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## Pump system energy assessment

*Évaluation énergétique des systèmes de pompe*

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 115, *Pumps*, in collaboration with ASME EA Standards Committee — *Industrial System Energy Assessment*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 14414:2015), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Amendment ISO 14414:2015/Amd.1:2016. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- [4.2](#) has been slightly modified;
- [Table 2](#) has been modified to add descriptions of “histogram” and “duration” diagrams;
- [5.6.4](#) has been redrafted;
- the term “specific energy” has been replaced by “specific energy consumption”;
- [Formulae G.1](#), [G.2](#) and [G.4](#) have been corrected to align with ISO 17769-1;
- the bibliography has been modified;
- the document has been editorially revised.

ASME is the registered trademark of The American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

This standard was developed under procedures accredited as meeting the criteria for American National Standards. The Standards Committee that approved the standard was balanced to ensure that individuals from competent and concerned interests have had an opportunity to participate. The proposed code or standard was made available for public review and comment that provides an opportunity for additional public input from industry, academia, regulatory agencies, and the public-at-large.

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Participation by federal agency representative(s) or person(s) affiliated with industry is not to be interpreted as government or industry endorsement of this standard.

ASME accepts responsibility for only those interpretations of designated documents issued in accordance with the established ASME procedures and policies, which precludes the issuance of interpretations by individuals. ASME will not issue written interpretations of this edition of this standard.

ISO/ASME 14414 was approved as an American National Standard by the American National Standards Institute on 2015-02-06.

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## Introduction

Pumping systems account for a significant portion of a facility's energy consumption in many industries. In the majority of pumping systems, the energy added to the working liquid by the pump is much greater than is required by the process. The excess energy added to the system (e.g. due to throttled control valve) increases heat, noise and vibration but also increases the system's maintenance costs. Oversized pumps will cause excessive energy within a system. Increasing the size of the components within the system such as pipes, valves and heat exchangers can, however, result in lower energy consumption.

This document provides a method to assess pump systems, to identify and quantify pump system energy consumption reduction opportunities and reliability improvement opportunities. It gives a common definition for what constitutes an assessment for both users and providers of assessment services. Its objective is to provide clarity for these types of services which have been variously described as energy assessments, energy audits, energy surveys and energy studies.

In all cases, systems (energy-using logical groups of equipment organized to perform a specific function) are analysed through various techniques such as measurement, resulting in identification, documentation and prioritization of energy performance improvement opportunities.

When contracting for assessment services, facility personnel can use this document to define and communicate their desired scope of assessment activity to third party contractors or consultants.

This document is expected to contribute to decreased energy consumption and consequently to decreased carbon footprint.

This document includes the required assessment report content in [Annex A](#). It gives examples of efficient system operation and energy reduction opportunities in [Annex B](#), information on competencies and experiences welcomed to perform audit in [Annex C](#), guidelines for analysis software in [Annex D](#), a typical example of pre-screening worksheet in [Annex E](#), information on specific energy consumption in [Annex F](#), information on the concept of parasitic power in [Annex G](#) and examples of pumping system efficiency indicator in [Annex H](#).

This document is developed within the framework of ISO 50001, ISO 50002 and ISO 50003.

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# Pump system energy assessment

## 1 Scope

This document sets the requirements for conducting and reporting the results of a pumping system energy assessment (hereafter referenced as “assessment”) that considers the entire pumping system, from energy inputs to the work performed as the result of these inputs.

The objective of a pumping system energy assessment is to determine the current energy consumption of an existing system and identify ways to improve system efficiency.

These requirements consist of

- organizing and conducting an assessment,
- analysing the data from the assessment, and
- reporting and documenting assessment findings.

This document is designed to be applied, to open and closed loop pumping systems typically used at industrial, institutional, commercial, and municipal facilities, when requested.

This document is focused on assessing electrically-driven pumping systems, which are dominant in most facilities, but is also applicable with other types of drivers, such as steam turbines and engines. The document does not

- a) specify how to design a pumping system,
- b) give detailed qualifications and expertise required of the person using the International Standard although provides a list of body of knowledge in [Annex C](#),
- c) address the training or certification of persons,
- d) specify how to implement the recommendations developed during the assessment, but does include requirements for an action plan,
- e) specify how to measure and validate the energy savings that result from implementing assessment recommendations,
- f) specify how to make measurements and how to calibrate test equipment used during the assessment,
- g) specify how to estimate the implementation cost or conduct financial analysis for recommendations developed during the assessment,
- h) specify specific steps required for safe operation of equipment during the assessment. The facility personnel in charge of normal operation of the equipment are responsible for ensuring that it is operated safely during the data collection phase of the assessment,
- i) address issues of intellectual property, security, confidentiality, and safety.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 17769-1, *Liquid pumps and installation — General terms, definitions, quantities, letter symbols and units — Part 1: Liquid pumps*

ISO 17769-2, *Liquid pumps and installation — General terms, definitions, quantities, letter symbols and units — Part 2: Pumping system*

### **3 Terms and definitions**

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 17769-1, ISO 17769-2 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

#### **3.1 system energy demand**

minimum amount of energy which a pumping system in a specified process requires

#### **3.2 components**

individual items of equipment within a system

EXAMPLE Pump, motor, drive, valve, heat exchanger.

#### **3.3 hydraulic power pump power output**

power imparted to the liquid by the pump

#### **3.4 electrical power input**

power required to support the pumping system operation

#### **3.5 specific energy consumption**

energy consumed to move a certain volume of liquid through the system

#### **3.6 parasitic power**

power imparted to the shaft of a pump and not used to move the fluid through the system

### **4 Identification of the assessment team, authority and functions**

#### **4.1 Identification of assessment team functions**

The assessment team composed of knowledgeable personnel shall have members that are assigned responsibility and authority to carry out the following functions.

- Resource allocation, in order to:
  - allocate funding and resources necessary to plan and execute the assessment;
  - exercise final decision making authority on resources;

- oversee the eventual participation of non-facility personnel including contracts, scheduling, confidentiality agreements, and statement of work.
- Coordination, logistics and communications, in order to:
  - obtain necessary support from facility personnel and other individuals and organizations during the assessment;
  - participate in organizing the assessment team and coordinate access to relevant personnel, systems, and equipment;
  - organize, schedule activities and manage the assessment.

#### 4.2 Assessment team structure, leadership and competency

The assessment team should comprise of personnel from cross functional backgrounds.

It shall include:

- an assessor who has the pump system analysis competencies as described in [Annex C](#);
- the host organization representative who has overall responsibility and ownership for the assessment.

The assessment team should also include:

- experts on the processes and the function of the system;
- experts on the maintenance practices of the pumping system;
- experts who can provide the team with cost data.

The assessment team may be from the host organization or enhanced by using outsourced specialists particularly considering the competence of the assessor.

The host organization shall appoint the assessment team leader. This person may be a host facility employee or an external assessor. In small organizations, the team leader may be the competent assessor.

#### 4.3 Facility management support

Facility management shall understand and support the purpose of the assessment.

Facility management shall allow assessment team members from the facility to participate in the assessment to the extent necessary.

The assessment team shall gain written support of facility management prior to conducting the assessment, as follows:

- commit the necessary funding, personnel, and resources to support the assessment;
- communicate to facility personnel the assessment's importance to the organization.

#### 4.4 Communications

Lines of communication required for the assessment shall be established.

The assessment team shall provide clear guidance to facilitate communications among members of the assessment team so all necessary information and data can be communicated in a timely manner. This shall include administrative data, logistics information, as well as operational and maintenance data.

#### 4.5 Access to facilities, personnel and information

The assessment team shall have access to:

- facility areas and pump systems required to conduct the assessment;
- facility personnel (engineering, operations, maintenance, ...), their equipment vendors, contractors and others, to collect information pertinent and useful to the assessment activities and analysis of data used for preparation of the report,
- other information sources such as drawings, manuals, data sheet, maintenance records, test reports, historical utility bill information, computer monitoring and control data, electrical equipment panels, and calibration records.

All data initially identified as essential to the assessment shall be obtained in discussions with knowledgeable facility staff.

#### 4.6 Assessment objectives, scope and boundaries

The overall objectives and scope of the assessment including portion(s) of the facility and boundaries of the system(s) that are to be assessed shall be discussed and agreed upon at an early stage by the assessment team.

The assessment team shall develop a list of site specific objectives for each pumping system, such as performance improvement targets.

#### 4.7 Action plan

##### 4.7.1 General

An initial action plan for the assessment shall be developed and agreed upon by the assessment team and system owners in order to facilitate the assessment and to make it clear to all assessment team members how the assessment shall be conducted.

The action plan shall be flexible enough in order to accommodate various outcomes depending on findings during the assessment, among others:

- a) establish assessment objectives, in particular:
  - determine system boundaries (see 5.4);
  - review information that has been collected before the start of the assessment;
  - identify how much is known about the systems and what general information has to be obtained;
  - start with a level 1 assessment (see 5.1.2);
- b) identify informational objectives for the assessment (see 5.1):
  - determine how extensive the assessment is;
  - identify the systems that are included in the assessment;
  - identify what specific information is available and what is necessary to collect;
  - identify information that is available on paper records (such as logs) or in the facility computer systems and what system parameters are necessary to measure;
  - identify who is going to be involved and responsible for the collection of necessary data;

- c) establish measurement requirements (see 5.6) in particular:
  - identify whether a snapshot of the conditions is sufficient (level 2 according to Table 1) or if it is necessary to collect information during an extended period of time (level 3 according to Table 2);
  - identify if permanently installed measurement equipment is available and trustworthy;
- d) identify additional informational objectives and, in particular, true process demands (see 5.4);
- e) identify the methods required to meet assessment informational objectives:
  - identify how the data are going to be analysed, taking into account the recommendations from Annex B;
  - identify tools/software programs that are going to be used;
- f) identify content of the report and responsibilities.

#### 4.7.2 Assessment scheduling

The dates of the assessment, and dates and times of key meetings shall be designated in advance of beginning the assessment.

The assessment meetings shall include:

- kick-off meeting. It shall occur just prior to the commencement of the assessment. The purpose of this meeting is to review information to be collected in the initial data collection and evaluation (see 4.8) and establish the work schedule. At this meeting, the assessment team should discuss the safety protocols, tools, methods, measurement, metering and diagnostic equipment required;
- daily schedule(s) for the on-site assessment;
- periodic reporting to facility managers in the form of debriefings should occur as agreed-upon by the assessment team;
- wrap-up meeting at the conclusion of the onsite activities. It is designed to outline the assessment investigations and initial recommendations (see 5.8).

The assessment team shall determine corrective courses of action for irregularities that may or do occur during an assessment (such as the failure of a computerized records system).

### 4.8 Initial data collection and evaluation

#### 4.8.1 General

Before the start of the assessment, the initial data collection [see 4.7.1 a) and b)] shall be made. To expedite the process, precollection data are optional.

NOTE This information is used in all assessment phases.

#### 4.8.2 Initial facility specialist interviews

The assessment team shall collect information on operating practices and any specific operating considerations that affect energy use for the equipment through contact with personnel and specialists.

The assessment team shall also have access to facilities personnel who understand connected systems that will be influenced by changes made to the pumping system.

### 4.8.3 Energy project history

The assessment team shall collect and review information on energy saving projects, assessments, audits, baselines, or benchmarking already conducted for the pumping systems being assessed.

### 4.8.4 Energy cost

The assessment team shall collect cost data including electricity cost per kWh, or other similar terms, considering all charges such as demand charges, peak rates, time-of-the-day rate and any other costs up to the point of use. Where necessary, appropriate costs should be assigned to onsite generated electricity. These costs should be used in subsequent analyses. If electricity is generated on site, the avoided cost or potential sales cost of the energy should be used.

The assessment team shall agree on the period during which the costs are considered valid.

The assessment team should also consider issues such as demand charges and trends to identify situations not made obvious by the use of average values.

From this information, the assessment team shall determine an average annual energy cost per kWh over the previous 12 months.

If a facility has established a marginal cost for energy, it may be used in the energy cost saving calculation

### 4.8.5 Initial system data

The assessment team shall:

- define the functional needs and process requirements of the system(s);
- identify high energy consumption equipment;
- identify control methodologies;
- identify high, low or negative static head systems;
- identify inefficient devices (obvious signs of disrepair or incorrect operation);
- identify lower mean time between failure (MTBF) pump systems, which could indicate poor efficiency operation (see [Figure B.2](#)).

## 4.9 Objective check

Prior to conducting the assessment, the assessment team shall ensure that the action plan meets the stated assessment objectives.

The action plan of assessment and the objectives shall be reviewed for relevance, cost-effectiveness, and capacity to produce the desired results.

## 5 Conducting the assessment

### 5.1 Assessment levels

#### 5.1.1 General

Depending on the needs of the host organization, one or more of the levels of assessment given in [Table 1](#) shall be selected.