

## SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 1092-3:2022

01-januar-2022

Prirobnice in prirobnični spoji - Okrogle prirobnice za cevi, ventile, fitinge in pribor z oznako PN - 3. del: Prirobnice iz bakrovih zlitin

Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated - Part 3: Copper alloy flanges

Flansche und ihre Verbindungen - Runde Flansche für Rohre, Armaturen, Formstücke und Zubehörteile, nach PN bezeichnet - Teil 3: Flansche aus Kupferlegierungen

Brides et leurs assemblages - Brides circulaires pour tubes, appareils de robinetterie, raccords et accessoires, désignées PN - Partie 3 : Brides en alliages de cuivre

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6146ce11-0d68-4aa5-af7d-

Ta slovenski standard je istoveteh 2:555/osiprEN 1092-322

#### ICS:

23.040.60 Prirobnice, oglavki in spojni Flanges, couplings and joints

elementi

77.150.30 Bakreni izdelki Copper products

oSIST prEN 1092-3:2022 en,fr,de

oSIST prEN 1092-3:2022

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

oSIST prEN 1092-3:2022 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6146ce11-0d68-4aa5-af7d-ceceeb54b5f5/osist-pren-1092-3-2022

## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

# DRAFT prEN 1092-3

December 2021

ICS 23.040.60

Will supersede EN 1092-3:2003

#### **English Version**

# Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN designated - Part 3: Copper alloy flanges

Brides et leurs assemblages - Brides circulaires pour tubes, appareils de robinetterie, raccords et accessoires, désignées PN - Partie 3 : Brides en alliages de cuivre Flansche und ihre Verbindungen - Runde Flansche für Rohre, Armaturen, Formstücke und Zubehörteile, nach PN bezeichnet - Teil 3: Flansche aus Kupferlegierungen

This draft European Standard is submitted to CEN members for enquiry. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 74.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

This draft European Standard was established by CEN in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Tceland, Treland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.

Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

**Warning**: This document is not a European Standard. It is distributed for review and comments. It is subject to change without notice and shall not be referred to as a European Standard.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Cont	an foreword       3         ction       4         cope       5         formative references       7         cerms and definitions       7         designation       8         deneral       8         tandard designation       8         nformation to be supplied by the equipment manufacturer       9	
Europ	ean foreword	3
Introd	uction	4
1	Scope	5
2		
3	Terms and definitions	7
4		
4.1		
4.2		
4.3	0	
5	General requirements	9
5.1	Materials	
5.2	Repairs	
5.3	Bolting	
5.4	Gaskets	
5.5	Pressure/temperature (p/T) ratings PREVIEW General PREVIEW	10
5.5.1	General Ten State Control of the Con	10
5.5.2	p/T ratings of flanged joints (standards.itch.ai)	10
5.6 5.6.1	Dimensions	10
5.6.1 5.6.2	Bolt holes OSIST prEN 1092-3:2022  Bolt holes Nupst/standards.iteh.avcatalog/standards/sist/6146ce11-0d68-4aa5-af7d-	IU 11
5.0.2 5.7	Bolt Holes https://standards.iteh.avcatalog/standards/sist/6146ce11-0d68-4aa5-af/d-	I I 11
5.7.1	Flange facings	11
5.7.1 5.7.2	Jointing face finish	
5.7.3	Rims	
5.7.4	Collars and loose flanges	
5.8	Spot facing or back facing	
5.9	Tolerances	
5.10	Marking	12
5.10.1	Other than type 21 flanges	12
5.10.2	Method of markings	13
5.10.3	Omission of markings	13
5.10.4	Declaration of compliance	13
Annex	A (informative) Information to be supplied by the equipment manufacturer	45
Annex	B (informative) Application and installation	46
Annex	C (informative) Approximate masses of flanges and collars	47
Annex	ZA (informative) Relationship between this European Standard and the essential requirements of EU Directive 2014/68/EU aimed to be covered	52
Rihlin	graphy	

#### **European foreword**

This document (prEN 1092-3:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 74 "Flanges and their joints" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This document is currently submitted to the CEN Enquiry.

This document will supersede EN 1092-3:2003 and EN 1092-3:2003/AC:2007.

The main changes compared to EN 1092-3:2003 and EN 1092-3:2003/AC:2007 are:

— update of Annex ZA.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s) [the Pressure Equipment Directive (PED)]1.

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

EN 1092 consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: Steel flanges Teh STANDARD PREVIEW
- (standards.iteh.ai) — Part 2: Cast iron flanges
- oSIST prEN 1092-3:2022 Part 3: Copper alloy flanges ls.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6146ce11-0d68-4aa5-af7d-
- Part 4: Aluminium alloy flanges

The Annex A, Annex B, Annex C and Annex ZA are informative.

Directive 97/23 EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 May 1997 on the approximation of the Laws of the Member States concerning pressure equipment; OIEC L 181.

#### Introduction

This standard is related to ISO 7005-3 in respect of flanges having the same PN. The types of flanges and their mating dimensions are identical with those flanges of the same DN and PN given in ISO 7005-3, except that certain flange types in accordance with this standard may regularly be supplied with raised face facings.

The mating dimensions of the flanges of this standard are compatible with PN designated flanges of other materials in accordance with the other parts of EN 1092.

# iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

oSIST prEN 1092-3:2022 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6146ce11-0d68-4aa5-af7d-ceceeb54b5f5/osist-pren-1092-3-2022

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for circular copper alloy flanges and copper alloy collars combined with loose steel plate flanges in PN designations from PN 6 to PN 40 and nominal sizes from DN 10 to DN 1800 in the types shown in Table 1.

This document also specifies dimensions and tolerances, materials and their associated pressure/temperature (p/T) ratings, flange facings and related surface finish, weld repairs, and marking, together with information on bolting, gaskets, application/installation and approximate flange masses.

The flanges specified, with the exception of integral (type 21) flanges, are for attachment to copper or copper alloy tubes in accordance with EN 12449.

NOTE 1 When the flanges specified in this document are required for use with copper or copper alloy tubes to EN 1057 in those tube diameters which are different to EN 12449, this should be agreed between the equipment manufacturer and the flange manufacturer.

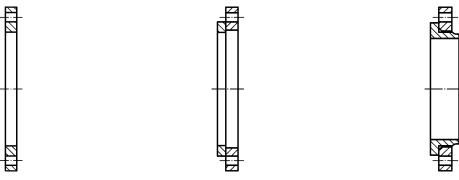
 $NOTE\ 2$  The size of copper and copper alloy tubes is designated by reference to the outside diameter in millimetres.

NOTE 3 See also Annex B.

NOTE 4 Non-gasketed pipe joints are outside the scope of this document.

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW Table 1—Types of flanges and collars

Type no.	(standards iteh ai) Description
01	Plate flange in copper allow for brazing or welding
02	Loose plate flange in steel with a plate collar (type 32) in copper alloy, for brazing or welding.
04	Loose plate flange in steel with a weld-neck collar (type 34) in copper alloy, for welding.
05	Blank flange in copper alloy.
05C	Blank flange in steel clad with a copper alloy jointing face.
07	Loose plate flange in steel with a slip-on collar (type 37) in copper alloy, for soft soldering, brazing or welding.
11	Weld-neck flange in copper alloy for welding.
12	Hubbed slip-on flange in copper alloy, for soft soldering, brazing or welding.
14	Hubbed slip-on flange in copper alloy supplied with tube stops, for soft soldering, brazing or welding.
21	Integral flange in copper alloy as part of some other equipment or component
32	Plate collar in copper alloy
34	Weld-neck collar in copper alloy.
37	Slip-on collar in copper alloy.



Type 01

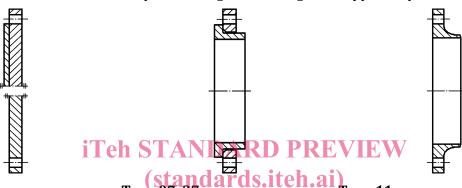
Plate flange in copper alloy for brazing or welding

Type 02, 32

Loose plate flange in steel with a plate collar (type 32) in copper alloy for brazing and welding

Type 04, 34

Loose plate flange in steel with a weld-neck collar (type 34) in copper alloy for welding

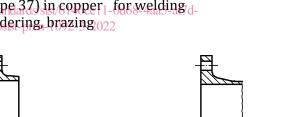


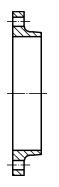
Type 05, 05C

05 Blank flange in copper alloy 05C Blank flange in steel clad://stane with a copper alloy jointing face

Loose plate flange in steel with a Weld-neck flange in copper alloy slip-on collar (type 37) in copper for welding

alloy, for soft-soldering, brazing 022 or welding





**Type 12** 

Hubbed slip-on flange in copper alloy, for soft soldering, brazing or welding



**Type 14** 

Hubbed slip-on flange in copper alloy supplied with tube stops, for soft soldering, brazing or welding



**Type 21** 

Integral flange in copper alloy as part of some other equipment or component



Copper alloy component

Steel component

#### Figure 1 — Types of flanges and collars

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1333:2006, Flanges and their joints — Pipework components — Definition and selection of PN

EN 1652, Copper and copper alloys — Plate, sheet, strip and circles for general purposes

EN 1982, Copper and copper alloys — Ingots and castings

EN 10028-2, Flat products made of steels for pressure purposes — Part 2: Non-alloy and alloy steels with specified elevated temperature properties

EN 10222-2, Steel forgings for pressure purposes — Part 2: Ferritic and martensitic steels with specified elevated temperature properties

EN 12420, Copper and copper alloys — Forgings

EN 12449+A1, Copper and copper alloys — Seamless, round tubes for general purposes

EN ISO 887, Plain washers for metric bolts, screws and nuts for general purposes — General plan (ISO 887) (standards.iteh.ai)

EN ISO 4287, Geometrical product specification (GPS) $_{022}$  Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters (ISO 4287) st/6146ce11-0d68-4aa5-af7d-

EN ISO 6708:1995, Pipework components — Definition and selection of DN (nominal size) (ISO 6708:1995)

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1 DN

see EN ISO 6708:1995

3.2 PN

see EN 1333:2006

#### 3.3

#### maximum allowable pressure

means the maximum allowable pressure for which the equipment is designed, as specified by the equipment manufacturer

#### 3.4

#### maximum allowable temperature

means the maximum allowable temperature for which the equipment is designed, as specified by the equipment manufacturer

#### **Designation**

#### 4.1 General

The types of flanges and their reference numbers are given in Table 1 and the range of DN applicable to each flange type and to each PN shall be as given in Table 3.

#### 4.2 Standard designation

Flanges and collars in accordance with this document shall be designated by the following:

designation, e.g. flange or collar;

#### STANDARD PREVIEW i'l'eh

number of this standard, EN 1092-3; (standards.iteh.ai) b)

number of flange type in accordance with Figure 1; c)

oSIST prEN 1092-3:2022

type of flange facing, Alor Bunaccondance with Figure 1 (only for types 11, 12, 14 and 21);

ceceeb54b5f5/osist-pren-1092-3-2022

- PN designation, PN ...;
- nominal size, DN ...; f)
- bore diameter  $B_1$  (only for flanges which can be made to suit more than one tube diameter see Table 5 to Table 9);
- material number or symbol (see Table 11 and Table 12) (for type 05C flanges it is necessary to specify both the material of the flange and the material of the cladding).

**EXAMPLE 1** Designation of a plate flange type 01 with facing type A, in PN 6 and nominal size DN 800 and in material symbol CuAl8Fe3:

#### Flange EN 1092-3/01A/PN 6/DN 800/CW303G

**EXAMPLE 2** Designation of a loose flange type 07, in PN 10 and nominal size DN 50 and in material symbol S235JR:

#### Flange EN 1092-3/07/PN 10/DN 50/S235JR

EXAMPLE 3 Designation of slip-on collar type 37, in PN 10 and nominal size DN 50 with bore diameter  $B_1$  = 57,23 and in material symbol CuZn20Al2As:

#### Collar EN 1092-3/37/PN 10/DN 50/57,23/CW702R

EXAMPLE 4 Designation of a blank flange type 05C with clad jointing face, in PN 25 and nominal size DN 150 and in materials symbols S235JR (for blank flange) and CuNi30Mn1Fe (for cladding):

#### Flange EN 1092-3/05C/PN 25/DN 150/S235JR-CW354H

EXAMPLE 5 Designation of a weld-neck flange type 11 with facing type B, in PN 16 and nominal size DN 100 and in material symbol CuAl10Fe2-C:

#### Flange EN 1092-3/11B/PN 16/DN 100/CC331G

#### 4.3 Information to be supplied by the equipment manufacturer

For information to be supplied by the equipment manufacturer see Annex A.

#### 5 General requirements

#### 5.1 Materials

Flanges and collars shall be manufactured from the materials specified in Table 11 and Table 12 except for type 21 flanges where the flange manufacturer may use other materials by agreement with the equipment manufacturer.

The flange manufacturer shall provide means of identifying the material of the flange. An equipment manufacturer may require a certificate in accordance with EN 10204 which is suitable for the category of the equipment to which the flange is fitted.

NOTE If a protective coating such as zinc coating or zinc painting is required on steel components, the equipment manufacturer should state this on the enquiry and/or order.

#### 5.2 Repairs

#### oSIST prEN 1092-3:2022

**5.2.1** Repairs by welding are permitted when there is a proven method and where not otherwise prohibited by the applicable material standard. All welding shall be carried out in accordance with a written procedure.

NOTE For approval of welding procedures, see EN 288-1. For approval of welders, see EN 287-1.

**5.2.2** Any filler rod used for weld repairs shall be such as to produce a weld having characteristics at least equal to the parent metal. Flanges shall be heat treated after repair welding when the material standard requires such treatment.

#### 5.3 Bolting

Flanges shall be suitable for use with the nominal size and number of bolts specified in Table 5 to Table 9 as appropriate.

The bolting material shall be chosen by the equipment manufacturer according to the pressure, temperature, flange material and the selected gasket so that the flanged joint remains tight under the expected operating conditions.

NOTE 1 For information on bolting, see EN 1515-1 and EN 1515-2 and Annex B.

NOTE 2 For flange types 01, 05, 11, 12, 14 and 21, where copper alloy bolting is used, the recommended bolting materials are EN 12420 Alloy Nos. CW306G or CW307G for temperatures up to and including 120  $^{\circ}$ C.

For flange types 02, 04, 05C and 07, steel bolting should be used and reference should be made to EN 1515.

#### 5.4 Gaskets

The various gasket types, dimensions, design characteristics and materials used are not within the scope of this standard. Dimensions of gaskets are given in the relevant parts of EN 1514.

#### 5.5 Pressure/temperature (p/T) ratings

#### 5.5.1 General

The p/T ratings of the flanges manufactured from the materials specified in Table 11 and Table 12 are given in Table 13 and Table 14.

The p/T ratings indicate the relationship between the maximum allowable pressure, PS and the maximum allowable temperature, TS.

Linear interpolation is permitted for intermediate temperatures.

NOTE 1 See EN 764 for terminology.

NOTE 2 When type 21 flanges are supplied as part of another component (for example, a valve or pump) in a material other than those listed in Table 11, reference should be made to the relevant product or application standard for the appropriate p/T ratings.

#### 5.5.2 p/T ratings of flanged joints

#### (standards.iteh.ai)

When two flanges in a flanged joint do not have the same p/T rating at any temperature, then the lower of the two flange p/T ratings at that temperature shall apply:2022

NOTE 1 For any p/T rating, the temperature shown is considered to be the same as that of the contained fluid. Use at a pressure corresponding to a temperature other than that of the contained fluid is the responsibility of the user.

NOTE 2 Application of the p/T ratings given in this standard to flange joints should take into consideration the risks of leakage due to forces and moments developed in the connecting pipework, see Annex B.

NOTE 3 These notes on service considerations are not intended to be exhaustive.

#### 5.6 Dimensions

#### 5.6.1 Flanges

Dimensions of flanges shall be in accordance with Figure 2 and the following tables and figures as appropriate:

- PN 6 flanges: Table 5 and Figure 3;
- PN 10 flanges: Table 6 and Figure 4;
- PN 16 flanges: Table 7 and Figure 5:
- PN 25 flanges: Table 8 and Figure 6;
- PN 40 flanges: Table 9 and Figure 7.

- NOTE 1 The bore sizes of type 21 flanges are usually equal to the nominal size of the pipe, valve or fitting of which they form a part and the actual bore sizes are usually given in the appropriate standard(s) for the pipe, valve or fitting.
- NOTE 2 When type 07, 12 and 14 flanges are for use with soft soldering techniques only, then reference should be made to EN 1254-1 for socket depths.
- NOTE 3 For types 34 and 11 flanges the recommended weld preparation angle is  $37.5^{\circ} \pm 2.5^{\circ}$  when butt welding to pipe with thickness of 3 mm and greater.

#### 5.6.2 Bolt holes

Bolt holes shall be equally spaced on the pitch circle diameter. In the case of type 21 flanges, the bolt holes shall be positioned such that they are symmetrical to the principle axes and such that no holes fall on these axes, i.e. positioned "off-centre", see Figure 3 to Figure 7.

#### 5.7 Flange facings

#### 5.7.1 Types of facings

Figure 2 illustrates facing types (types A and B) which are used, where applicable, in conjunction with the flanges shown in Figure 1. Diameters of type B raised faces are given in Table 4.

Types 01 and 05 flanges in copper alloy shall be provided with type A flat face. Types 11, 12, 14 and 21 flanges in copper alloy shall be provided with either type A flat face or type B raised face.

- NOTE 1 Flanges with type A facings are suitable for bolting to flat face mating flanges using a full face gasket. Flanges with type B facings are suitable for bolting to raised face mating flanges and/or used with inside bolt circle gaskets.
- NOTE 2 For types 11, 12, 14 and 21 flanges, the equipment manufacturer's enquiry or order should advise the flange manufacturer of the facing type required; see Annex 40.146ce11-0d68-4aa5-af7d-ceceeb54b5f5/osist-pren-1092-3-2022
- NOTE 3 For certain large size flanges in types 11, 12 and 14 and PN 6 to PN 25 (see Table 5 to Table 8), type B facings only are specified. The provision of type A facings on these flanges would be by agreement between the flange manufacturer and equipment manufacturer.

Types 02, 04, 05C and 07 flanges have a raised face formed by the face of the collar or the cladding, for bolting to raised face mating flanges using an inside bolt circle gasket.

NOTE 4 The bolting of these flanges to a flat face iron or steel mating flange using full face or inside bolt circle gaskets is not precluded.

#### **5.7.2** Jointing face finish

All flange jointing faces shall be machine finished and when compared by visual or tactile means with reference specimens, shall be in accordance with Table 2.

- NOTE 1 It is not intended that instrument measurements are taken on the flange faces, and the  $R_a$  and  $R_z$  values as defined in ISO 468 relate to the reference specimens.
- NOTE 2 Other finishes may be agreed between the flange manufacturer and equipment manufacturer.

Table 2 —	Surface	finish of	jointing faces
I abic 2	Juliace	11111311 01	ionning races

Method of	<sub>Ra</sub> a		R <sub>Z</sub> a			
machining	μm		m μm		μm	m
	min.	max.	min.	max.		
Turning b	3,2	12,5	12,5	50m		

Machining processes other than turning are permissible provided that they give a surface finish in accordance with the  $R_a$  and  $R_z$  values specified.

#### 5.7.3 Rims

Rims of flanges and collars may be machined or un-machined.

#### 5.7.4 Collars and loose flanges

Collars and loose flanges shall be machine finished, or have a surface equivalent to that obtained by machining on all locating diameters, bores and abutment faces. The abutment faces shall be flat and square to the bore axis.

(standards.iteh.ai)

#### 5.8 Spot facing or back facing

oSIST prEN 1092-3:2022

Any spot facing or back facing required shall mot reduce the flange thickness to less than the minimum specified.

ceceeb54b5f5/osist-pren-1092-3-2022

When spot facing is used, the diameter shall be large enough to accommodate the outside diameter of the equivalent normal series of washers in accordance with EN ISO 887 for the bolt size being fitted.

When a flange is back faced, it is permissible for the fillet radius to be reduced but it shall not be eliminated entirely. The bearing surfaces for the bolting shall be parallel to the flange jointing face within the limits given in Table 10.

#### 5.9 Tolerances

Tolerances on dimensions shall be as specified in Table 10.

#### 5.10 Marking

#### 5.10.1 Other than type 21 flanges

All flanges and collars shall be marked as follows:

- a) Number of this standard, i.e. EN 1092-3;
- b) Flange or collar type number, e.g. 05;
- c) PN designation, e.g. PN 10;
- d) DN (Nominal size), e.g. DN 100. Where a flange or collar can be made to suit more than one tube size, the tube size shall be marked as appropriate (see Table 5 to Table 9);

a  $R_a$  and  $R_z$  are defined in EN ISO 4287.

b Turning covers any method of machining operation producing either serrated concentric or serrated spiralgrooves.

- e) Material designation. The alloy designation number given in Table 11 and Table 12 shall be used, as appropriate;
- f) Flange manufacturer's name or trademark.

EXAMPLE 1 Copper alloy flanges:

EXAMPLE 2 Copper alloy collars:

EXAMPLE 3 Steel components:

#### 5.10.2 Method of markings

Copper alloy flanges shall be clearly and permanently marked by a method other than stamping with steel stamps.

NOTE 1 The flange manufacturer's name or trademark, together with other relevant markings may be produced during casting or forging for both copper alloy and steel components.

TANDARD PREVIEW

NOTE 2 Steel flanges may be marked round the rim of the flange with round nosed steel stamps.

#### 5.10.3 Omission of markings

(standards.iteh.ai)

ceceeb54b5f5/osist-pren-1092-3-2022

If a flange is too small to enable all the markings required in 5.10.1 to be marked on the flange, then some of the markings are permitted to be omitted. The order in which the markings are omitted shall be as follows: https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/6146ce11-0d68-4aa5-af7d-

- a) Flange type number;
- b) DN.

#### 5.10.4 Declaration of compliance

The marking EN 1092-3, together with the flange manufacturer's name or trademark on or in relation to a product, represents a manufacturer's declaration of compliance, i.e. a claim by or on behalf of the manufacturer that the product meets the requirements of this document.

Size Type Fable no. **DN 1600 DN 1200 DN 1800** DN 1000 **DN 900 DN 100 DN 150 DN 450** 700 No. **DN 175 DN 200 DN 400 DN 800 DN 600 DN 15 DN 32 DN 40 DN 80** 25 50 DN DN ON NO DN ( NO DN ; NO NO NO NO Z 01 6 10 • • • • • • • • • • • • 7 16 • . • 25 8 • • • • • • • 02 32 9 40

Table 3 — Synoptic table for flanges