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**Cevni sistemi iz polimernih materialov za nizko- in visokotemperaturne odvodne sisteme v zgradbah - Klorirani polivinilklorid (PVC-C) - 1. del: Zahteve za cevi, fitinge in sistem**

Plastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) within the building structure - Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) - Part 1: Requirements for pipes, fittings and the system

Kunststoff-Rohrleitungssysteme zum Ableiten von Abwasser (niedriger und hoher Temperatur) innerhalb der Gebäudestruktur - Chloriertes Polyvinylchlorid (PVC-C) - Teil 1: Anforderungen an Rohre, Formstücke und das Rohrleitungssystem

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Systèmes de canalisations en plastique pour l'évacuation des eaux-vannes et des eaux usées (à basse et à haute température) à l'intérieur de la structure des bâtiments - Poly (chlorure de vinyle) chloré (PVC-C) - Partie 1 : Spécifications pour tubes, raccords ainsi que pour le système

**Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 1566-1**

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**ICS:**

23.040.01	Deli cevovodov in cevovodi na splošno	Pipeline components and pipelines in general
91.140.80	Drenažni sistemi	Drainage systems

**oSIST prEN 1566-1:2020**

**en,fr,de**

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EUROPEAN STANDARD  
NORME EUROPÉENNE  
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

DRAFT  
prEN 1566-1

July 2020

ICS 23.040.01; 91.140.80

Will supersede EN 1566-1:1998

English Version

Plastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature) within the building structure - Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) - Part 1: Requirements for pipes, fittings and the system

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This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 155.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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## European foreword

This document (prEN 1566-1:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 155 “Plastics piping systems and ducting systems”, the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

This document will supersede EN 1566-1:1998.

The main changes with the respect to the previous edition are:

- updating of normative references;
- editorial improvement and alignment with new recently revised standards, e.g. EN 1329-1, EN 1401-1, EN 1451-1;
- addition of subclause 6.4 *Reaction to fire*;
- introduction of a subclause 8.3.2 *Additional requirements of fittings* with Table 18 introducing mechanical strength or flexibility and impact strength;
- deletion of Clause 10 as its content is distributed elsewhere in the document;
- deletion of Annex A *General characteristics of PVC-C pipes and fittings*.

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**prEN 1566-1:2020 (E)****1 Scope**

This document specifies the requirements for solid wall pipes with smooth internal and external surfaces, extruded from the same formulation throughout the wall, fittings and the system of chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) piping systems intended for soil and waste discharge (low and high temperature):

- inside buildings (application area code “B”);
- for both inside buildings and buried in ground within the building structure (application area code “BD”).

NOTE 1 The intended use is reflected in the marking of products by “B” or “BD”.

NOTE 2 Application “B” covers uses above ground inside buildings, or outside buildings fixed onto the wall.

NOTE 3 Pipes and fittings of the pipe series S 25 are intended to be used for application area “B” only.

NOTE 4 For use buried in ground within the building structure are intended only those components (marked with “BD”) with nominal outside diameters equal to or greater than 75 mm.

NOTE 5 EN 476 [1] specifies the general requirements for components used in discharge pipes, drains and sewers for gravity systems. Pipes and fittings conforming to this standard fully meet these requirements.

This document is applicable to PVC-C pipes and fittings, their joints and to joints with components of other plastics and non-plastics materials intended to be used for the following purposes:

- ventilating part of the pipework in association with discharge applications;
- rainwater pipework within the building structure.

It also specifies the test parameters for the test methods that are referred to.

This document covers a range of nominal sizes, a range of pipe series and gives recommendations concerning colours.

NOTE 6 It is the responsibility of the purchaser or specifier to make the appropriate selection from these aspects, taking into account their particular requirements and any relevant national regulations and installation practices codes.

NOTE 7 Pipes, fitting and other components conforming to any of the plastics product standards listed Annex A can be used with pipes and fittings conforming to this document, provided they conform to the requirements for joint dimensions given in Clause 7 and to the requirements of Table 21.

**2 Normative references**

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 681-1, *Elastomeric seals — Materials requirements for pipe joint seals used in water and drainage applications — Part 1: Vulcanized rubber*

EN 681-2, *Elastomeric seals — Materials requirements for pipe joint seals used in water and drainage applications — Part 2: Thermoplastic elastomers*

EN 14680, *Adhesives for non-pressure thermoplastics piping systems — Specifications*

EN 14814, *Adhesives for thermoplastic piping systems for fluids under pressure — Specifications*

EN ISO 472, *Plastics — Vocabulary (ISO 472)*

EN ISO 580:2005, *Plastics piping and ducting systems — Injection-moulded thermoplastics fittings - Methods for visually assessing the effects of heating (ISO 580:2005)*

EN ISO 1043-1, *Plastics — Symbols and abbreviated terms — Part 1: Basic polymers and their special characteristics (ISO 1043-1)*

EN ISO 1167-1:2006, *Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids - Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 1: General method (ISO 1167-1:2006)*

EN ISO 1167-2:2006, *Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids — Determination of the resistance to internal pressure — Part 2: Preparation of pipe test pieces (ISO 1167-2:2006)*

EN ISO 2507-1, *Thermoplastics pipes and fittings — Vicat softening temperature — Part 1: General test method (ISO 2507-1)*

EN ISO 2507-2, *Thermoplastics pipes and fittings — Vicat softening temperature — Part 2: Test conditions for unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-U) or chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) pipes and fittings and for high impact resistance poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-HI) pipes (ISO 2507-2)*

EN ISO 2505:2005, *Thermoplastics pipes — Longitudinal reversion — Test method and parameters (ISO 2505:2005)*

EN ISO 3126, *Plastics piping systems — ~~Plastics components~~ — Determination of dimensions (ISO 3126)*

EN ISO 3127, *Thermoplastics pipes — ~~Determination of resistance to external blows~~ — Round-the-clock method (ISO 3127)*

EN ISO 13259:2018, *Thermoplastics piping systems for underground non-pressure applications — Test method for leaktightness of elastomeric sealing ring type joints (ISO 13259:2018)*

EN ISO 9969, *Thermoplastics pipes — Determination of ring stiffness (ISO 9969)*

EN ISO 11173, *Thermoplastics pipes — Determination of resistance to external blows — Staircase method (ISO 11173)*

EN ISO 13254, *Thermoplastics piping systems for non-pressure applications — Test method for watertightness (ISO 13254)*

EN ISO 13255, *Thermoplastics piping systems for soil and waste discharge inside buildings — Test method for airtightness of joints (ISO 13255)*

EN ISO 13257:2018, *Thermoplastics piping systems for non-pressure applications — Test method for resistance to elevated temperature cycling (ISO 13257:2018)*

ISO 8361-1, *Thermoplastics pipes and fittings — Water absorption — Part 1: General test method*

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### 3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN ISO 472 and EN ISO 1043-1 and the following definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

#### 3.1

##### application area code

code used in the marking of pipes and fittings to indicate the permitted application area(s) for which they are intended

Note 1 to entry: B: code for the application area inside buildings and outside buildings fixed onto the wall.

Note 2 to entry: D: code for the application area under and within one metre from the building where the pipes and fittings are buried in ground.

Note 3 to entry: In code D application areas the existence of external forces from the surroundings in addition to hot water discharge is usual.

Note 4 to entry: Components intended for use for both code B and code D application areas are marked BD.

Note 5 to entry: Other application area codes U and UD not covered by this standard are defined elsewhere, e.g. in EN 1401-1 [1].

#### 3.2

##### nominal size

##### DN

numerical designation of the size of a component, other than a component designated by thread size, which is approximately equal to the manufacturing dimension

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed in millimetres, mm.

#### 3.3

##### nominal size, outside diameter related

##### DN/OD

nominal size, related to the outside diameter

#### 3.4

##### nominal outside diameter

##### $d_n$

specified outside diameter, assigned to a nominal size DN/OD

Note 1 to entry: It is expressed in millimetres, mm.

#### 3.5

##### outside diameter

##### $d_e$

value of the measurement of the outside diameter through its cross section at any point of a pipe or spigot end of a fitting, rounded to the next greater 0,1 mm



**3.6****mean outside diameter** $d_{em}$ 

value of the measurement of the outer circumference of a pipe or spigot end of a fitting in any cross-section, divided by  $\pi$  ( $\approx 3,142$ ), rounded to the next greater 0,1 mm

**3.7****inside diameter** $d_s$ 

value of the measurement of the inside diameter through its cross section at any point of a socket, rounded to the next greater 0,1 mm

**3.8****mean inside diameter of a socket** $d_{sm}$ 

arithmetical mean of a number of measurements of the inside diameter of a socket in the same cross-section

**3.9****out-of-roundness****ovality**

difference between the measured maximum and the measured minimum outside diameter in the same cross section of a component

**3.10****wall thickness** $e$ 

value of the measurement of the wall thickness at any point around the circumference of a component

**3.11****mean wall thickness** $e_m$ 

arithmetical mean of a number of measurements of the wall thickness, regularly spaced around the circumference and in the same cross section of a component, including the measured minimum and the measured maximum values of the wall thickness in that cross section

**3.12****pipe series****S**

dimensionless number for pipe designation

Note 1 to entry: (see ISO 4065).

**3.13****standard dimension ratio****SDR**

numerical designation of a pipe series, which is a convenient round number, approximately equal to the ratio of the nominal outside diameter of a pipe to its nominal wall thickness

[SOURCE: ISO 4065:2018, 3.5, modified — No symbol is introduced in the definition and Note 1 to entry is not included here]

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**prEN 1566-1:2020 (E)****3.14****nominal ring stiffness****SN**

numerical designation of the ring stiffness of a pipe or fitting, which is a convenient round number, indicating the minimum required ring stiffness of the pipe or stiffness of the fitting

**3.15****assembled fittings**

fittings which are made from several injection moulded parts to be assembled together by screwing or clipping

Note 1 to entry: Such fittings can incorporate rubber membranes or joints.

**3.16****fabricated fittings**

fittings produced from pipe and/or from injection-moulded fittings by thermoforming, adhesive joint or welding

Note 1 to entry: Fabricated fittings need an additional fabrication step.

**3.17****solid wall pipe**

pipe with smooth internal and external surface with the same formulation throughout the wall

Note 1 to entry: Pipes having more than one layer are considered as solid wall pipes, provided they are all made from the same formulation.

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**3.18****virgin material**

plastics material in the form of pellets, granules, powder, floc, etc. that has not been subjected to use or processing other than required for its initial manufacture

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Note 1 to entry: Does not contain any reworked plastic material and/or plastics recycle.

Note 2 to entry: Sometimes also referred to as “primary material” or “primary plastics feedstock”.

Note 3 to entry: It is understood that the addition of additives such as stabilizers and pigments is still resulting into a virgin (plastics) material.

Note 4 to entry: Material which contains any reworked or recycle material is considered as non-virgin.

[SOURCE: ISO 472:2013, 2.1231]

**3.19****reworked material**

plastics material from rejected unused products or trimmings that have been manufactured and retained within plants owned and operated by the same legal entity

Note 1 to entry: Reworked plastic material does not change the status of the feedstock (virgin, pre-consumer or post-consumer).

Note 2 to entry: This definition does not cover the conditions for the use of rework material, which can be found in the applicable product standard.

Note 3 to entry: Previously referred to as “own reprocessed material”.

Note 4 to entry: A transportation from one plant to another of the same legal entity is considered as retained.

**3.20****pre-consumer material**

plastics material from unused products excluding reworked (plastic) material

Note 1 to entry: Previously referred to as “post-industrial material”.

Note 2 to entry: Different categories of pre-consumer material will be considered in the applicable product standard.

**3.21****post-consumer material**

plastics material from used products, that have fulfilled their intended purpose or that can no longer be used

**3.22****recyclate**

plastics material resulting from the recycling of pre-consumer and post-consumer plastics products

Note 1 to entry: Also referred to as “secondary raw material” or “recycled plastics” or “regenerate”.

Note 2 to entry: Recycling can be chemical or mechanical.

[SOURCE: ISO 472:2013, 2.1705, modified — Note 1 to entry and Note 2 to entry deleted and “plastic waste” changed into “pre-consumer and post-consumer plastics products”]

**3.23****agreed specification**

specification of the relevant material characteristics agreed between the supplier of the non-virgin material and the pipes and/or fittings manufacturer

**4 Symbols and abbreviations****4.1 General**

For the purposes of this document, the following symbols and abbreviations apply.

<i>A</i>	length of engagement
$\alpha$	nominal angle of fitting
<i>B</i>	length of lead-in
<i>C</i>	depth of sealing zone
$e_{\min}$	minimum wall thickness
$e_2$	wall thickness of socket
$e_3$	wall thickness at the groove
$L_1$	length of spigot
$L_2$	length of adhesive joint socket
<i>l</i>	effective length of pipe
<i>N</i>	effective insertion depth
<i>R</i>	radius of swept fittings
<i>X</i>	Stop width
<i>Z</i>	Z-length of a fitting

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## 4.2 Abbreviations

PVC-C	Chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride)
TIR	true impact rate
Type S	short socket type for ring seal joints
Type N	normal socket type for ring seal joints
Type L	long socket type for ring seal joints
Type CS	short socket type for adhesive joints

## 5 Material

## 5.1 PVC-C-compound

The formulation shall be a mixture of PVC-C to which are added up to 50 % PVC-U and additives and if applicable non-virgin material that shall allow the final product to comply with the requirements of this document.

Non-virgin material (either pre-consumer material or reworked material or a mixture of both) may be used in the conditions given in 5.4.

NOTE In order to conform to national requirements on fire regulations other additives can be used.

## 5.2 Additional material requirements for BD application

The material of pipes and fittings intended to be used in application area BD shall comply with the additional requirement given in Table 1, when tested in accordance with the test method as specified in Table 1, using the indicated parameters.

The compound shall be tested in the form of a pipe.

**Table 1 — Material characteristics for BD application**

Characteristic	Requirement	Test parameters		Test method
Resistance to internal pressure	No failure during the test period	End caps	type A or B	EN ISO 1167-1:2006 <sup>a</sup> and EN ISO 1167-2:2006
		Test temperature	(60 ± 1) °C	
		Orientation	free	
		Number of test pieces	3	
		Circumferential (hoop) stress	10,0 Mpa	
		Conditioning period	1 h	
		Type of test	Water-in-water	
Test period	1 000 h			

<sup>a</sup> Pressure shall be calculated according to EN ISO 1167-1:2006, 7.2 (measured dimensions of the test piece).

### 5.3 Fabricated fittings

Fabricated fittings shall be made from parts of pipes and/or injection moulded fittings conforming to this document.

### 5.4 Utilization of non-virgin material

The use of reworked material conforming to this document is permitted.

Pre-consumer material or post-consumer material shall not be used.

### 5.5 Sealing ring retaining means

Sealing rings may be retained using means made from plastics other than PVC-C, provided the joints conform to the requirements given in Clause 9.

## 6 General characteristics

### 6.1 Appearance

When viewed without magnification the following requirements apply:

- internal and external surfaces of pipes and fittings shall be smooth, clean and free from grooving, blistering impurities and pores and any other surface irregularity likely to prevent their conformance to this document;
- pipe ends shall be cleanly cut and the ends of pipes and fittings shall be square to each axis.

### 6.2 Colour

The pipes and fittings shall have the same colour through the wall.

The colours of pipes and fittings should be preferably grey or black. Other colours may be used.

### 6.3 External above ground application

Additional requirements depending on the climate should be considered and may be agreed between the manufacturer and the user.

### 6.4 Reaction to fire

If required by national regulations, the reaction to fire performance of products complying with this standard shall be classified according to EN 13501-1 [3] using, as applicable, EN ISO 11925-2 [4] and EN 13823 [5] with mounting and fixing according to EN 16000 [6].

## 7 Geometrical characteristics

### 7.1 General

Dimensions shall be measured in accordance with EN ISO 3126.

NOTE All figures are schematic sketches only, to indicate the relevant dimensions. They do not necessarily represent the manufactured components.

### 7.2 Dimensions of pipes

#### 7.2.1 Outside diameters

The mean outside diameter  $d_{em}$  shall conform to Table 2 or Table 3, as applicable.