

Designation: A706/A706M-09a Designation: A706/A706M - 09b

Standard Specification for Low-Alloy Steel Deformed and Plain Bars for Concrete Reinforcement¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A706/A706M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 General—This specification covers deformed and plain low-alloy steel bars in cut lengths or coils for concrete reinforcement intended for applications where restrictive mechanical properties and chemical composition are required for compatibility with controlled tensile property applications or to enhance weldability. The standard sizes and dimensions of deformed bars and their number designations are given in Table 1. The text of this specification references notes and footnotes that provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes, excluding those in tables, shall not be considered as requirements of this specification.
- 1.2 Grade—Bars are of two minimum yield strength levels: namely, 60 000 psi [420 MPa] and 80 000 [550], designated as Grade 60 [420] and Grade 80 [550], respectively.

Note 1—Bars designated as Grade 80 [550], which were introduced in the A706/A706M – 09a revision, may be outside consideration of consensus design codes and specifications.

- 1.3 Plain bars, in sizes up to and including 2½ in. [63.5 mm] in diameter in coils or cut lengths, when ordered, shall be furnished under this specification. For ductility properties (elongation and bending), test provisions of the nearest smaller nominal diameter deformed bar size shall apply.
- 1.4 Controlled Tensile Properties—This specification limits mechanical properties (Table 2) to provide the desired yield/tensile properties for controlled tensile property applications.
- 1.5 Welding—This specification limits chemical composition (6.2) and carbon equivalent (6.4) to enhance the weldability of the material. When steel is to be welded, a welding procedure suitable for the chemical composition and intended use or service should be used. The use of the latest edition of AWS D1.4/D1.4M is recommended. This document describes the proper selection of the filler metals, preheat/interpass temperatures, as well as, performance and procedure qualification requirements.
- 1.6 This specification is applicable for orders in either inch-pound units (Specification A706) or in SI units [Specification A706M].
- 1.7 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system must be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with this specification.
- 1.8 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

A6/A6M Specification for General Requirements for Rolled Structural Steel Bars, Plates, Shapes, and Sheet Piling A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A510 Specification for General Requirements for Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel

A510M Specification for General Requirements for Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel (Metric)

A615/A615M Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.05 on Steel Reinforcement.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

TABLE 1 Deformed Bar Designation Numbers, Nominal Weights [Masses], Nominal Dimensions, and Deformation Requirements

Bar Desig- nation No.	Nominal Weight, lb/ft — [Nominal Mass, kg/m]	Nominal Dimensions ^A			Deformation Requirements, in. [mm]		
		Diameter, in. [mm]	Cross-Sectional Area in. ² [mm ²]	Perimeter, in. [mm]	Maximum Average Spacing	Minimum Average Height	Maximum Gap (Chord of 12.5 % of Nominal Perimeter)
3 [10]	0.376 [0.560]	0.375 [9.5]	0.11 [71]	1.178 [29.9]	0.262 [6.7]	0.015 [0.38]	0.143 [3.6]
4 [13]	0.668 [0.994]	0.500 [12.7]	0.20 [129]	1.571 [39.9]	0.350 [8.9]	0.020 [0.51]	0.191 [4.9]
5 [16]	1.043 [1.552]	0.625 [15.9]	0.31 [199]	1.963 [49.9]	0.437 [11.1]	0.028 [0.71]	0.239 [6.1]
6 [19]	1.502 [2.235]	0.750 [19.1]	0.44 [284]	2.356 [59.8]	0.525 [13.3]	0.038 [0.97]	0.286 [7.3]
7 [22]	2.044 [3.042]	0.875 [22.2]	0.60 [387]	2.749 [69.8]	0.612 [15.5]	0.044 [1.12]	0.334 [8.5]
8 [25]	2.670 [3.973]	1.000 [25.4]	0.79 [510]	3.142 [79.8]	0.700 [17.8]	0.050 [1.27]	0.383 [9.7]
9 [29]	3.400 [5.060]	1.128 [28.7]	1.00 [645]	3.544 [90.0]	0.790 [20.1]	0.056 [1.42]	0.431 [10.9]
10 [32]	4.303 [6.404]	1.270 [32.3]	1.27 [819]	3.990 [101.3]	0.889 [22.6]	0.064 [1.63]	0.487 [12.4]
11 [36]	5.313 [7.907]	1.410 [35.8]	1.56 [1006]	4.430 [112.5]	0.987 [25.1]	0.071 [1.80]	0.540 [13.7]
14 [43]	7.65 [11.38]	1.693 [43.0]	2.25 [1452]	5.32 [135.1]	1.185 [30.1]	0.085 [2.16]	0.648 [16.5]
18 [57]	13.60 [20.24]	2.257 [57.3]	4.00 [2581]	7.09 [180.1]	1.58 [40.1]	0.102 [2.59]	0.864 [21.9]

A The nominal dimensions of a deformed bar are equivalent to those of a plain round bar having the same weight [mass] per foot [metre] as the deformed bar.

TABLE 2 Tensile Requirements

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Grade 60 [420]	Grade 80 [550]
80 000 [550] ^A	100 000 [690] ^A
60 000 [420]	80 000 [550]
78 000 [540]	98 000 [675]
14	12
12	12
10	10
	80 000 [550] ^A 60 000 [420] 78 000 [540]

^A Tensile strength shall not be less than 1.25 times the actual yield strength.

A700 Practices for Packaging, Marking, and Loading Methods for Steel Products for Shipment

A751 Test Methods, Practices, and Terminology for Chemical Analysis of Steel Products

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

2.2 AWS Standard:³

AWS D1.4/D1.4M Structural Welding Code—Reinforcing Steel

2.3 Government Standard:⁴

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage

2.4 U.S. Federal Standard:⁴

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies) 4-09d9-4e9a-a266-3858dabe8746/astm-a706-a706m-09b

3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 *deformations*, *n*—transverse protrusions on a deformed bar.
- 3.1.2 *deformed bar*, *n*—steel bar with protrusions; a bar that is intended for use as reinforcement in reinforced concrete and related construction.
- 3.1.2.1 *Discussion*—The surface of the bar is provided with lugs or protrusions that inhibit longitudinal movement of the bar relative to the concrete surrounding the bar in such construction. The lugs or protrusions conform to the provisions of this specification.
 - 3.1.3 plain bar, n—steel bar without protrusions.
 - 3.1.4 *rib*, *n*—longitudinal protrusions on a deformed bar.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 It shall be the responsibility of the purchaser to specify all requirements that are necessary for material ordered to this specification. Such requirements shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 4.1.1 Quantity (weight) [mass],
 - 4.1.2 Name of material (low-alloy steel deformed and plain bars for concrete reinforcement),
 - 4.1.3 Size,
 - 4.1.4 Grade,
 - 4.1.5 Cut lengths or coils,

³ Available from American Welding Society (AWS), 550 NW LeJeune Rd., Miami, FL 33126, http://www.aws.org.

⁴ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, http://www.dodssp.daps.mil.



- 4.1.6 Deformed or plain,
- 4.1.7 Packaging (see Section 17), and
- 4.1.8 ASTM designation and year of issue.

5. Material and Manufacture

- 5.1 The bars shall be processed from properly identified heats of mold-cast or strand-cast steel.
- 5.2 The steel shall be made by one of the following processes: electric-furnace, basic-oxygen, or open-hearth.

6. Chemical Composition

- 6.1 The chemical analysis of each heat shall be determined in accordance with Test Methods A751. The manufacturer shall make the analysis on test samples taken preferably during the pouring of the heat. The percentages of carbon, manganese, phosphorus, sulfur, silicon, copper, nickel, chromium, molybdenum, and vanadium shall be determined.
 - 6.2 The chemical composition as shown by heat analysis shall be limited by the following:

Element	max, %
Carbon	0.30
Manganese	1.50
Phosphorus	0.035
Sulfur	0.045
Silicon	0.50

- 6.3 Choice and use of alloying elements, combined with carbon, phosphorus, and sulfur to produce the mechanical properties prescribed in Table 2 and Table 3, shall be made by the manufacturer. Elements commonly used include manganese, silicon, copper, nickel, chromium, molybdenum, vanadium, columbium, titanium, and zirconium.
- 6.4 The heat analysis shall be such as to provide a carbon equivalent (C.E.) not exceeding 0.55 % as calculated by the following formula:
- (1) C.E. = % C + % Mn6 + % Cu40 + % Ni20 + % Cr10 % Mo50 % V10
- 6.5 Product (Check) Verification Analysis—A product check analysis made by the purchaser shall not exceed the following percentages:

7. Requirements for Deformations

- 7.1 Deformations shall be spaced along the bar at substantially uniform distances. The deformations on opposite sides of the bar shall be similar in size, shape, and pattern.
- 7.2 The deformations shall be placed with respect to the axis of the bar so that the included angle is not less than 45° . Where the line of deformations forms an included angle with the axis of the bar from 45 to 70° , inclusive, the deformations shall reverse alternately in direction on each side, or those on one side shall be reversed in direction from those on the opposite side. Where the line of deformation is over 70° , a reversal in direction shall not be required.
- 7.3 The average spacing or distance between deformations on each side of the bar shall not exceed $\frac{1}{10}$ of the nominal diameter of the bar.
- 7.4 The overall length of deformations shall be such that the gap (measured as a chord) between the ends of the deformations shall not exceed 12.5 % of the nominal perimeter of the bar. Where the ends terminate in a rib, the width of the rib shall be considered as the gap between these ends. The summation of the gaps shall not exceed 25 % of the nominal perimeter of the bar. The nominal perimeter of the bar shall be 3.1416 times the nominal diameter.
 - 7.5 The spacing, height, and gap of deformations shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

8. Measurements of Deformations

8.1 The average spacing of deformations shall be determined by measuring the length of a minimum of 10 spaces and dividing

TABLE 3 Bend Test Requirements

Bar Designation No	Pin Diameter for 180° Bend Tests			
Bai Designation No.	Grade 60 [420]	Grade 80 [550]		
3, 4, 5 [10, 13, 16]	3d ^A	3½ ď ^A		
6, 7, 8 [19, 22, 25]	4 <i>d</i>	5 <i>d</i>		
9, 10, 11 [29, 32, 36]	6 <i>d</i>	7 <i>d</i>		
14, 18 [43, 57]	8 <i>d</i>	9 <i>d</i>		

 $^{^{}A}$ d = nominal diameter of specimen.