

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 11929-2:2021

01-april-2021

Ugotavljanje karakterističnih mej (odločitveni prag, zaznavanje meje in omejitev intervala pokritja) pri meritvah ionizirnega sevanja - Osnove in uporaba - 2. del: Napredne aplikacije (ISO 11929-2:2019)

Determination of the characteristics limits (decision threshold, detection limit and limits of the coverage interval) for measurements of ionizing radiation - Fundamentals and application - Part 2: Advanced applications (ISO 11929-2:2019)

Bestimmung der charakteristischen Grenzen (Erkennungsgrenze, Nachweisgrenze und Grenzen des Überdeckungsintervalls) bei Messungen ionisierender Strahlung -Grundlagen und Anwendungen - Teil 2: Fortgeschrittene Anwendungen (ISO 11929-2:2019)

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Détermination des limites caractéristiques (seuil de décision, limite de détection et extrémités de l'intervalle élargi) pour mesurages de rayonnements ionisants - Principes fondamentaux et applications - Partie 2: Applications avancées (ISO 11929-2:2019)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 11929-2:2021

ICS:

17.240 Merjenje sevanja Radiation measurements

SIST EN ISO 11929-2:2021

en,fr,de

<u>SIST EN ISO 11929-2:2021</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9813105b-fd10-4d5f-af43-8ccd3898b92b/sist-en-iso-11929-2-2021

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 11929-2

February 2021

ICS 17.240

English Version

Determination of the characteristics limits (decision threshold, detection limit and limits of the coverage interval) for measurements of ionizing radiation -Fundamentals and application - Part 2: Advanced applications (ISO 11929-2:2019)

Détermination des limites caractéristiques (seuil de décision, limite de détection et extrémités de l'intervalle élargi) pour mesurages de rayonnements ionisants - Principes fondamentaux et applications -Partie 2: Applications avancées (ISO 11929-2:2019) Bestimmung der charakteristischen Grenzen (Erkennungsgrenze, Nachweisgrenze und Grenzen des Überdeckungsintervalls) bei Messungen ionisierender Strahlung - Grundlagen und Anwendungen - Teil 2: Fortgeschrittene Anwendungen (ISO 11929-2:2019)

This European Standard was approved by CEA on 18 January 2021. PREVIEW

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Ref. No. EN ISO 11929-2:2021 E

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European foreword

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European foreword

The text of ISO 11929-2:2019 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 85 "Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 11929-2:2021 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 430 "Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2021.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 11929-2

Second edition 2019-02

Determination of the characteristic limits (decision threshold, detection limit and limits of the coverage interval) for measurements of ionizing radiation — Fundamentals and application iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

(stAdvanced applications

Détermination des limites caractéristiques (seuil de décision, limite https://standards.itch_de détection et extrémités de l'intervalle élargi) pour mesurages de ^{8ccd} applications — Principes fondamentaux et applications —

Partie 2: Applications avancées



Reference number ISO 11929-2:2019(E)

SIST EN ISO 11929-2:2021 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9813105b-fd10-4d5f-af43-8ccd3898b92b/sist-en-iso-11929-2-2021



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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by This document was prepared by ISO/TC 85, *Nuclear energy, nuclear technologies, and radiological protection*, Subcommittee SC 2, Radiological protection.

This second edition of ISO 11929-2 together with ISO 11929-1, ISO 11929-3, cancels and replaces ISO 11929:2010 which have been technically revised, specifically with reference to the type of statistical treatment of the data and extended with respect to the methodology of uncertainty assessment from the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3:2009, to the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-1:2008.

A list of all the parts in the ISO 11929 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

Measurement uncertainties and characteristic values, such as the decision threshold, the detection limit and limits of the coverage interval for measurements as well as the best estimate and its associated standard measurement uncertainty, are of importance in metrology in general, and for radiological protection in particular. The quantification of the uncertainty associated with a measurement result provides a basis for the trust an individual can have in a measurement result. Conformity with regulatory limits, constraints or reference values can only be demonstrated by taking into account and quantifying all sources of uncertainty. Characteristic limits provide – in the end – the basis for deciding under uncertainty.

The ISO 11929 series provides characteristic values of a non-negative measurand of ionizing radiation. It is also applicable for a wide range of measuring methods extending beyond measurements of ionizing radiation.

The limits to be provided according to the ISO 11929 series for specified probabilities of wrong decisions allow detection possibilities to be assessed for a measurand and for the physical effect quantified by this measurand as follows:

- the "decision threshold" allows a decision to be made on whether or not the physical effect quantified by the measurand is present;
- the "detection limit" indicates the smallest true quantity value of the measurand that can still be detected with the applied measurement procedure; this gives a decision on whether or not the measurement procedure satisfies the requirements and is therefore suitable for the intended measurement purpose;
- the "limits of the coverage interval" enclose, in the case of the physical effect recognized as present, a coverage interval containing the true quantity value of the measurand with a specified probability.

Hereinafter, the limits mentioned are jointly called the "chapacteristic limits".

8ccd3898b92b/sist-en-iso-11929-2-2021 NOTE According to ISO/IEC Guide 99:2007 updated by JCGM 200:2012 the term "coverage interval" is used here instead of "confidence interval" in order to distinguish the wording of Bayesian terminology from that of conventional statistics.

All the characteristic values are based on Bayesian statistics and on the ISO/IEC 98-3 Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement as well as on the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-1 and ISO/IEC 98-3-2. As explained in detail in ISO 11929-2, the characteristic values are mathematically defined by means of moments and quantiles of probability distributions of the possible measurand values.

Since measurement uncertainty plays an important part in the ISO 11929 series, the evaluation of measurements and the treatment of measurement uncertainties are carried out by means of the general procedures according to the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3 and to the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-1; see also References [9 to 13]. This enables the strict separation of the evaluation of the measurements, on the one hand, and the provision and calculation of the characteristic values, on the other hand. The ISO 11929 series makes use of a theory of uncertainty in measurement[14 to 16] based on Bayesian statistics (e.g. References [17 to 22]) in order to allow to take into account also those uncertainties that cannot be derived from repeated or counting measurements. The latter uncertainties cannot be handled by frequentist statistics.

Because of developments in metrology concerning measurement uncertainty laid down in the ISO/ IEC Guide 98-3, ISO 11929:2010 was drawn up on the basis of the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, but using Bayesian statistics and the Bayesian theory of measurement uncertainty. This theory provides a Bayesian foundation for the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3. Moreover, ISO 11929:2010 was based on the definitions of the characteristic values^[9], the standard proposal^[10], and the introducing article^[11]. It unified and replaced all earlier parts of ISO 11929 and was applicable not only to a large variety of particular measurements of ionizing radiation but also, in analogy, to other measurement procedures.

ISO 11929-2:2019(E)

Since the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-1 has been published, dealing comprehensively with a more general treatment of measurement uncertainty using the Monte Carlo method in complex measurement evaluations. This provided an incentive for writing a corresponding Monte Carlo supplement^[12] to ISO 11929:2010 and to revise ISO 11929:2010. The revised ISO 11929 is also essentially founded on Bayesian statistics and can serve as a bridge between ISO 11929:2010 and the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-1. Moreover, more general definitions of the characteristic values (ISO 11929-2) and the Monte Carlo computation of the characteristic values make it possible to go a step beyond the present state of standardization laid down in ISO 11929:2010 since probability distributions rather than uncertainties can be propagated. It is thus more comprehensive and extending the range of applications.

The ISO 11929 series, moreover, is more explicit on the calculation of the characteristic values. It corrects also a problem in ISO 11929:2010 regarding uncertain quantities and influences, which do not behave randomly in measurements repeated several times. Reference [13] gives a survey on the basis of the revision. Furthermore, in ISO 11929-3, it gives detailed advice how to calculate characteristic values in the case of multivariate measurements using unfolding methods. For such measurements, the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-2 provides the basis of the uncertainty evaluation.

Formulas are provided for the calculation of the characteristic values of an ionizing radiation measurand via the "standard measurement uncertainty" of the measurand (hereinafter the "standard uncertainty") derived according to the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3 as well as via probability distributions of the measurand derived in accordance with ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-1. The standard uncertainties or probability distributions take into account the uncertainties of the actual measurement as well as those of sample treatment, calibration of the measuring system and other influences. The latter uncertainties are assumed to be known from previous investigations.

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Determination of the characteristic limits (decision threshold, detection limit and limits of the coverage interval) for measurements of ionizing radiation — Fundamentals and application —

Part 2: Advanced applications

1 Scope

The ISO 11929 series specifies a procedure, in the field of ionizing radiation metrology, for the calculation of the "decision threshold", the "detection limit" and the "limits of the coverage interval" for a non-negative ionizing radiation measurand when counting measurements with preselection of time or counts are carried out. The measurand results from a gross count rate and a background count rate as well as from further quantities on the basis of a model of the evaluation. In particular, the measurand can be the net count rate as the difference of the gross count rate and the background count rate, or the net activity of a sample. It can also be influenced by calibration of the measuring system, by sample treatment and by other factors.

ISO 11929 has been divided into **four parts covering elementary** applications in ISO 11929-1, advanced applications on the basis of the GUM Supplement 1 in this document, applications to unfolding methods in ISO 11929-3, and guidance to the application in ISO 11929-4.

ISO 11929-1 covers basic applications of counting measurements frequently used in the field of ionizing radiation metrology. It is restricted to applications for which the uncertainties can be evaluated on the basis of the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3 (JCGM 2008). In Annex A of ISO 11929-1:2019 the special case of repeated counting measurements with random influences is covered, while measurements with linear analogous ratemeters are covered in Annex B of ISO 11929-1:2019.

This document extends the former ISO 11929:2010 to the evaluation of measurement uncertainties according to the ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-1. It also presents some explanatory notes regarding general aspects of counting measurements and on Bayesian statistics in measurements.

ISO 11929-3 deals with the evaluation of measurements using unfolding methods and counting spectrometric multi-channel measurements if evaluated by unfolding methods, in particular, for alpha- and gamma-spectrometric measurements. Further, it provides some advice on how to deal with correlations and covariances.

ISO 11929-4 gives guidance to the application of ISO 11929, summarizes shortly the general procedure and then presents a wide range of numerical examples. Information on the statistical roots of ISO 11929 and on its current development may be found elsewhere[30,31].

ISO 11929 also applies analogously to other measurements of any kind especially if a similar model of the evaluation is involved. Further practical examples can be found, for example, in ISO 18589^[1], ISO 9696^[2], ISO 9697^[3], ISO 9698^[4], ISO 10703^[5], ISO 7503^[6], ISO 28218^[Z], and ISO 11885^[8].

NOTE A code system, named UncertRadio, is available for calculations according to ISO 119291 to ISO 11929-3. UncertRadio^{[27][28]} can be downloaded for free from https://www.thuenen.de/en/fi/fields-of-activity/marine-environment/coordination-centre-of-radioactivity/uncertradio/. The download contains a setup installation file which copies all files and folders into a folder specified by the user. After installation one has to add information to the PATH of Windows as indicated by a pop-up window during installation. English language can be chosen and extensive "help" information is available. Another tool is the package 'metRology'^[32] which is available for programming in R. It contains the two R functions 'uncert' and 'uncertMC' which perform the GUM conform uncertainty propagation, either analytically or by the Monte Carlo method, respectively. Covariances/correlations of input quantities are included. Applying these two functions within iterations for decision threshold and the detection limit calculations simplifies the programming effort significantly. It is also possible to implement this part of ISO 11929 in a spreadsheet containing a Monte Carlo add-in or into other commercial mathematics software.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3534-1, Statistics — Vocabulary and symbols — Part 1: General statistical terms and terms used in probability

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW ISO 80000-1, Quantities and units – Part 1: General (standards iteh ai)

ISO 80000-10, Quantities and units — Part 10: Atomic and nuclear physics

ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, Uncertainty of measurement <u>ISOPart21:2Guide</u> to the expression of uncertainty in measurement, JCGM 100:2008ps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9813105b-fd10-4d5f-af43-8ccd3898b92b/sist-en-iso-11929-2-2021

ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-1, Evaluation of measurement data — Supplement 1 to the "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement" — a Propagation of distributions using a Monte Carlo method, JCGM 101:2008

ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-2, Evaluation of measurement data — Supplement 2 to the "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement" — Models with any number of output quantities, JCGM 102:2011

ISO/IEC Guide 99, International vocabulary of metrology — Basic and general concepts and associated terms (VIM), JCGM 200:2012

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of the ISO 11929 series, the terms and definitions given in ISO 80000-1, ISO 80000-10, ISO/IEC Guide 98-3, ISO/IEC Guide 98-3-1, ISO/IEC 98-3-2, ISO/IEC Guide 99 and ISO 3534-1 and the following apply.

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at <u>https://www.iso.org/obp</u>

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1 quantity value value of a quantity value number and reference together expressing magnitude of a quantity

[SOURCE: JCGM 200:2012, 1.19]

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3.2

measurement

process of experimentally obtaining one or more quantity values that can reasonably be attributed to a quantity

[SOURCE: JCGM 200:2012, 2.1]

3.3

measurand

quantity intended to be measured

[SOURCE: JCGM 200:2012, 2.3]

3.4

coverage interval

interval containing the set of true quantity values of a measurand with a stated probability, based on the information available

[SOURCE: JCGM 200:2012, 2.36]

Note 1 to entry: A coverage interval does not need to be centred on the chosen measured quantity value (see JCGM 101:2008).

Note 2 to entry: A coverage interval should not be termed "confidence interval" to avoid confusion with the statistical concept.

3.5 iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW measurement method

(standards.iteh.ai) method of measurement

generic description of a logical organization of operations used in a measurement

[SOURCE: JCGM 200:2012, 2.4] SIST EN ISO 11767 4:5941 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9813105b-fd10-4d5f-af43-8ccd3898b92b/sist-en-iso-11929-2-2021

3.6

measurement procedure

detailed description of a measurement according to one or more measurement principles and to a given measurement method, based on a measurement model and including any calculation to obtain a measurement result

[SOURCE: JCGM 200:2012, 2.6]

3.7

measurement result

result of measurement

set of quantity values being attributed to a measurand together with any other available relevant information

[SOURCE: JCGM 200:2012, 2.9]

3.8

measured quantity value value of a measured quantity measured value quantity value representing a measurement result

[SOURCE: JCGM 200:2012, 2.10]