooperation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, the IEC publishes International Standards. Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. The IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of the IEC on technical matters, prepared by technical committees on which all the National Committees having a special interest therein are represented, express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the subjects dealt with.
- 3) They have the form of recommendations for international use published in the form of standards, technical reports or guides and they are accepted by the National Committees in that sense.
- 4) In order to promote international unification, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC International Standards transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional standards. Any divergence between the IEC Standard and the corresponding national or regional standard shall be clearly indicated in the latter.

International Standard IEC 1300-2-6 has been prepared by sub-committee 86B: Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

DIS	Report on voting	
86B/534/DIS	86B/641/RVD	

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

IEC 1300 consists of the following parts, under the general title Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures:

Part 1: General and guidance

Part 2: Tests

Part 3: Examinations and measurements

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FIBRE OPTIC INTERCONNECTING DEVICES AND PASSIVE COMPONENTS – BASIC TEST AND MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES –

Part 2-6: Tests – Tensile strength of coupling mechanism

1 General

1.1 Scope and object

The purpose of this part of IEC 1300 is to ensure that the coupling mechanism of a connector set or connector-device combination will withstand the axial loads likely to be applied during normal service.

1.2 General description

A tensile load is smoothly applied to a mated connector set or connector/device combination in a direction that will separate the components. The load is normally applied between the connector plug and the adapter or between the connector plug and the device being tested.

1.3 Normative reference

The following normative document contains provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of IEC 1300. At the time of publication, the edition indicated was valid. All normative documents are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this part of IEC 1300 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent edition of the normative document indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid international Standards.

IEC 1300-3-1: 1995, Fibre optic interconnecting devices and passive components – Basic test and measurement procedures – Part 3-1: Examinations and measurements – Visual examination

2 Apparatus

The test apparatus shall be capable of applying an axial load between a connector plug or coupling mechanism and an adapter or device. An example of a test apparatus is shown in figure 1. Some or all of the following apparatus components will be required.

2.1 Force generator

The force generator may be any device or apparatus capable of smoothly applying the specified force at the specified rate.

2.2 Force gauge

A force gauge of specified accuracy shall be used to measure the axial force applied to the device under test.