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Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Test method for plasma resistance of ceramic components in semiconductor manufacturing equipment

Céramiques techniques — Méthode d'essai pour déterminer la résistance au plasma des composants céramiques dans les équipements de production à semi-conducteurs

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 206, Fine ceramics.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Test method for plasma resistance of ceramic components in semiconductor manufacturing equipment

1 Scope

This document specifies a test method for plasma resistance of ceramic components in semiconductor manufacturing equipment. It is applicable to ceramic components of plasma-resistant components in dry etching chambers used in semiconductor manufacturing.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3274, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Nominal characteristics of contact (stylus) instruments

ISO 4287, Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters

ISO 18452, Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Determination of thickness of ceramic films by contact-probe profilometer

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply. 67391/iso-21859-2019

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

plasma resistance

resistance to erosion of the material such as particles which result from corrosion of the materials by erosive plasma source for semiconductor manufacturing

3.2

ceramic component

ceramic part, such as an electrostatic chuck, ring, plate for gas injection, end-point detector, gas injector or viewing port, in a dry etching chamber in semiconductor manufacturing

3.3

erosion depth

difference in height between non-plasma exposure area and plasma exposure area

4 Principle of measurement

This document concerns the measurement of erosion depth after a plasma resistance test and the measurement of surface roughness before and after a plasma resistance test.

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An erosion depth shall be evaluated from the profile which is obtained by scanning the surface by using a contact probe profilometer. The profile is in proportion to the difference in height between the parts covered by masking and those not covered by masking.

Surface roughness parameters such as *Ra* and *Rz* shall be evaluated before and after the plasma resistance test by using a surface roughness profilometer.

5 Test environment

The measurement of the erosion depth and surface roughness shall be carried out in an environment free from mechanical vibrations that could affect the measurement.

6 Apparatus

6.1 Plasma-etching equipment

The plasma-etching equipment should be a type of reactive ion etching with two parallel electrodes powered by a radio-frequency generator of 13,56 MHz.

6.2 Contact-probe profilometer

The contact-probe profilometer shall be in accordance with ISO 18452.

6.3 Surface roughness profilometer 1th Standards

The surface roughness profilometer shall be in accordance with ISO 3274.

The surface roughness parameters shall be in accordance with ISO 4287.

The contact-probe profilometer and surface roughness profilometer may be the same instrument.

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7 h Test pieces sitch ai/catalog/standards/iso/dc501a89-a2eb-4c15-b2f8-31dd8e16739f/iso-21859-2019

7.1 General consideration

The test pieces shall comprise ceramics or a ceramic coating on the substrate.

The test pieces shall have dimensions sufficient to ensure stability on the test piece stage of the plasmaetching equipment, contact-probe profilometer and surface roughness profilometer.

Clean the test piece, by using an appropriate method for the ceramics or ceramic coating, so that the surface of the test piece is free from dust, oil and any other foreign particle.

7.2 Surface conditions

The test piece shall have smooth surface roughness sufficient to measure the erosion depth by using the plasma resistance test.

8 Procedure

8.1 Measurement of surface roughness before a plasma resistance test

Measure the surface roughness of the test piece by using the surface roughness profiler before a plasma resistance test.