INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Third edition 2019-02

Implants for surgery — Metallic materials —

Part 12: Wrought cobalt-chromiummolybdenum alloy

iTeh STImplants chirurgicaux R Matériaux métalliques — Partie 12: Alliage corroyé à base de cobalt, de chrome et de molybdène

ISO 5832-12:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/724e6b61-ed68-423f-ac0aeb3fa11dcc90/iso-5832-12-2019



Reference number ISO 5832-12:2019(E)

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ISO 5832-12:2019 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/724e6b61-ed68-423f-ac0aeb3fa11dcc90/iso-5832-12-2019



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Published in Switzerland

Page

Contents

Forew	ordiv
Introd	uctionv
1	Scope 1
2	Normative references 1
3	Terms and definisions
4	Chemical composition 1
5	Microstructure 2
6	Mechanical properties 2
7	Test methods 2

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <u>www.iso</u> .org/iso/foreword.html. (standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 150, *Implants for surgery*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Materials*.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/724e6b61-ed68-423f-ac0a-

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (150 5832-12:2007), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 5832-12:2007/Cor.1:2008.

A list of all parts in the ISO 5832 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

Introduction

No known surgical implant material has ever been shown to cause absolutely no adverse reactions in the human body. However, long-term clinical experience of the use of the material referred to in this document has shown that an acceptable level of biological response can be expected when the material is used in appropriate applications.

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Implants for surgery — Metallic materials —

Part 12: Wrought cobalt-chromium-molybdenum alloy

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements for two wrought cobalt 28-chromium 6-molybdenum alloys used for surgical implants. The properties apply specifically to wrought bar, rod and wire.

NOTE 1 The mechanical properties of a sample obtained from a finished product made of this alloy can differ from those specified in this document.

NOTE 2 The high carbon content of this alloy produces a structure containing a significant carbide distribution. This can be adjusted either in the production of the bar or in subsequent thermomechanical processing to produce the final device. Carbide distribution in the final device is not included as part of this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 643, Steels — Micrographic determination of the apparent grain size

ISO 6892-1, Metallic materials — Tensile testing — Part 1: Method of test at room temperature

3 Terms and definisions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

4 Chemical composition

The heat analysis of a representative sample of the alloy when determined in accordance with <u>Clause 7</u> shall be in accordance with the chemical composition specified in <u>Table 1</u>.

	Mass fraction %		
Element	Alloy 1	Alloy 2	
	Low carbon	High carbon	
Chromium	26,0 to 30,0	26,0 to 30,0	
Molybdenum	5,0 to 7,0	5,0 to 7,0	
Iron	0,75 maximum	0,75 maximum	

Table 1 — Chemical composition

	Mass fraction %		
Element	Alloy 1	Alloy 2	
	Low carbon	High carbon	
Manganese	1,0 maximum	1,0 maximum	
Silicon	1,0 maximum	1,0 maximum	
Carbon	0,14 maximum	0,15 to 0,35	
Nickel	1,0 maximum	1,0 maximum	
Nitrogen	0,25 maximum	0,25 maximum	
Cobalt	Balance	Balance	

 Table 1 (continued)

5 Microstructure

The microstructure of the alloy shall be uniform. The grain size, determined in accordance with <u>Clause 7</u>, shall not be coarser than grain size No 5.

6 Mechanical properties

The tensile properties of the alloy, when tested in accordance with <u>Clause 7</u>, shall be in accordance with the values specified in <u>Table 2</u>. Teh STANDARD PREVIEW

If any of the test pieces fail within the **gauge limits and do not meet specified** requirements, two retest pieces shall be tested in the same manner, for each failed test piece. The alloy shall be deemed to conform only if both additional test pieces meet the specified requirements.

If a test piece fails outside the gadge limits, the test is acceptable if the percentage elongation after fracture meets the requirements. If the percentage elongation after fracture does not meet requirements the test shall be discarded and a retest shall be performed.

If any of the retests fails to meet the appropriate requirements, the product represented shall be deemed not to conform to this document. However, the manufacturer can, if desired, subject the material to heat treatment again and resubmit it for testing in accordance with this document.

	Tensile strength	Yield strength or proof strength	Percentage elongation after fracture
Condition	R _m	R _{p0,2}	Α
	МРа	МРа	%
	minimum	minimum	minimum
Annealed	897	517	20
Hot worked	1 000	700	12
Warm worked	1 172	827	12

Table 2 — Mechanical properties

7 Test methods

The test methods to be used in determining conformity to the requirements of this document shall be those given in <u>Table 3</u>.

Representative test pieces for the determination of mechanical properties shall be prepared in accordance with ISO 6892-1.

Parameter	Relevant clause	Test method
Chemical composition	<u>4</u>	Recognized analytical procedures (ISO methods, where these exist)
Grain size	<u>5</u>	ISO 643
Mechanical properties	<u>6</u>	ISO 6892-1

Table 3 — Test methods

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