

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN ISO 18256-2:2020

01-november-2020

Tehnologija jedrskih goriv - Raztapljanje materialov, ki vsebujejo plutonijev dioksid - 2. del: Raztapljanje peletov in praškov MOX (ISO 18256-2:2019)

Nuclear fuel technology - Dissolution of plutonium dioxide-containing materials - Part 2: Dissolution of MOX pellets and powders (ISO 18256-2:2019)

### iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

Technologie du combustible nucléaire - Dissolution des matériaux contenant du dioxyde de plutonium - Partie 2: Dissolution de pastilles et poudres de MOX (ou mélanges d'oxydes) (ISO 18256-2:2019)

oSIST prEN ISO 18256-2:2020

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Ta slovenski standard je istoveten 2.5/osist-prEN ISO 18256-2

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 18256-2

First edition 2019-01

# Nuclear fuel technology — Dissolution of plutonium dioxide-containing materials —

Part 2:
Dissolution of MOX pellets and
powders
TANDARD PREVIEW

S Technologie du combustible nucléaire — Dissolution des matériaux contenant du dioxyde de plutonium —

Rastie, 2: Dissolution\_de pastilles et poudres de MOX (ou mélanges https://standards.iteh.d/QXX/des)andards/sist/c088150c-28c0-4854-bc76-45c002c45675/osist-pren-iso-18256-2-2020



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#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 85, *Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Nuclear installations*, processes and technologies.

A list of all the parts in the ISO 18256 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Introduction

This document describes a method to dissolve samples consisting of MOX pellets or powders to provide suitable aliquots for subsequent analysis of elemental concentration and isotopic composition.

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### Nuclear fuel technology — Dissolution of plutonium dioxide-containing materials —

#### Part 2:

### Dissolution of MOX pellets and powders

### 1 Scope

This document specifies the dissolution of samples consisting of MOX pellets or powders to provide suitable aliquots for subsequent analysis of elemental concentration and isotopic composition.

#### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

#### 3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document PREVIEW

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp.ncb/">https://www.iso.org/obp.ncb/</a>
- IEC Electropedia available at http://www.electropedia.org/c0-4854-bc76-45c002c45675/osist-pren-iso-18256-2-2020

### 4 Summary of the method

Among the factors affecting the formation of solid solution and hence, the ease of dissolution are:

- the method of fuel fabrication (i.e. mechanically blended oxides, co-precipitated oxides, microwave denitrated oxides or sol-gel oxides);
- the degree of sintering.

Therefore, different dissolution methods are applied depending on the type of MOX sample to be dissolved.

The radiological hazard of plutonium and the need to minimize the waste shall be taken into account when choosing the mass of the sample to be dissolved. A MOX mass of 0,1 g to 10 g should be sufficient for most of the analyses. Some analysis may however require more material.

For the highest possible assay accuracy only gravimetric dissolution methods are recommended. However for a less critical assay, volumetric dissolution may be appropriate.