



Designation: F302 – 09

Standard Practice for Field Sampling of Aerospace Fluids in Containers¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F302; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reappraisal. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reappraisal.

1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers field sampling of fluids from hermetically sealed containers and other fluid containers of 208-L volume maximum. It may be utilized at manufacturing, storage, or use levels for obtaining representative fluid samples for chemical, physical, or particulate matter determinations.

1.2 Use of this practice depends upon variables such as fluid toxicity, restrictive fluid odors, fluid flammability, and so forth. It is suitable for most hydraulic fluids; however, care should be exercised in determining compatibility before use.²

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.* For hazard statement, see 6.5.1.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*³

D1193 Specification for Reagent Water

D1836 Specification for Commercial Hexanes

D2021 Specification for Neutral Detergent, 40 Percent Alkylbenzene Sulfonate Type (Withdrawn 2000)⁴

D4898 Test Method for Insoluble Contamination of Hydraulic Fluids by Gravimetric Analysis

F311 Practice for Processing Aerospace Liquid Samples for Particulate Contamination Analysis Using Membrane Filters

F314 Methods of Test for Identification of Metallic and Fibrous Contaminants in Aerospace Fluids (Withdrawn 1990)⁴

3. Summary of Practice

3.1 The minimum requirements for container agitation, sample withdrawal, and sample transfer are given in this practice. Precautions to ensure sampling reliability are included in the procedure to the extent required by normal processing conditions. The procedure involves agitating the container, withdrawing with a suitable instrument capable of creating a vacuum, a predetermined quantity of fluid, and immediately transferring it to a vessel, properly identified, to hold for analysis by a stipulated method.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Samples obtained by use of this practice are intended for processing in accordance with Practice F311, Test Method D4898, and Test Method F314, and other chemical or physical methods of analysis.

5. Apparatus

5.1 *Pipet*, volumetric transfer or equivalent rubber-bulb type. A taper-jointed type, as shown in Fig. 1, 560 mm long, calibrated to deliver 100 mL at 20°C, is also acceptable. This type provides for ease of maintenance by being separable at the midpoint of the bulb.

NOTE 1—The volume capacities selected for the pipet and sample bottles shall be as required for the sample volume desired. Normally a 100 ± 5-mL sample is standard, which would require a capacity of approximately 125 mL. Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that a sample volume of 100 ± 5 mL be used for accomplishing the methods defined herein.

5.2 *Bottles*, sample, wide-mouth type (Note 1).

5.3 *Solvent Filtering Dispenser*—An apparatus to dispense a stream of 2.0 µm or finer membrane-filtered fluid.

5.4 *Vinylidene Chloride, Polyethylene Terephthalate, or Polyamide Sheet*, 0.1 mm (4-mil) min.

5.5 *Beverage Can Opener (Unplated)*, sharpened, deburred.

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E21 on Space Simulation and Applications of Space Technology and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E21.05 on Contamination.

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2009. Published December 2009. Originally approved in 1965. Last previous edition approved in 2004 as F302 – 2004. DOI: 10.1520/F0302-09.

² Where a special environment is required, a Proposed Laboratory Method for Sampling Aerospace Fluids in Containers is under development in the committee. For further information write to B. R. Hall, American Petroleum Institute, 1220 L St., N.W., Washington, D. C. 20005.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

⁴ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.