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Smernice za izdelavo strokovnih učnih načrtov IKT v skladu s standardom EN 16234-1 (e-CF)

Guidelines for developing ICT Professional Curricula as scoped by EN16234-1 (e-CF)

Richtlinien für die Entwicklung von Lehrplänen für IKT-Fachkräften nach EN16234-1 (e-CF)

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Guidelines for developing ICT Professional Curricula as scoped by EN16234-1 (e-CF)

Richtlinien für die Entwicklung von Lehrplänen für IKT-Fachkräften nach EN16234-1 (e-CF)

This draft Technical Specification is submitted to CEN members for Vote. It has been drawn up by the Technical Committee CEN/TC 428.

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European foreword

This document (FprCEN/TS 17699:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 428 "ICT Professionalism and Digital Competences", the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This document is currently submitted to the Vote on TS.

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Introduction

To underpin the development of a European Professional ICT workforce there is an imperative to provide education and training fit to meet the requirements of the ICT professional community. Enhanced approaches to address the education of new ICT entrants and for existing practitioner continuous professional development needs are required.

The EN 16234-1:2019 e-Competence Framework (e-CF) - A common European Framework for ICT Professionals in all sectors - Part 1: Framework incorporates a common language articulating key ICT competences as required and applied in the ICT professional workplace. It offers a multifaceted background of the required essential knowledge, skills and attitudes applicable to ICT professionals across the breadth of ICT disciplines. It therefore follows that applying EN 16234-1 (e-CF) principles to education provision offers a route map to the realization of a genuinely professional ICT community.

This document is designed to address ICT professionalism through education provision. It guides curriculum and learning programme developers through the process of forming ICT practitioner courses and/or programmes, along a pathway to support the development of a competent, professional European ICT workforce.

This document provides guidance on the design/redesign, development and maintenance of a curriculum or learning programme to achieve alignment or compliance with the EN 16234-1:2019 (e-CF). A methodology, deploying the application of educational profiles is provided as a step-by-step approach for verifying programme content alignment with EN 16234-1 (e-CF) articulated competences.

The application of the EN 16234-12019 (e-CF) and its intrinsic links to CWA 16458:2018 series European ICT Professional Role Profiles and prEN 17748-1 - European Foundational Body of the Knowledge for the ICT Profession (ICT BoK), for the purpose of guiding curriculum and learning programme design, has been commissioned as an essential building block to support the vision of a European ICT Professional community.

This document is neutral and directly linked to the EN 16234-1-2019 (e-CF) and does not follow the specific interests of a minority of major influencers. 560b031c7d94/ksist-ts-fprcen-ts-17699-2021

This document is for application by educational institutions, learning programmes and certification providers of all types, public and private, that provide ICT Professional education and training.

This document is informed and framed by the scope of EN 16234-1:2019 (e-CF) and thus covers the entire ICT Professional process lifecycle.

This document provides:

- a methodological approach to linking EN 16234 (e-CF) and related documents with new or existing learning programmes;
- a model relating ICT learning outcomes to EN 16234 (e-CF) related competences;
- an overview of strategic and operational aspects related to the implementation of an e-CF based learning programme;
- a comprehensive overview of ICT professionalism documents and references providing a shared European language for ICT Professional competences, knowledge, skills, attitudes and roles.

This document enhances and complements existing learning programme development and design practice in the following ways:

• It embeds the context of European ICT Professionalism through compatibility with its four cornerstones comprising EN 16234-1 (e-CF), prEN 17748-1 (ICT BoK), WI 00428013 (European Professional Ethics Framework for the ICT Profession) and by complementing the guidelines on e-CF performance indicators and common metrics to form the Education and Training cornerstone.

- It facilitates translation of workplace competence needs into an education and learning environment.
- It supports transparency of education and training content through the application of EN 16234-1 (e-CF) common language and therefore influences learning programme currency and quality.

This document is structured by 8 Clauses, as described in Figure 1.

Clauses 1, 2 and 3 describe the scope, the normative references and the relevant terms and definitions used.

Clauses 4 and 5 place the document in its European context. These items are dedicated to ICT professionalism and the education and training system. Clause 4 introduces the European ICT Professionalism Framework with its four building blocks and underlying reference publications. This document is an important contribution for developing ICT Professionalism in Europe and provided as part of a series, all related to this broader ICT Professionalism Framework. Clause 5 highlights the different forms of education to which these ICT curriculum guidelines are relevant. It also relates the European Qualification Framework and the concept of competences to the construct of the e-CF.

Clauses 6, 7 and 8 form the core of the document. They describe the (re)design of a learning programme or curriculum based on the EN 16234-1 (e-CF) and related documents. In Clause 6 the concept of educational profiles is introduced, as a structure that enables a competence-oriented learning programme design and development, thus providing a link between competences needed in a professional environment and the learning outcomes of education and training. Clause 7 explains how to use this educational profile in the design or redesign of an ICT curriculum or learning programme. Clause 8 focuses on specific implementation and organization issues, related to the practical realization of an e-CF based ICT-curriculum or learning programme in a concrete context.

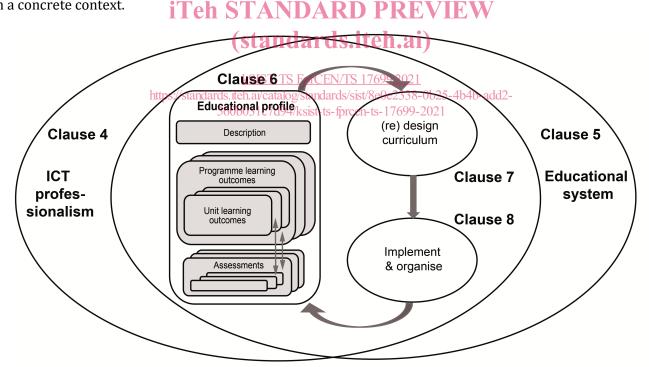


Figure 1 — Navigation aid for Clauses 4 to 8 of this document

1 Scope

This document provides guidance and inspiration on how to design/redesign, develop, maintain, adjust and compare ICT Professional curricula and learning programmes as scoped by the EN 16234-1:2019 and related documents.

EN 16234-1:2019 (e-CF) is the starting guiding point for this document, for a shared European language for ICT professional development. Other framework sources can be used to apply the methodology outlined in this document.

This document is for application by educational institutions, learning programmes and certification providers of all types (public and private), providing ICT Professional education and training including:

- Higher Education (HE);
- Vocational Education and Training (VET);
- Any other educational or training institution or provider in professional ICT, e.g. Continuous Professional Development (CPD).

This document is focused on guiding education providers on how to align curricula and learning programmes with the structure and principles of EN 16234-1 (e-CF) e-Competences and CWA 16458-1 ICT Professional Role Profiles. It applies to all forms of education, supporting educational providers who plan to use a shared European language on knowledge, skills, competences and roles, as ingredients for the successful provision of ICT Professional education and training. TANDARD PREVIEW

The guidelines, provided by this document, include formal, non-formal and industry developed education and training through the provision of high-level, consistent recommendations and guidance for ICT curriculum or learning programme design by any education provider.

In this document, a distinction is made between a learning programme and a curriculum. The term "curriculum" is strongly associated with formal educational institutions and degrees, the term "learning programme" indicates a broader, more encompassing concept, also incorporating training and other learning programmes, not restricted to only "curricula". As the proposed methodology in this document relates to both curricula and learning programme, is used throughout the text. If the term 'curriculum' is used, then that narrower meaning is explicitly applicable in that situation.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 16234-1:2019, e-Competence Framework (e-CF) - A common European Framework for ICT Professionals in all sectors - Part 1: Framework

prEN 17748-1¹, European Foundational Body of Knowledge for the ICT Profession - Part 1: The Body of Knowledge (ICT BoK)

WI 00428011¹, *e-Competence performance indicators and common metrics*

CWA 16458:2018 (all parts), European ICT professional role profiles

¹ Under preparation.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

Information and Communication Technology

ICT

<technical> digital computers and internet (communication) systems, including software, hardware and networks

[SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.1]

3.2

Information and Communication Technology

ІСТ

<economic and political> cross sector of enterprises, including manufacturers, product suppliers or service providers relating to the ICT field

[SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.2]

3.3

ICT professional

person having the competence to plan, build, run, enable and/or manage ICT and having a professional ICT qualification and/or ICT occupational experience; they include both employees of ICT companies and ICT employees of organizations in all other sectors; they are all in the scope of this document

(standards.iteh.ai) [SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.3]

3.4

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competence 5(01:021:07404/lsiit to function to 127002021

competence 560b031c7d94/ksist-ts-fprcen-ts-17699-2021 demonstrated ability to apply knowledge, skills and attitudes for achieving observable results

[SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.5]

3.5

<within a competence>knowledge

body of facts which can be applied in a field of work or study (know what to do)

[SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.6]

3.6

<general>knowledge

theoretical or practical understanding and awareness of phenomena such as facts, terminology, concepts, models or theories

[SOURCE: prEN 17748-1:—, definition 3.6]

Note 1 to entry: Knowledge as defined in the EN 16234-1 (e-CF) is rooted in the competence and work-based focus of the ICT professional competence. Building on this for the educational and training sector a revised definition of knowledge is included to incorporate the more theoretical aspects of knowledge which are covered in education and to emphasise the importance of understanding

3.7

common knowledge

knowledge shared by all ICT professionals

[SOURCE: prEN 17748-1:—, definition 3.7]

3.8

base knowledge

knowledge required for a particular area of ICT expertise as represented by the CWA 16458-1

[SOURCE: prEN 17748-1:—, definition 3.8]

3.9

specialised knowledge

detailed knowledge required at a high level of proficiency for an area of ICT expertise as represented by the CWA 16458-1

[SOURCE: prEN 17748-1:--, definition 3.9]

3.10

body of knowledge

structured set of facts, terminology, concepts, models and theories which represent the accepted and agreed upon core knowledge base required by a particular profession with the aim of fostering professional cohesion and encouraging a shared visionen STANDARD PREVIEW

[SOURCE: prEN 17748-1:—, definition (S15) ndards.iteh.ai)

3.11 skill

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ability to carry out managerial or technical activities and tasks,7 and this may be cognitive or practical (know how to do it)

[SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.7]

3.12

attitude

representing the human element of an e-competence and reflecting the way a person integrates knowledge and skills and applies them in a contextually appropriate manner

[SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.8]

3.13

transversal aspects

cross-cutting topics that are relevant to all competences defined by the EN 16234-1 (e-CF); each transversal aspect is provided by a title and a generic description that may be applied, dependent upon context by, 'being aware of' or 'behaving proactively' with regard to the transversal aspect description; awareness and proactivity influence attitude linking with knowledge and skills as applied in the definition of competence in EN 16234-1

[SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.9]

3.14

transversal knowledge

knowledge that is coupled to one of the transversal aspects as distinguished in the EN 16234-1 "e-CF": T1 Accessibility, T2 Ethics, T3 ICT legal issues, T4 Privacy, T5 Security, T6 Sustainability and T7 Usability

[SOURCE: prEN 17748-1:—, definition 3.19]

3.15

behavioural skills

interactive skills used to successfully engage with situations in the workplace, they may refer to work quality, social interaction or emotion

EXAMPLES Communication, empathy, attention to detail and integrity.

[SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.10]

3.16

behavioural knowledge

non-technical knowledge in support of behavioural skills concerning successful engagement in workplace situations which may refer to work quality, social interaction or emotions; examples include, communication, collaboration and problem solving

[SOURCE: prEN 17748-1:—, definition 3.21]

3.17

proficiency level

level indicating the degree of mastery that allows a person to meet requirements in the performance of a competence

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Note 1 to entry: Proficiency levels in the e-CF are characterized by a combination of levels of influence within a community, context complexity, autonomy, and typical behaviour expressed by examples of action verbs. EN 16234-1 (e-CF) incorporates proficiency levels e-1 through to e-5.

KSIST-TS FprCEN/TS 17699:2021 [SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.11] Standards.iten.areatalog/standards/sist/8e0e2338-0b25-4b4b-add2-560b031c7d94/ksist-ts-fprcen-ts-17699-2021

3.18

educational profile

structure that provides a link between competences needed in a professional environment and learning outcomes of education and training

3.19

learning level

level indicating a grading and may be represented by a formal qualification; they generally derive from an education system or indicate a grading in a taxonomy of intellectual or learning behaviours (like memorising, applying, interpreting) and have a relationship with proficiency levels but are to be distinguished from these

[SOURCE: EN 16234-1:2019, definition 3.12]

3.20

learning context

general, overall context in which the learner performs his/her learning activities; it is composed of elements that influence learning activities of learners in general or of an individual learner, such as national and international regulations and cultural, social and economic factors

3.21

learning environment

any environment that allows a person to learn in providing certain conditions or procedures to do so; this can be an educational institute, a training facility or a workplace, as well as a face-to-face, hybrid or a virtual environment

3.22

learning programme

coherent set of learning activities with the aim of providing learners with certain knowledge, skills or behaviour over a certain period of time

3.23

degree programme

type of learning programme resulting in a formal degree, such as a bachelor or a master programme

3.24

curriculum

type of learning programme, based on a predefined selection and organization of content, offered in a certain way by an educational institution, such as a school, college, or university

3.25

learning process

transformative process of acquiring new understanding, knowledge, skills, behaviours, values, attitudes, and preferences

3.26

learner

person who acquires knowledge, skills or behaviour, and by internalizing this informing his/her future thinking and behaviour

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3.27

student

(standards.iteh.ai)

person who is learning at an educational institution, such as a school, college or university

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3.28

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learning path

specific route that reflects a person's subsequent learning activities undertaken in a specific learning environment throughout his/her life, career or study

3.29

learning unit

elements of which a learning programme is composed of, e.g. a course, a module, an assignment

3.30

learning activity

activity specifically designed or arranged in a way to support learning

3.31

learning situation

specific set of circumstances specifically designed or arranged in a way to enable a learner to perform learning activities

3.32

learning objective

statement of the teacher's or instructor's purpose for creating and teaching a specific learning unit or a learning activity

3.33

learning outcome

statement of what a person knows, understands, and is able to do on completion of a learning process

[SOURCE: EQF]

3.34

programme learning outcome

statement that describes what a person knows, understands, and is able to do on completion of a learning programme

[SOURCE: adapted from ECTS User's guide]

3.35

deliverable

tangible or intangible result of a process of development, meant to be provided to another person

3.36

assessment

act of judging or deciding the amount, value, quality, or importance of something

3.37

summative assessment

assessment that indicates whether a learner has acquired the learning outcomes to an adequate level, usually resulting in a reward such as credits, a certificate or a diploma

3.38

formative assessment iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

assessment that provides insight into the learner's progress and serves as an opportunity to give directions on further development (standards.iteh.ai)

4 ICT Curriculum guidelines in context of European ICT Professionalism

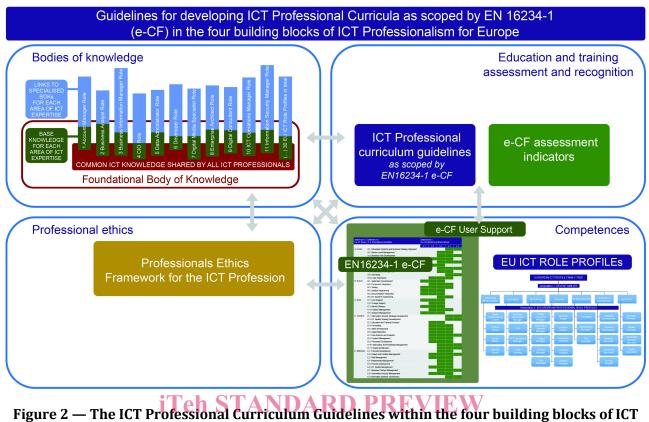
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This document, although a stand-alone document, is part of a broader picture that supports the vision for a European ICT Professional workforce. By adopting this document, educational providers will be able to create or adapt existing learning programme in alignment with the EN 16234-1 (e-CF). By adopting the common language articulated in EN 16234-1 (e-CF), learning programmes will naturally embrace the concept of competence. Furthermore, a communication bridge is established between education providers, employers and ICT professionals, enabling all parties to engage in a shared mission to enhance ICT professional capability and advance the establishment of digital leadership.

In the above context, this document is a key element of the four building blocks that are required for the establishment of an ICT European profession:

- ICT professional Competences applied at the workplace as articulated by EN 16234-1:2019 (e-CF) and its closely interrelated CWA 16458:2018 series ICT Professional Role Profiles,
- ICT professional knowledge as articulated by Bodies of Knowledge and the European Foundational Body of Knowledge for the ICT Profession (ICT BoK),
- A shared understanding of Ethics foundations and principles,
- Education, Training, Assessment and Recognition providing the context for acquiring and getting evidences of ICT professional knowledge, skills and competences.

Figure 2 illustrate the positioning of this document with regard to the four building blocks.



gure 2 — The ICT Professional Curriculum Guidelines within the four building blocks of ICT Professionalism for Europe

Deploying a shared European languageson-knowledgesskills,200mpetences and roles, by using common reference frameworks, istan/sessentialhingredientnforlsuccessful8ICT25ptofessional education and training provision. 560b031c7d94/ksist-ts-fprcen-ts-17699-2021

Competences, as required at the ICT Professional workplace, are at the heart of the European ICT Professionalism concept. They are expressed by EN 16234-1 (e-CF) and in the interdependent CWA 16458-1 (European Professional Role Profiles), both are explained in more detail in the following Clauses. Founded on the basis of ICT Professional workplace competence, the EN 16234-1 (e-CF) establishes a natural connection between practical activities and the education and training required to support and develop the wide range of specialisms represented by CWA 16458-1 (European ICT Professional Role Profiles). Each publication is accompanied by user support materials.

Education, training, assessment and recognition are essential for the establishment of a dynamic profession and the organic growth of digital leadership.

Body of Knowledge (BoK) building block is closely related to this document as it articulates, in detail, the knowledge components required by the ICT professional workforce. Expressed in knowledge units, prEN 17748-1 (ICT BoK) provides linkage between workplace competence and essential education incorporated within e-CF based learning programmes.

Ethics form another building block of professionalism and ensure a consistent and predictable application of legal and moral principles which guide, influence and set standards for the attitude and behaviour of ICT Professionals in the workplace.

The main documents and references in support of the ICT Professionalism Framework for Europe are briefly outlined in Annex A.