

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN ISO 4892-2:2013/oprA1:2021

01-februar-2021

Polimerni materiali - Metode izpostavitve laboratorijskim virom svetlobe - 2. del: Ksenonske svetilke - Dopolnilo A1: Razvrstitev filtrov za dnevno svetlobo (ISO 4892-2:2013/DAM 1:2020)

Plastics - Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources - Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps - Amendment 1: Classification of daylight filters (ISO 4892-2:2013/DAM 1:2020)

Kunststoffe - Künstliches Bestrahlen oder Bewittern in Geräten - Teil 2: Xenonbogenlampen - Änderung 1: Klassifizierung von Tageslichtfiltern (ISO 4892-2:2013/DAM 1:2020) (standards.iteh.ai)

Plastiques - Méthodes d'exposition à des sources lumineuses de laboratoire - Partie 2: Lampes à arc au xénon - Amendement 1: Classification des filtres de la lumière du jour (ISO 4892-2:2013/DAM 1:2020)

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: EN ISO 4892-2:2013/prA1

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Plastics in general

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# DRAFT AMENDMENT ISO 4892-2:2013/DAM 1

ISO/TC **61**/SC **6** Secretariat: **DIN** 

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### Plastics — Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources —

Part 2:

**Xenon-arc lamps** 

AMENDMENT 1: Classification of daylight filters

Plastiques — Méthodes d'exposition à des sources lumineuses de laboratoire —

Partie 2: Lampes à arc au xénon

AMENDEMENT 1

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ICS: 83.080.01

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### ISO/CEN PARALLEL PROCESSING



Reference number ISO 4892-2:2013/DAM 1:2020(E)

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Amendment 1 to ISO 4892-2:2013 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, SIST EN ISO 4892-2:2013/oprA1:2021

Subcommittee SC 6; Ageing chemical and environmental resistances-4c10-9c1cc8fdad33ff0f/sist-en-iso-4892-2-2013-opra1-2021

Amendment 1 adds a new informative Annex C on Classification of daylight filters.

A list of all parts in the ISO 4892 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

*Page 13, Annex C* (informative)

Add the following new Annex C:

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Plastics — Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources —

Part 2:

**Xenon-arc lamps** 

AMENDMENT 1: Classification of daylight filters

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### Annex A

(informative)

### Classification of daylight filters

#### A.1 Motivation

The relative spectral irradiance requirements for xenon-arc lamps with daylight filters allow a broad range of different optical filter systems with different UV cut-on wavelengths. However, most of the available filters can be grouped in two main spectral specifications, both fulfilling the requirements of Method A. By giving additional information on the type of the used daylight filter, a much better reproducibility and comparability of results can be achieved. If the information on the type of filter is available, it is strongly recommended to add this information in the Test report.

When performing Method A, any optical filters may be used that fulfil the requirements in Table 1. This is true even if the filters do not fulfil the Type I or Type II specifications (see Table C.1), or if such information is not available.

NOTE Reproducible results are more likely achieved, if setups (instrument and optical system) with Type I filter systems are compared with other Type I setups, and Type II setups are only compared with other Type II setups.

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### A.2 Type I and Type II specifications

The spectral irradiance of xenon-arc lamps with daylight filters according to Table 1 is redefined in 20 nm increments and split into two types. In Table C.1 the original values are referred to as general daylight. Type I defines optical filter systems with a higher UV cut-on compared to Type II. Figure C.1 shows examples of Type I and Type II filter systems in the spectral range from 280 nm to 400 nm together with a reference spectrum according to ISO/TR 17801. Type I and Type II optical systems cover the full range of the spectral irradiance requirements in Table 1.

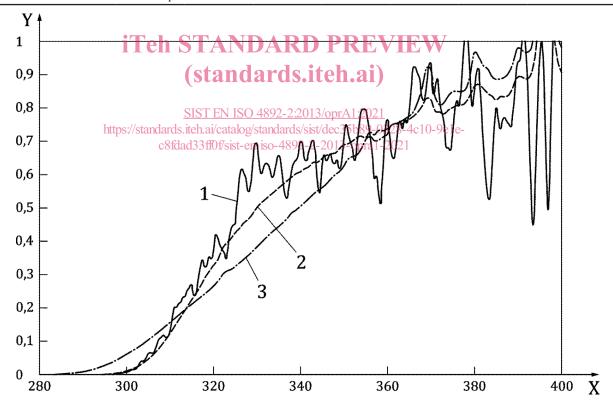
NOTE 1 The UV cut-on wavelength of Type I filters is closer to the cut-on of the natural global solar radiation. If Type II filters are used, faster material degradation is typically observed.

NOTE 2 ISO/TR 17801 contains a recalculated reference spectrum based on CIE No. 85:1989, Table 4 in increments of one nanometer.

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	Spectral passband (λ = wavelength in nm)	General <sup>b</sup>		Type I <sup>c</sup>		Type II <sup>d</sup>		CIE No. 85:1989,	
		Min %	Max %	Min %	Max %	Min %	Max %	Table 4 <sup>e</sup> %	
	λ < 300	2,60	8,05	0,00	0,20	0,20	1,05	5,40	
	$300 \le \lambda \le 320$			2,60	6,00	3,50	7,00		
	320 < λ ≤ 340	28,2	39,8	10,0	17,0	10,0	17,0	38,2	
ſ	$340 < \lambda \le 360$			18,3	23,2	18,3	23,2		
ĺ	360 < λ ≤ 380	$360 < \lambda \le 380$ $380 < \lambda \le 400$ $54,2$	67,5	25,0	30,5	25,0	30,5	- 56,4	
	$380 < \lambda < 400$			29.2	37.0	29.2	37.0		

Table C.1 — Relative spectral irradiance of xenon-arc lamps with daylight filters (method A)<sup>a</sup>

- b Values of the spectral passband of xenon-arc lamps with daylight filters according to Table 1.
- Daylight filter systems as described in ASTM D7869 fall under the definition of Type I Daylight filters.
- d Daylight filter systems as described in SAE J2527 fall under the definition of Type II Daylight filters.
- e Details of the solar reference spectrum can be found in Table 1.



#### Key

- 1 ISO/TR 17801 (CIE 85:1989, Table 4)
- 2 Type I
- 3 Type II

- X wavelength  $\lambda$  [nm]
- Y spectral irradiance [W/(m² nm)]

Figure C.1 — Representative spectral irradiance distribution of xenon-arc lamps with Type I and Type II daylight filters and the reference solar spectrum according to ISO/TR 17801 in the passband from 280 nm to 400 nm (normalized to 60 W/m $^2$  in the passband from 300 nm to 400 nm).

This Table gives the irradiance in the given passband, expressed as a percentage of the total irradiance between 290 nm and 400 nm. To determine whether a specific filter or set of filters for a xenon-arc lamp meets the requirements of this Table, the spectral irradiance must be measured from 250 nm to 400 nm. The total irradiance in each wavelength passband is then summed and divided by the total irradiance from 290 nm to 400 nm.