

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 12056-2:2001

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Težnostni kanalizacijski sistemi v stavbah - 2. del: Sanitarni sistem, načrtovanje in izračun

Gravity drainage systems inside buildings - Part 2: Sanitary pipework, layout and calculation

Schwerkraftentwässerungsanlagen innerhalb von Gebäuden - Teil 2: Schmutzwasseranlagen, Planung und Berechnung PREVIEW

Réseaux d'évacuation gravitaire a l'intérieur des bâtiments - Partie 2: Systemes pour les eaux usées, conception et calculs

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Gravity drainage systems inside buildings - Part 2: Sanitary pipework, layout and calculation

Réseaux d'évacuation gravitaire à l'intérieur des bâtiments -Partie 2: Systèmes pour les eaux usées, conception et calculs Schwerkraftentwässerungsanlagen innerhalb von Gebäuden - Teil 2: Schmutzwasseranlagen, Planung und Berechnung

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 27 October 1999.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the Central Secretariat or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the Central Secretariat has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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For	eword	5
1 S	Scope	6
2 N	lormative References	7
3 D	efinitions	8
3.1.1	eneral Waste water Domestic waste water	8
3.1.3	Trade effluent Grey water	8 8
3.1.5	Black water	8
	Rainwater Flood level	8
	Drainage system	8 8
3.1.9	Combined system	8
3.1.10	0 Separate system	8
	pes and fittings	8
	Sanitary pipework	8
	Nominal Diameter (DN) ANDARD PREVIEW	8
	(4)	8
3.2.5	External diameter (da) rds.iteh.ai) Minimum internal diameter (dimin) rds.iteh.ai	9
3.2.6	Branch discharge pipe	9
3.2.7		9
3.2.8	1111751.5511111111111111111111111111111	9
3.2.9	Connection bend 4ce8378b19d8/sist-en-12056-2-2001	9
	Discharge stack	9
	1 Stack offset 2 Drain	9
	3 Filling degree	9 9
2 21/0	ntilating pinaucula	_
	entilating pipework Ventilating pipe	9 9
	Branch ventilating pipe	9
3.3.3	Stack vent	9
3.3.4		9
3.3.5	Air admittance valve	9
3.4Ap	pliances	9
	Domestic sanitary appliances	9
	Non-domestic sanitary appliances	10
	Floor gully	10
3.4.4 3.4.5	Trap Depth of water seal (<i>H</i>)	10
0.4.0	Deptit of water seal (11)	10
	lculation	11
3.5.1		11
3.5.2 3.5.3	Frequency factor (K) Waste water flow rate (Q_{ww})	11 11
		1 1

SIST EN 12056-2:2001

	Page 3 EN 12056-2:2000
3.5.4 Continuous flow rate (Q_c)	11
3.5.5 Pumped water flow rate(Q_0)	11
3.5.6 Total flow rate (Q_{tot})	11
3.5.7 Hydraulic capacity(Q_{max})	11
3.5.8 Air flow rate (Q _a)	11
4 System Configurations	12
4.1 General	12
4.2System types	12
4.3Configurations	12
4.3.1 Primary ventilated system configurations	13
4.3.2 Secondary ventilated system configurations	14
4.3.3 Unventilated discharge branch configurations	15
4.3.4 Ventilated discharge branch configurations	16
5 Layout Rules	17
5.1 Compliance with European Standards	17
5.2Protection against flooding	17
5.3Odour	17
5.4Trap seal	17
(standards.iteh.ai) 5.5Reduction of Nominal Diameter	17
SIST FN 12056-2:2001	
5.6 Ventilation https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/238e039f-dde2-4d1b-9845-4ce8378b19d8/sist-en-12056-2-2001	17
5.7Air admittance valves	17
6 Calculation	18
6.1 General	18
6.2Basic data	18
6.2.1 Pipe diameter	18
6.2.2 Discharge Units 6.2.3 Discharge from non-domestic sanitary appliances	19
o.z.s Discharge from non-domestic samilary appliances	19
6.3Calculation of flowrate	20
6.3.1 Waste water flowrate (Q _{ww})	20
6.3.2 Frequency factor (K)	20
6.3.3 Total flowrate (Q_{tot}) 6.3.4 Calculation rules	20 20
6.4Layout of branches	21
6.4.1 Unventilated discharge branches	21
6.4.2 Ventilated discharge branches	23
6.4.3 Air admittance valves for branches	26

SIST EN 12056-2:2001

Page 4 EN 12056-2:2000

6.5 Layout of discharge stacks	26
6.5.1 Primary ventilated discharge stacks6.5.2 Secondary ventilated discharge stacks	26
6.5.3 Air admittance valves for stacks	27
6.5.4 Ventilating pipework	27 27
- Torring piporion	21
6.6Layout of drains	27
6.6.1 General	27
Annex A (informative)	28
A.1 National and local regulations and practice	28
Annex B (informative)	33
B.1 Capacities of drains	33
·	
B.2 Values of waste water flow rates	34
Ammor O (informative)	·
Annex C (informative)	35
C.1 Calculation example	35
C.2 Data and parameters	35
iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW	33
C.3 Sum of Discharge Units (standards.iteh.ai)	35
C.4 Calculation of the stack size	36
SIST EN 12056-2:2001	
C.5 Calculation of the drain sizes talog/standards/sist/238e039f-dde2-4d1b-9845-4ce8378b19d8/sist-en-12056-2-2001	36
Annex D (informative)	38
· ····································	30
D.1 European Standards of commonly used products and additional	
European Standards in the field of waste water systems	38

Foreword

This European Standard has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 165 "Waste water engineering", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2000, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2001.

This is the second part in a series of the following five parts:

Part 1: General and performance requirements

Part 2: Sanitary pipework, layout and calculation

Part 3: Roof drainage, layout and calculation

Part 4: Waste water lifting plants, layout and calculation

Part 5: Installation and testing of drainage systems, instructions for operation, maintenance and use

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United

Kingdom.

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SIST EN 12056-2:2001 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/238e039f-dde2-4d1b-9845-4ce8378b19d8/sist-en-12056-2-2001 Page 6 EN 12056-2:2000

1 Scope

This European Standard applies to waste water drainage systems which operate under gravity. It is applicable for drainage systems inside dwellings, commercial, institutional and industrial buildings.

Differences in plumbing within Europe have led to a variety of systems being developed. Some of the major systems in use are described but this standard has not attempted to detail the intricacies of each system. Detailed information additional to that contained in this Standard may be obtained by referring to the technical documents listed in Annex A.

This second part of the standard sets out principles which shall be followed for both layout and calculation. It makes limited provision for drainage systems conveying trade effluent and also makes limited provision for fluids removed by pumps.

All drawings in the standard are given as examples and are not intended to exclude any other system configuration.

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SIST EN 12056-2:2001 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/238e039f-dde2-4d1b-9845-4ce8378b19d8/sist-en-12056-2-2001

2 Normative References

This European Standard incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to or revisions of any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of publication referred to applies.

EN 12056-1: Gravity drainage systems inside buildings

Part 1: General and performance requirements

EN 12056-3: Gravity drainage systems inside buildings

Part 3: Roof drainage, layout and calculation

EN 12056-4: Gravity drainage systems inside buildings

Part 4: Waste water lifting plants, layout and calculation

EN 12056-5 Gravity drainage systems inside buildings

Part 5: Installation and testing,

instructions for operation, maintenance and use

EN 752 Drain and Sewer Systems outside Buildings

prEN 12380 Ventilating Pipework - Air Admittance Valve Systems (AVS)

(standards.iteh.ai)

SIST EN 12056-2:2001

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/238e039f-dde2-4d1b-9845-4ce8378b19d8/sist-en-12056-2-2001

Page 8 EN 12056-2:2000

3 Definitions

For the purpose of this European Standard, the following definitions apply:

3.1 General

3.1.1 Waste water

Water which is contaminated by use and all water discharging into the drainage system; e.g. domestic and trade effluent, condensate water and also rainwater when discharged in a waste water drainage system.

3.1.2 Domestic waste water

Water which is contaminated by use and normally discharged from WC, shower, bath, bidet, wash basin, sink, floor gully.

3.1.3 Trade effluent

Water after industrial use and processes contaminated / polluted water including cooling water.

3.1.4 Grey water

Waste water not containing faecal matter or urine.

3.1.5 Black water

Waste water containing faecal matter or urine.

3.1.6 Rainwater iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Water resulting from natural precipitation that has not been deliberately contaminated.

3.1.7 Flood level

The maximum level to which waste water can rise within a drainage system.

3.1.8 Drainage system/standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/238e039f-dde2-4d1b-9845-

A system composed of drainage equipment, and other components collecting waste water and discharging by means of gravity. Effluent lifting plant may be part of a gravity drainage system.

3.1.9 Combined system

A drainage system for both rain and waste water in a single pipe.

3.1.10 Separate system

A drainage system for draining rain and waste water separately by dedicated pipework.

3.2 Pipes and fittings

3.2.1 Sanitary pipework

Arrangement of discharge pipework, with or without ventilating pipes, connected to a drainage system.

Note: For the purposes of this standard "pipework" include pipes and fittings.

3.2.2 Nominal Diameter (DN)

Numerical designation of size which is a convenient round number approximately equal to the diameter in mm.

3.2.3 Internal diameter (d)

Mean internal diameter of the pipe barrel at any cross section.

3.2.4 External diameter(da)

Mean external diameter of the pipe barrel at any cross section.

3.2.5 Minimum internal diameter (dimin)

Smallest internal diameter allowed with maximum tolerance.

3.2.6 Branch discharge pipe

Pipe connecting sanitary appliances to a discharge stack or drain.

3.2.7 Square entry

Equal branch junction that is more than 45°, or has a centre line radius less than the internal pipe diameter.

3.2.8 Swept entry

Equal branch junction that is at 45° or less, or has a centre line radius not less than the internal pipe diameter.

3.2.9 Connection bend

First fitting in direction of flow after trap outlet.

3.2.10 Discharge stack

Main (generally vertical) pipe, conveying discharges from sanitary appliances.

3.2.11 Stack offset

Non vertical part of a discharge stack.

3.2.12 Drain

Near horizontal pipe suspended within a building or buried in the ground to which stacks or ground floor appliances are connected. A RD PREVIEW

3.2.13 Filling degree

Proportion of water depth (h) to the inside diameter (a).

3.3 Ventilating pipework

SIST EN 12056-2:2001

3.3.1 Ventilating pipe

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Pipe provided to limit the pressure fluctuations within the discharge pipe system.

3.3.2 Branch ventilating pipe

Ventilating pipe connected to a branch discharge pipe.

3.3.3 Stack vent

Extension of a vertical discharge pipe above the highest branch discharge pipe connection that terminates in an end, open to the atmosphere.

3.3.4 Ventilating stack

Main vertical ventilating pipe, connected to a discharge stack, to limit pressure fluctuations within the discharge stack.

3.3.5 Air admittance valve

Valve that allows air to enter the system but not to escape in order to limit pressure fluctuations within the sanitary pipework.

3.4 Appliances

3.4.1 Domestic sanitary appliances

Fixed appliances supplied with water and used cleaning or washing. For example: baths, showers, wash basins, bidets, WCs, urinals, sinks, dishwashers, washing machines.

Page 10 EN 12056-2:2000

3.4.2 Non-domestic sanitary appliances

Special sanitary appliances used in commercial kitchens, laundries, laboratories, hospitals, hotels, swimming-pools etc.

3.4.3 Floor gully

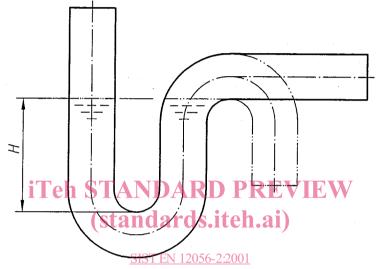
Discharge fitting intended to receive water from floors either through apertures in a grating or from pipes connected to the body of the gully. A gully may include a trap.

3.4.4 Trap

Device that prevents the passage of foul air by means of water seal.

3.4.5 Depth of water seal (H)

The depth of water which would have to be removed from a fully charged trap before gases and odours at atmospheric pressure could pass through the trap shown as *H* in Figure 1.



https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/238e039f-dde2-4d1b-9845-Figure 10 Water depth in trap

3.5 Calculation

3.5.1 Discharge Unit (DU)

The average discharge rate of a sanitary appliance expressed in litres per second (I/s).

3.5.2 Frequency factor (K)

Variable to take into account the frequency of use of sanitary appliances (dimensionless).

3.5.3 Waste water flow rate (Qww)

Total design flow rate from sanitary appliances in a drainage system or in a part of a drainage system in litres per second (l/s).

3.5.4 Continuous flow rate (Q_c)

Flow rate of all continuous flows e.g. cooling water etc. in litres per second (I/s).

3.5.5 Pumped water flow rate(Q_0)

Discharge rate of waste water pumps in litres per second (I/s).

3.5.6 Total flow rate (Q_{tot})

The total flow rate is the sum of the waste water flow rate (Q_{ww}) and continuous flow rate (Q_{c}) and pumped water flow rate (Q_{o}), in litres per second (I/s).

3.5.7 Hydraulic capacity(Q_{max})

Maximum flow rate of water permitted in a branch, stack or drain in litres per second (I/s).

3.5.8 Air flow rate (Q_a)

Minimum flow rate of air through a ventilating pipe or air admittance valve, measured at 250 Pascal (Pa) pressure drop, in litres per second (I/s).

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