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Standard Specification for In-Service Care of Insulating Line Hose and Covers¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the in-service care, inspection, testing, and use voltage of insulating line hose and covers for protection of workers from accidental contact with energized electrical ~~shock~~ wires or equipment.

1.2 The following safety hazards caveat applies only to the test method portion, Section 7, of this specification: *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* Specific precautionary statements are given in ~~Note 1~~ 7.2.1.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D1049 Specification for Rubber Insulating Covers

D1050 Specification for Rubber Insulating Line Hose

D2865 ~~Practice for Calibration of Standards and Equipment for Electrical Insulating Materials Testing~~ Practice for Calibration of Standards and Equipment for Electrical Insulating Materials Testing

F819 Terminology Relating to Electrical Protective Equipment for Workers

2.2 ANSI Standards:

C 84.1 Voltage Ratings for Electric Power Systems and Equipment (60 Hz)³

C 39.5 Safety Requirements for Electrical and Electronic Measuring and Controlling Instrumentation³

2.3 IEEE Standard:

IEEE Standard ~~4~~ 4 Techniques for High Voltage Testing⁴

3. Terminology

3.1 *breakdown*—the electrical discharge or arc occurring between the electrodes and through the equipment being tested.

3.2 *bulk storage*—the storage of hose or covers together with one or more layers piled neatly, but without the benefit of spacers, supports, or special protective containers.

3.3 *cover*—an electrically insulated enclosure designed to be installed temporarily on various types of irregularly shaped electrical equipment to protect personnel and equipment working in the close proximity.

3.4 *designated person*—an individual who is qualified by experience or training to perform an assigned task.

3.5 *distorted*—physically changed from the natural and original shape, caused by stress of any type.

3.6 *electrical testing facility*—a location with qualified personnel, testing equipment, and procedures for the inspection and electrical testing of electrical insulating protective equipment.

3.7 *electrode*—the energized or grounded conductor portion of electrical test equipment which is placed near or in contact with the material or equipment being tested.

3.8 *flashover*—the electrical discharge or arc occurring between electrodes and over or around, but not through, the equipment being tested.

3.9 *hose*—an electrical insulating tube with a longitudinal slit designed to be installed temporarily on energized electrical wires.

3.10 *ozone*—a very active form of oxygen that may be produced by corona, arcing, or ultraviolet rays.

3.11 *ozone cutting and checking*—cracks produced by ozone in a material under mechanical stress.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F18 on Electrical Protective Equipment for Workers and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F18.25 on Insulating Cover-Up Equipment.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

⁴ Available from Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., 445 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08854-4150.

3.12 *retest*—the tests given after the initial acceptance test, usually performed at regular periodic intervals or as required because of physical inspection.

3.13 *voltage, maximum use*—the a-c voltage (rms) classification of the protective equipment that designates the maximum nominal design voltage of the energized system that may be safely worked. The nominal design voltage is equal to phase-to-phase voltage on multiphase circuits.

3.13.1 If there is no multiphase exposure in a system area, and the voltage exposure is limited to phase (polarity on d-c systems) to ground potential, the phase (polarity on d-c systems) to ground potential shall be considered to be the nominal design voltage.

3.13.2 If electrical equipment and devices are insulated, or isolated, or both, such that the multiphase exposure on a grounded wye circuit is removed, then the nominal design voltage may be considered as the phase-to-ground voltage on that circuit.

3.14 *voltage, maximum retest*—voltage, either a-c rms or d-c average, that is equal to the proof test voltage for new protective equipment.

3.15 *voltage, nominal design*—a nominal value consistent with the latest revision of ANSI C84.1, assigned to the circuit or system for the purpose of conveniently designating its voltage class.

3.16

3.15 *voltage, retest*—voltage, either a-c rms or d-c average, that used protective equipment must be capable of withstanding for a specific test period without breakdown.

3.16 For definitions of other terms, refer to Terminology F819.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Compliance with this specification should continue to provide personnel with insulating line hose and covers of known and acceptable quality after initial acceptance in accordance with Specifications D1050 and D1049D1050D1049D1049. The standards herein are to be considered as minimum requirements.

4.2 A margin of safety shall be provided between the maximum use voltage and their class proof voltage in accordance with Specifications D1050 and D1049D1050D1049, as shown in Table 1.

4.3 The user of this type of protective equipment shall be knowledgeable of and instructed in the correct and safe inspection and use of this equipment.

5. Classification

5.1 Line hose covered in this specification are designed as Type I or Type II; Class 0, Class 1, Class 2, Class 3 or Class 4; Style A, Style B, Style C or Style D. Covers covered in this standard are designated as Type I or Type II; Class 0, Class 1, Class 2, Class 3 or Class 4; Style A, Style B, Style C, Style D or Style E.

5.1.1 *Type I*—High-grade *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene rubber compound of natural or synthetic origin, properly vulcanized.

5.1.2 *Type II*—Ozone resistant, made of any elastomer or combination of elastomeric compounds.

5.1.3 The class designations are based on the electrical properties in Specifications D1050 and D1049D1050D1049.

5.1.4 The style designations are based on the designs and descriptions in Specifications D1050 and D1049D1050D1049.

6. Washing and Inspection

6.1 The recommended sequence of washing and inspection of contaminated insulating line hose and covers is as follows:

6.1.1 Washing,

TABLE 1 Voltage Requirements Line Hose and Covers

Class Designation of Hose and Covers	A-C Use Voltage, rms, max ^a	A-DC-Retest Max Use Voltage avg, V	AC Retest Voltage, rms	D-C Retest Voltage, avg
0	1000	1500	5000	20 000
1	7500	11250	10 000	40 000
2	17 000	25500	20 000	50 000
3	26 500	39750	30 000	60 000
4	36 000	54000	40 000	70 000

^aThe maximum use voltage is based on the following equations:

1. Maximum use voltage=0.95 a-c and d-c retest voltage—2000, Classes 1, 2, 3, and 4.

2. Maximum use voltage=0.95 a-c and d-c reset voltage—30500, Classes 1, 2, 3, and 4.

3. Maximum use voltage=0.95 a-c and d-c retest voltage—18000, Class 0.