

Designation: A801 - 09

StandardSpecification for Wrought Iron-Cobalt High Magnetic Saturation Alloys (UNS R30005 and K92650)¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A801; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers two wrought iron-cobalt alloy types for use in magnetic components requiring high permeability at and above 15 kG (1.5 T) or high magnetic saturation. The specific alloy types covered are:

Alloy Type	UNS	Nominal Composition
1	R30005	49 % Co, 49 % Fe, 2 % V
2	K92650	27 % Co. 0.50 % Cr. balance Fe

- 1.1.1 This specification also covers material supplied by a producer in the form and physical condition suitable for fabrication into parts that will later be given final heat treatment to achieve the desired magnetic characteristics and, where required, mechanical properties. It covers material supplied in form of forging billets, hot-rolled products (that is, bar, plate, and strip), cold-finished bars, and cold-rolled strip.
- 1.2 This specification does not cover parts produced by casting or by powder metallurgical techniques.
- 1.3 The values stated in customary (cgs-emu and inch-pound) units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units, which are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A34/A34M Practice for Sampling and Procurement Testing of Magnetic Materials

A340 Terminology of Symbols and Definitions Relating to Magnetic Testing

A341/A341M Test Method for Direct Current Magnetic Properties of Materials Using D-C Permeameters and the

Ballistic Test Methods

A596/A596M Test Method for Direct-Current Magnetic Properties of Materials Using the Ballistic Method and Ring Specimens

A773/A773M Test Method for dc Magnetic Properties of Materials Using Ring and Permeameter Procedures with dc Electronic Hysteresigraphs

E1019 Test Methods for Determination of Carbon, Sulfur, Nitrogen, and Oxygen in Steel, Iron, Nickel, and Cobalt Alloys by Various Combustion and Fusion Techniques

3. Terminology

3.1 The terms and symbols used in this specification are defined in Terminology A340.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 Purchase orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:
- 4.1.1 Reference to this specification and year of issue/revision,
 - 4.1.2 Alloy type,
 - 4.1.3 Form and conditions (see Section 6),
- 4.1.4 Dimensions and tolerances, (tolerances other than those in Section 9 must be stated as mutually agreed upon between the producer and the user),
 - 4.1.5 Quantity (weight or number of pieces),
- 4.1.6 Magnetic property requirements if other than shown in this specification (see Section 7),
- 4.1.7 Certification of analysis or magnetic quality evaluation, or both, if needed,
 - 4.1.8 Marking and packaging, and
- 4.1.9 Exceptions to this specification or special requirements.
- 4.2 *End Use*—When possible, the user should specify whether the material will be machined, blanked into flat pieces, wound into a core, punched into laminations, or photo-etched.

5. Chemical Composition

5.1 The material shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1. Since magnetic and possibly mechanical properties are of primary importance to the user, analysis

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements (Weight Percent)

	Alloy 1 UNS R30005	Alloy 2 UNS K92650
Carbon, max	0.025	0.025
Manganese, max	0.15	0.35
Silicon, max	0.15	0.35
Phosphorus, max	0.015	0.015
Sulfur, max	0.010	0.015
Chromium, max	0.15	0.75
Nickel, max	0.25	0.75
Cobalt	47.50 to 49.50	26.50 to 28.50
Vanadium	1.75 to 2.10	0.35 max
Iron	remainder	remainder

variations are permitted subject to mutual agreement between the producer and user.

5.2 Determination of metallic constituents shall be by a method acceptable to both producer and user. Analysis of carbon, nitrogen, sulfur, and oxygen shall be done in accordance with Test Method E1019.

6. Form and Condition

- 6.1 These materials are capable of being produced in forms and conditions described suitable for further manufacture into specific magnetic components. The desired form and condition should be discussed with the producer to ensure receiving the correct product. Available forms and conditions are:
- 6.1.1 Forging Billet—Hot-worked and surface prepared by grinding.
- 6.1.2 Hot-Rolled Bar, Plate, and Strip—Hot-rolled, hot-rolled and acid cleaned, and hot-rolled and mechanically cleaned.
 - 6.1.3 Cold-Finished Bars—Centerless ground.
 - 6.1.4 Cold-Rolled Strip.

7. Magnetic Property Requirements

- 7.1 General—Material supplied under terms of this specification shall be tested only by use of dc test methods. AC magnetic property measurements and requirements for thin strip (thickness less than 0.020 in. (0.5 mm)) are subject to mutual agreement between the producer and user.
- 7.2 Test Specimen—Whenever possible, test specimen size and shape shall conform to Practice A34/A34M. Shapes such as stacked ring laminations, solid rings, and tape wound cores are the preferred test specimens. If, however, it is impossible to prepare a preferred test specimen shape from the item, the specimen shape used shall be mutually agreed upon between the producer and the user.
- 7.3 *Density*—The assumed densities of these materials for magnetic test purposes are:

Alloy Type	UNS	Density g/cm ³ (kg/m ³)		
1	R30005	8.12 (8120)		
2	K92650	7.95 (7950)		

- 7.4 Test Specimen Heat Treatment—The heat treatment applied to the test specimen shall be in accordance with a procedure mutually agreed upon between the producer and the user or a procedure recommended by the producer to achieve the magnetic properties described in this specification (see Appendix X1).
- 7.5 Test Methods—Magnetic testing shall be conducted in accordance with Test Method A341/A341M, Test Method A596/A596M, or Test Method A773/A773M. Testing shall be conducted at the magnetic field strengths as shown in Table 2 for the alloy type.
- 7.6 *Requirements*—The material shall meet the requirements listed in Table 2.

TABLE 2 DC Magnetic Property Requirements

Alloy Type 1 (UNS R30005)

		Minimum Magnetic Flux Density kG, (T)				
		for Magnetic	for Magnetic Field Strengths of			
		10 Oe	20 Oe	50 Oe	100 Oe	
Product Form	Size	(800 A/m)	(1.6 kA/m)	(4 kA/m)	(8 kA/m)	
Cold-rolled Strip	all	20.0 (2.00)	21.0 (2.10)	22.0 (2.20)	22.5 (2.25)	
Bar	0.500 to 1 in. (12.7 to 25.4 mm)	16.0 (1.60)	18.0 (1.80)	20.0 (2.00)	21.5 (2.15)	
Bar	over 1 in. (25.4 mm)	15.0 (1.50)	17.5 (1.75)	19.5 (1.95)	21.5 (2.15)	
Forging Billet, Hot Rolled Plate, Hot Rolled Strip	all	15.0 (1.50)	17.5 (1.75)	19.5 (1.95)	21.5 (2.15)	
		Alloy Type 2 (UNS K92650)				
		Minimum Magnet	Minimum Magnetic Flux Density kG, (T)			
		for Magnet	for Magnetic Field Strengths of:			
		50 Oe	100 Oe	150 Oe	200 Oe	
Product Form	Size	(4 kA/m)	(8 kA/m)	(12 kA/m)	(16 kA/m)	
Cold-Rolled Strip	all	18.7 (1.87)	20.3 (2.03)	21.2 (2.12)	21.7 (2.17)	
Bar	up to 0.250 in. (6.35 mm)	18.7 (1.87)	20.3 (2.03)	21.2 (2.12)	21.7 (2.17)	
Bar	over 0.250 in. (6.35 mm)	11.0 (1.10)	17.5 (1.75)	19.5 (1.95)	21.0 (2.10)	
Forging Billet, Hot Rolled Plate, Hot Rolled Strip	all	11.0 (1.10)	17.5 (1.75)	19.5 (1.95)	21.0 (2.10)	