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Dentistry — Vocabulary

Médecine bucco-dentaire — Vocabulaire

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106, *Dentistry*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Terminology*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 55, *Dentistry*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 1942:2009), which has been technically revised.

The main change compared to the previous edition is as follows: a systematic arrangement of terminology necessary for the development of standards related to dentistry according to ISO directives has been integrated.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document is cited in Clause 2 of most of the ISO documents in the field of dentistry. Its content, therefore, is fundamental for the proper understanding of those documents. It is also important to understand the terms and definitions in this document when a new standard is developed, or existing standards are revised in ISO/TC 106.

The content and format of this document have been developed in accordance to References [1] to [5].

Also, terminological entries have been arranged and grouped reflecting the structure and scope/responsibilities of each subcommittee in TC 106. The sub-categorization of terminological entries essentially follows the scope of each working group within the subcommittee, except for general concepts that include anatomical, branches of dentistry, clinical and occupational. Annex A describes inclusion and exclusion criteria as well as other information helpful to understand the structure and content of this document.

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Dentistry — Vocabulary

1 Scope

This document defines terms used in dental product standards.

This document aims to facilitate the standard development process and the comprehension of standards, and to improve communication with the FDI World Dental Federation, the World Health Organization and other organizations interested in standardization.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1 Dental terminology and general terms

3.1.1 Anatomical concepts

3.1.1.1

dental organ

tissue complex comprising the tooth and its supporting structures $^{9d-fa6f947660eb/iso-1942-2020}$

3.1.1.2

anterior teeth

mandibular and maxillary centrals, laterals and canines

3.1.1.3

posterior teeth

mandibular and maxillary molars and premolars

3.1.1.4

clinical crown

part of a tooth not covered by soft or supporting hard tissue

3.1.1.5

anatomical crown

crown

<natural tooth> portion of a tooth normally covered by, and including, the enamel (3.1.1.14)

3.1.1.6

visible crown

part of the *anatomical crown* (3.1.1.5) which is accessible to visual examination without manipulation of the surrounding gingival tissues

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3.1.1.7

macrodontia

genetic condition resulting in the formation of abnormally large teeth

3.1.1.8

mesial

<tooth> surface nearest the midline along the dental arch

3.1.1.9

distal

<tooth> surface furthest from the midline along the dental arch

3.1.1.10

proximal

<tooth> mesial (3.1.1.8) or distal (3.1.1.9) surface of a tooth

3.1.1.11

predentine

immature fibrillar *matrix* (3.3.1.35) produced by odontoblasts

3.1.1.12

primary dentine

dentine (3.1.1.16) formed during tooth development prior to completion of root formation

3.1.1.13

odontogenesis imperfecta

generalized genetic disturbance in the formation of enamel (3.1.1.14) and dentine (3.1.1.16)

3.1.1.14

enamel

highly mineralized outermost layer of the normally exposed tooth consisting primarily of hydroxyapatite in orderly crystal structures

3.1.1.15

cementum

calcified outermost layer covering the dentin in the root of a tooth and which attaches to surrounding tissue

3.1.1.16

dentine, GB

dentin. US

mineralized hard tissue that forms the bulk of the tooth and develops from the dental papilla and dental pulp (3.1.1.25)

3.1.1.17

mantle dentine

most peripheral part of the *dentine* (3.1.1.16) adjacent to the *enamel* (3.1.1.14), characterized by coarsely bundled fibres running parallel to the branching ends of the tubules

3.1.1.18

circumpulpal dentine

inner part of the *dentine* (3.1.1.16) adjacent to the *pulp* (3.1.1.25), characterized by the inclusion of fine collagen fibres running approximately at right-angles to the tubules

3.1.1.19

peritubular dentine

orthodentine that constitutes the highly-mineralized matrix (3.3.1.35) immediately around the dentinal tubules

3.1.1.20

intratubular dentine

mineralized matrix (3.3.1.35) that is found in the tubules of orthodentine

3.1.1.21

secondary dentine

dentine (3.1.1.16) that is formed after complete formation of a tooth as a result of normal or slightly abnormal stimuli

3.1.1.22

tertiary dentine

irregular *dentine* (3.1.1.16) deposited at sites of the pulpal aspects of *primary dentine* (3.1.1.12) or *secondary dentine* (3.1.1.21), corresponding to areas of external irritation

3.1.1.23

endodontium

pulpo-dental organ

part of the *dental organ* (3.1.1.1) that pertains to the tissues of the dental *pulp* (3.1.1.25) and the *dentine* (3.1.1.16)

3.1.1.24

odontium

part of the tooth consisting of enamel (3.1.1.14), dentine (3.1.1.16) and pulp (3.1.1.25) but not cementum (3.1.1.15)

3.1.1.25

pulp

<tooth> soft tissue complex of mesenchymal origin which occupies the pulp chamber and the root canal(s) of a tooth and which provides for dentinogenic, nutritive, neurosensory and defensive functions

3.1.1.26

apical

pertaining to, or in the direction towards, the root tip (apex)

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3.1.1.27 ards iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/a27ac6e5-3bf0-4619-b09d-fa6f947660eb/iso-1942-2020 **periodontium**

tissue complex comprising the gingivae, *cementum* (3.1.1.15), *periodontal ligament* (3.1.1.28) and alveolar bone, and which attaches, nourishes and supports the tooth

3.1.1.28

periodontal ligament

alveolodental ligament

bundles of collagen fibres that suspend the tooth in the alveolus by connecting the *cementum* (3.1.1.15) of the root to the alveolar bone

3.1.1.29

desmodontium

tissue, including *periodontal ligament* (3.1.1.28), that normally occupies the space between *cementum* (3.1.1.15) and alveolar bone

3.1.1.30

desmodontal

pertaining to the desmodontium (3.1.1.29)

3.1.1.31

periodontitis

inflammation of the *periodontium* (3.1.1.27)

3.1.1.32

periodontopathy

disease affecting the *periodontium* (3.1.1.27)

3.1.1.33

periodontolysis

process leading to advanced destruction of the *periodontium* (3.1.1.27)

3.1.1.34

osteogenesis

formation of bone or development of bones

3.1.1.35

odontogenic cyst

primordial cyst

cyst, originated from epithelial cells, usually containing fluid or semi-solid material, and which develops during various stages of odontogenesis

3.1.1.36

emergence profile

contour of a tooth or *restoration* (3.1.4.13), such as a *crown* (3.1.1.5) on a natural tooth or a *dental implant body* (3.7.2.4), as it relates to the emergence through the soft tissues and bone

3.1.1.37

masticatory system

organs and structures primarily functioning in mastication

3.1.2 Branches of dentistry

3.1.2.1

oral health

DEPRECATED: dental public health

branch of public general health that addresses matters pertaining to the health of the oral *cavity* (3.1.3.26) and adjacent tissues of the cranio-facial complex

3.1.2.2

dentistry

science of preventing, diagnosing and treating diseases and malfunctions of, and injuries to, the teeth, mouth and jaws, and of replacing lost teeth and associated tissues and promoting *oral health* (3.1.2.1)

3.1.2.3

dental education

education that contribute to the development of the knowledge and skills required for the practice of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2)

Note 1 to entry: The designation of "dentistry" can vary according to the legal usage of the term in the country concerned.

3.1.2.4

oral health programme

activity planned to improve the *oral health* (3.1.2.1) of the community

3.1.2.5

oral status and intervention index

OSI index

index that classifies the oral status and the relating interventions needed, on a ten-point scale from 0 (good health, no need for treatment) to 9 (complicated, invasive and costly care needed)

3.1.2.6

preventive dentistry

part of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) concerned with promoting *oral health* (3.1.2.1) and function by preventing or reducing the onset and/or development of oral diseases or deformities and the occurrence of orofacial injuries

3.1.2.7

community dentistry public health dentistry

part of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) concerned with *oral health* (3.1.2.1) in relation to the general health of the community

3.1.2.8

cariology

part of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) concerned with aetiology, pathology and prevention of *dental caries* (3.1.3.15)

3.1.2.9

pediatric dentistry, US

DEPRECATED: paedodontic dentistry, GB

DEPRECATED: paedodontics, GB DEPRECATED: pedodontics, US

branch of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) concerned with children including the diagnosis, treatment, prevention of oral anomalies, other conditions and injuries

3.1.2.10

orthodontics

part of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) concerned with the study of craniofacial growth and development, and the treatment or prevention of malocclusions and other dentofacial anomalies

3.1.2.11

operative dentistry

part of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) that focus on the *restoration* (3.1.4.13) of hard tissues of teeth to normal function and aesthetics that could have been compromised by disease, trauma or acquired or non-acquired anomalies

3.1.2.12

endodontics

part of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) concerned with the diagnosis and treatment of the diseases of the *pulp* (3.1.1.25) and contiguous periapical tissues

3.1.2.13 ards, iteh, ai/catalog/standards/iso/a27ac6e5-3bf0-4619-b09d-fa6f947660eb/iso-1942-2020

periodontics

periodontology

DEPRECATED: periodontia

part of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) concerned with the study, prevention, and treatment of diseases affecting the *periodontium* (3.1.1.27)

3.1.2.14

prosthodontics

part of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) that is concerned with the functional and aesthetic rehabilitation of the masticatory system by artificial replacement of missing teeth and associated tissues

3.1.2.15

forensic dentistry

forensic odontology, US

part of *dentistry* (3.1.2.2) which deals with the examination, interpretation and presentation of dental and oral evidence for legal purposes

3.1.3 Clinical concepts

3.1.3.1

intraoral radiography

radiography whereby the image receptor is positioned intraorally

3.1.3.2

impacted tooth

tooth in a state of partial or total impeded eruption

3.1.3.3

mastication

process of chewing food in preparation for swallowing and digestion

3.1.3.4

occlusion

static and dynamic relationship between the contacting surfaces of the mandibular and maxillary teeth or tooth analogues

3.1.3.5

mottling

uneven patches in the *enamel* (3.1.1.14) or the *dentine* (3.1.1.16) associated with the clinical crown appearing on natural teeth; or similar patches intentionally placed on surfaces of artificial teeth

3.1.3.6

tooth erosion

dental erosion

progressive loss of calcified dental tissue by chemical processes that do not involve bacterial action

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dentine conditioning

modification of the *dentine* (3.1.1.16) surface by means of chemical substances or other treatment

3.1.3.8

indirect pulp capping (NUUS://SUAII)

dressing for conserving the vitality of the *pulp* (3.1.1.25) of a tooth infected with a penetrating carious lesion, the complete excision of which could result in exposure of the *pulp* (3.1.1.25)

3.1.3.9

direct pulp capping

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dressing of an exposed pulp (3.1.1.25) with the aim of maintaining pulpal vitality 947660eb/iso-1942-2020

3.1.3.10

pulpotomy

DEPRECATED: pulp amputation

surgical removal of a portion of the pulp (3.1.1.25) with the aim of maintaining the vitality of the remaining portion by means of adequate dressing

3.1.3.11

pulpectomy

vital pulp extirpation

complete surgical removal of the vital pulp (3.1.1.25)

3.1.3.12

anchorage

configuration or preparation suitable for the retention or support of a *dental prosthesis* (3.3.1.19) or *orthodontic appliance* (3.2.6.2)

3.1.3.13

Ante's law

<fixed or removable partial prosthodontics> principle that states that the combined pericemental
area of all abutment teeth supporting a partial denture (3.3.1.19) should be equal to or greater in the
pericemental area than the tooth or teeth to be replaced