



SLOVENSKI STANDARD

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**Informacijska tehnologija - Naprave in infrastruktura podatkovnega centra - 4-9.
del: Učinkovitost porabe vode**

Information technology - Data centre facilities and infrastructures - Part 4-9: Water Usage Effectiveness

Informationstechnik - Einrichtungen und Infrastrukturen von Rechenzentren - Teil 4-9: Effektivität der Wasserverwendung

Technologie de l'information - Installation et infrastructures de centres de traitement de données - Partie 4-9: Efficacité de l'utilisation de l'eau

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN 50600-4-9:2022

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35.160	Mikroprocesorski sistemi	Microprocessor systems

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**Information technology - Data centre facilities and infrastructures
- Part 4-9: Water Usage Effectiveness**

Technologie de l'information - Installation et infrastructures
de centres de traitement de données - Partie 4-9: Efficacité
de l'utilisation de l'eau

Informationstechnik - Einrichtungen und Infrastrukturen von
Rechenzentren - Teil 4-9: Effektivität der
Wasserverwendung

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EN 50600-4-9:2022 (E)**European foreword**

This document (EN 50600-4-9:2022) has been prepared by CLC/TC 215 “Electrotechnical aspects of telecommunication equipment”. It is based on the text of ISO/IEC 30134-9:2022 “Information technology - Data centres key performance indicators - Part 9: Water usage effectiveness (WUE)”.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which this document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2023-12-12
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with this document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2025-12-12

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a Standardization Request given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CENELEC website.

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Introduction

The unrestricted access to internet-based information demanded by the information society has led to an exponential growth of both internet traffic and the volume of stored/retrieved data. Data centres are housing and supporting the information technology and network telecommunications equipment for data processing, data storage and data transport. They are required both by network operators (delivering those services to customer premises) and by enterprises within those customer premises.

Data centres usually provide modular, scalable and flexible facilities and infrastructures to easily accommodate the rapidly changing requirements of the market. In addition, energy consumption of data centres has become critical both from an environmental point of view (reduction of environmental footprint) and with respect to economical considerations (cost of energy) for the data centre operator.

The implementation of data centres varies in terms of:

- a) purpose (enterprise, co-location, co-hosting or network operator facilities);
- b) security level;
- c) physical size;
- d) accommodation (mobile, temporary and permanent constructions).

The needs of data centres also vary in terms of availability of service, the provision of security and the objectives for energy efficiency. These needs and objectives influence the design of data centres in terms of building construction, power distribution, environmental control, telecommunications cabling and physical security as well as the operation of the data centre. Effective management and operational information are important in order to monitor achievement of the defined needs and objectives.

Recognizing the substantial resource consumption, particularly of energy, of larger data centres, it is also important to provide tools for the assessment of that consumption both in terms of overall value and of source mix and to provide Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) to evaluate trends and drive performance improvements.

At the time of publication of this document, the EN 50600 series is designed as a framework of standards, technical specifications and technical reports covering the design, the operation and management, the key performance indicators for energy efficient operation of the data centre as well as a data centre maturity model.

The EN 50600-2 series defines the requirements for the data centre design.

The EN 50600-3 series defines the requirements for the operation and the management of the data centre.

The EN 50600-4 series defines the key performance indicators for the data centre.

The CLC/TS 50600-5 series defines the data centre maturity model requirements and recommendations.

The CLC/TR 50600-99-X Technical Reports cover recommended practices and guidance for specific topics around data centre operation and design.

This series of documents specifies requirements and recommendations to support the various parties involved in the design, planning, procurement, integration, installation, operation and maintenance of facilities and infrastructures within data centres. These parties include:

- 1) owners, operators, facility managers, ICT managers, project managers, main contractors;
- 2) consulting engineers, architects, building designers and builders, system and installation designers, auditors, test and commissioning agents;
- 3) facility and infrastructure integrators, suppliers of equipment;
- 4) installers, maintainers.

EN 50600-4-9:2022 (E)

At the time of publication of this document, the EN 50600-4 series comprises the following documents:

EN 50600-4-1, *Information technology — Data centre facilities and infrastructures — Part 4-1: Overview of and general requirements for key performance indicators*

EN 50600-4-2, *Information technology — Data centre facilities and infrastructures — Part 4-2: Power Usage Effectiveness*

EN 50600-4-3, *Information technology — Data centre facilities and infrastructures — Part 4-3: Renewable Energy Factor;*

EN 50600-4-6, *Information technology — Data centre facilities and infrastructures — Part 4-6: Energy Reuse Factor;*

EN 50600-4-7, *Information technology — Data centre facilities and infrastructures — Part 4-7: Cooling Efficiency Ratio;*

EN 50600-4-8, *Information technology — Data centre facilities and infrastructures — Part 4-8: Carbon Usage Effectiveness;*

EN 50600-4-9, *Information technology — Data centre facilities and infrastructures — Part 4-9: Water Usage Effectiveness.*

The inter-relationship of the documents within the EN 50600 series is shown in Figure 1.

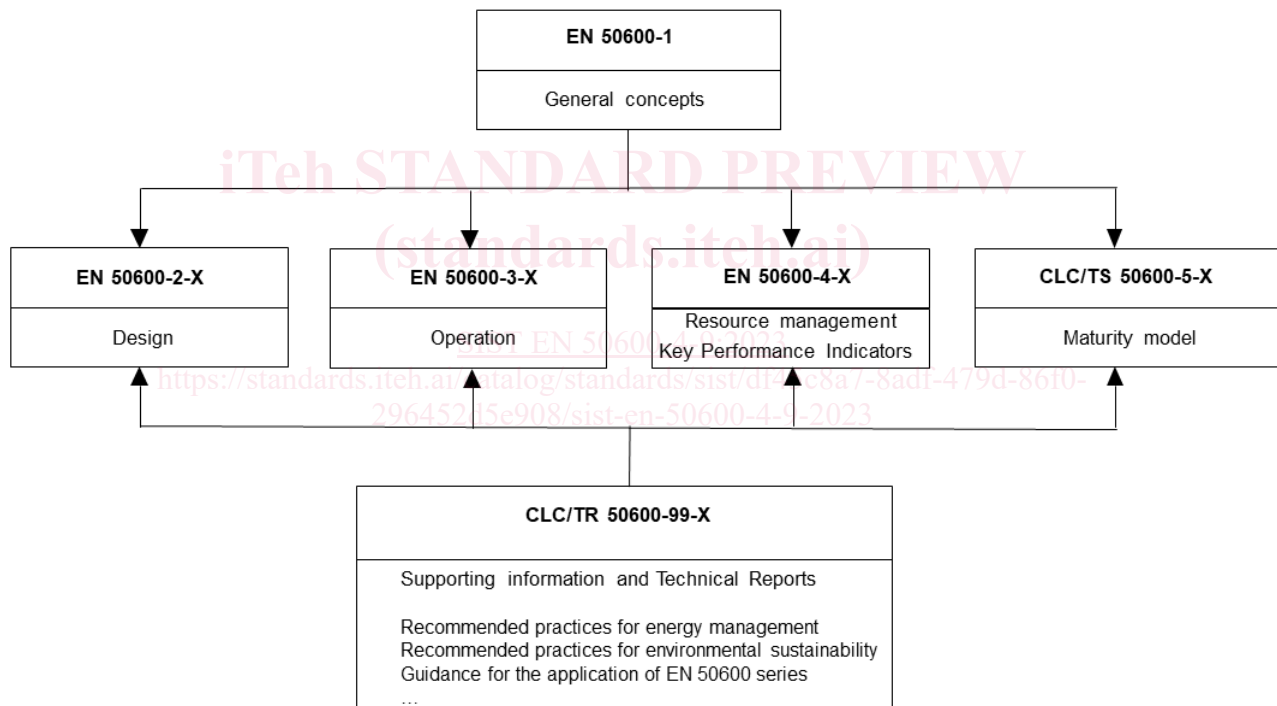


Figure 1 — Schematic relationship between the EN 50600 series documents

EN 50600-2-X documents specify requirements and recommendations for particular facilities and infrastructures to support the relevant classification for “availability”, “physical security” and “energy efficiency enablement” selected from EN 50600-1.

EN 50600-3-X documents specify requirements and recommendations for data centre operations, processes and management.

EN 50600-4-X documents specify requirements and recommendations for key performance indicators (KPIs) used to assess and improve the resource usage efficiency and effectiveness, respectively, of a data centre.

NOTE Within the EN 50600-4-X series, the term “resource usage effectiveness” is more generally used for KPIs in preference to “resource usage efficiency”, which is restricted to situations where the input and output parameters used to define the KPI have the same units.

In today's digital society data centre growth, and power consumption in particular, is an inevitable consequence and that growth will demand increasing power consumption despite the most stringent energy efficiency strategies. This makes the need for key performance indicators that cover the effective use of resources (including but not limited to energy) and the reduction of CO₂ emissions essential.

In order to enable the optimum resource effectiveness of data centres a suite of effective KPIs is needed to measure and report on resources consumed in order to develop an improvement roadmap.

These standards are intended to accelerate the provision of operational infrastructures with improved resource usage effectiveness.

This document specifies the Water Usage Effectiveness (WUE) including relevant derivatives and provides a metric to report the (re-)use of water consumed in a data centre.

This document is intended for use by data centre managers. The use of the Water Usage Effectiveness as a key performance indicator provides data centre managers with greater visibility and assists them in achieving sustainability goals.

Additional standards in the EN 50600-4-X series will be developed, each describing a specific KPI for resource usage effectiveness or efficiency.

The EN 50600-4-X series does not specify limits or targets for any KPI and does not describe or imply, unless specifically stated, any form of aggregation of individual KPIs into a combined nor an overall KPI for data centre resource usage effectiveness or efficiency.

This document is intended for use by and collaboration between data centre managers, facility managers, ICT managers, and main contractors.

This series of documents does not address the selection of information technology and network telecommunications equipment, software and associated configuration issues.

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EN 50600-4-9:2022 (E)**1 Scope**

This document specifies the Water Usage Effectiveness (WUE) as a KPI for quantifying the water consumption of a data centre during use phase of the data centre life cycle.

This document:

- a) defines the Water Usage Effectiveness (WUE) of a data centre;
- b) introduces WUE measurement categories;
- c) describes the relationship of this KPI to a data centre's infrastructure, information technology equipment and information technology operations;
- d) defines the measurement, the calculation and the reporting of the parameter;
- e) provides information on the correct interpretation of the WUE.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 50600-4-1:2016, *Information technology - Data centre facilities and infrastructures - Part 4-1: Overview of and general requirements for key performance indicators*

EN 50600-4-2, *Information technology - Data centre facilities and infrastructures - Part 4-2: Power Usage Effectiveness*

ISO 8601-1, *Date and time — Representations for information interchange — Part 1: Basic rules*

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3 Terms, definitions, abbreviations and symbols**3.1 Terms and definitions**

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 50600-4-1, EN 50600-4-2 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1.1**total data centre energy consumption**

total annual energy consumption for all energy types serving the data centre at its boundary

Note 1 to entry: For the purposes of this document, the total data centre energy is expressed in MWh; the energy is measured with energy metering devices at the boundary of the data centre or points of generation within the boundary.

Note 2 to entry: This includes electricity, natural gas, hydrogen, bioethanol and district utilities such as supplied chilled water or condenser water.

Note 3 to entry: Total annual energy includes supporting infrastructure.

3.1.2

IT equipment energy consumption

energy consumed by equipment that is used to manage, process, store or route data within the compute space

Note 1 to entry: The IT equipment energy consumption is measured in MWh; examples for IT equipment are servers, storage equipment, and telecommunications equipment.

Note 2 to entry: IT equipment energy use follows same categories as in EN 50600-4-2.

3.1.3

Water Usage Effectiveness

ratio of the data centre water consumption divided by the energy consumed by IT equipment

3.1.4

water use

water that is used by end users for a specific purpose within a given territory

Note 1 to entry: For the purposes of this document water use corresponds to the water consumption caused by the processing of data in a data centre.

Note 2 to entry: Domestic use, irrigation or industrial processing are examples of a given territory.

Note 3 to entry: Water use is measured in water volume [m³] consumed.

3.1.5

potable water drinking water

water being free from contamination that is safe to drink or to use for food and beverage preparation and personal hygiene

Note 1 to entry: The definition of the quality criteria of potable water is usually subject to national or local regulation; if there is no information about the criteria see [2].

3.1.6

reused water

water that is leaving the data centre boundaries for an alternative non-data-centre-use

Note 1 to entry: The non-data-centre-use of water is usually defined by local regulation for reuse.

3.1.7

industrial reuse of water

reuse of water for industrial purposes

Note 1 to entry: Industrial reuse covers water reuse for the purposes of e.g. fabrication, processing, washing, dilution and cooling.

3.1.8

non-industrial reuse of water

reuse of water which is not for industrial reuse or drinking

3.1.9

energy water intensity factor

amount of water that is used to produce energy

Note 1 to entry: The energy water intensity factor is expressed in m³ per MWh.