



Designation: ~~C1277-09~~ Designation: C1277 - 09a

# Standard Specification for Shielded Couplings Joining Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C1277; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

## 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the materials and testing of shielded hubless couplings to join hubless cast iron soil pipe and fittings.

1.2 Several different types of hubless couplings are available for use in hubless cast iron sanitary and storm drain, waste and vent piping applications to connect hubless cast iron soil pipe and fittings by using a sleeve-type, or some other type coupling device. It is the purpose of this specification to furnish information as to the characteristics of one such sleeve type couplings when applied to cast iron soil pipe and fittings manufactured in accordance with Specification A888, latest revision, and CISPI-301, latest revision.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.4 The committee with jurisdiction over this standard is aware of other comparable standard published by the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute, CISPI-310, FM 1680 published by Factory Mutual, and Specification C1540 published by ASTM.

1.5 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 7, of this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

### 2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

A644 Terminology Relating to Iron Castings

A888 Specification for Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications

C564 Specification for Rubber Gaskets for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings

~~C1540 Specification for Heavy Duty Shielded Couplings Joining Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings~~ Specification for Heavy Duty Shielded Couplings Joining Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings

~~D3677 Test Methods for Rubber Identification by Infrared Spectrophotometry~~

### 2.2 CISPI Standard:

CISPI-301 Specification for Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste and Vent Piping Applications<sup>3</sup>

CISPI-310 Specification for Couplings for Use in Connection with Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications<sup>3</sup>

FM 1680 Couplings Used in Hubless Cast Iron Systems for Drain, Waste or Vent, Sewer, Rainwater or Storm Water System, Above or Below Ground, Industrial, Commercial and Residential<sup>4</sup>

## 3. Terminology

### 3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 Definitions of the following terms used in this specification are found in Terminology A644, elastomeric and durometer.

### 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A04 on Iron Castings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A04.75 on Gaskets and Coupling for Plumbing and Sewer Piping.

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<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>3</sup> Available from Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI), 5959 Shallowford Rd., Suite 419, Chattanooga, TN 37421, http://www.cispi.org.

<sup>4</sup> Available from Factory Mutual Research, 1151 Boston-Providence Turnpike, Norwood, MA, 02062.

3.2.1 *center stop, n*—an integral part of the gasket centered on the axial length of the gasket intended to limit the insertion depth of the pipe to be coupled.

3.2.2 *clamp assembly, n*—that portion of the coupling excluding the gasket and shield.

3.2.3 *corrugated, n*—any method of embossing.

3.2.4 *coupling, n*—the complete assembly.

3.2.5 *fitting, n*—parts of a pipeline other than straight pipes, valves, or couplings.

3.2.6 *gasket, n*—the elastomeric portion of the coupling.

3.2.7 *joint, n*—the point of assembly consisting of the coupling and the joined pipes or fittings, or both.

3.2.8 *shield, n*—an external metallic protective device designed to protect the sealing gasket from external elements that could cause failure of the sealing gasket.

3.2.9 *Manufacturer Clamp Assembly and Shield, n*—The entity that attaches the clamp assembly to the shield for the couplings covered by this standard specification.

3.2.10 *Manufacturer Gaskets, n*—The entity that molds the gaskets covered by this standard specification.

#### 4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 Physical properties of gaskets shall comply with Specification C564 and the dimensions, material specifications, physical and chemical properties as shown in Fig. 1, Fig. 2, Table 1, and Table 2.

4.2 Clamp assembly screws or bolts shall not have screwdriver slots.

#### 5. Elastomeric Gasket Requirements

~~5.1 The elastomeric gasket shall consist of one piece conforming to the physical requirements of Specification~~

5.1 The gaskets shall be tested in accordance with Test Methods D3677 and be manufactured from a properly vulcanized virgin compound where the primary elastomer is polychloroprene (neoprene).

5.2 The elastomeric gasket shall consist of one piece conforming to the physical requirements of Specification C564. The gaskets shall be tested by the gasket manufacturer for compliance to Specification C564 during each day of production not to exceed 24 h for each size of gasket being produced. These tests shall be performed at the manufacturer location during the time of production. These tests shall include hardness, elongation and tensile strength, tear strength and compression set. Heat aging, water absorption, ozone resistance, and oil immersion tests shall be performed ~~annually~~ every 120 days or when the formulation changes or sources of supply, whichever occurs first.

~~5.1.1~~5.2.1 The elastomeric gasket shall have an inside center stop that does not create an enlargement chamber or recess with a ledge, shoulder, or reduction of pipe area or offer an obstruction to flow.

~~5.1.2~~5.2.2 The elastomeric gasket shall be free of defects that affect the use and serviceability.

#### 6. Clamp Assembly Requirements

6.1 The shield and clamp assembly shall be made of material conforming to the requirements as outlined in Section 6, Table 3 and Fig. 3.

6.1.1 All parts shall be of 300 series stainless steel. All parts made from round stock shall be of 300 series stainless steel (excluding copper bearing alloys). The shield shall be corrugated or otherwise provided with a mechanism to accommodate maximum and minimum OD's of pipe and fittings and include 2 stainless steel bands for sizes 1½ to 4 in. and 4 bands for 5 to 10 in. and 6 bands for 12 and 15 in. Each tightening device housing shall interlock with a band at the unslotted end. The bands are to be fastened to the shield by riveting or such other method that will insure that the bands will not become separated from the shield. The shield and clamp assembly shall comply with dimensions and material specifications, as are given in Table 3, Fig. 3, and Fig. 4.

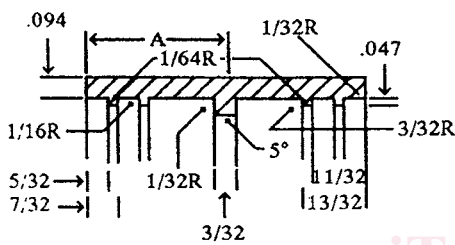
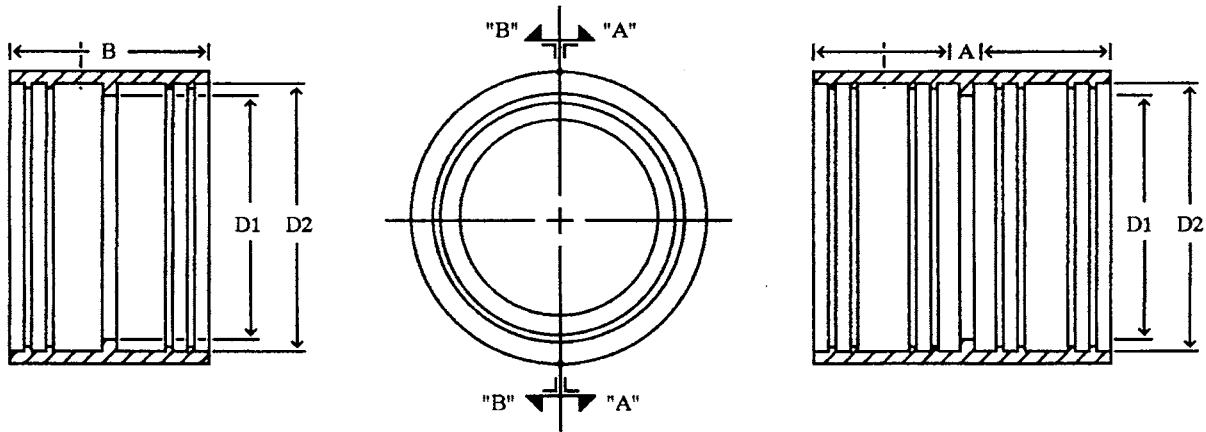
6.1.2 Clamp assemblies shall be tested to withstand no less than 125 % of manufacturers stated installation torque or a minimum of 60 lbf·in. (6.78 N·m) of applied torque, whichever is greater, without visible signs of failure. The clamp assembly shall be tested over a steel mandrel of the appropriate diameter and torqued as required. These tests shall be performed randomly on selected samples during the course of production as needed but not less than one clamp per shift per size during band production.

6.1.3 The clamped shield shall meet the requirements of Table 3.

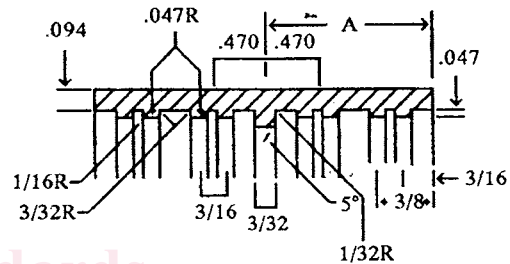
6.1.4 The couplings shall meet the dimensional requirements of Fig. 3.

#### 7. Couplings Requirements and Test Methods

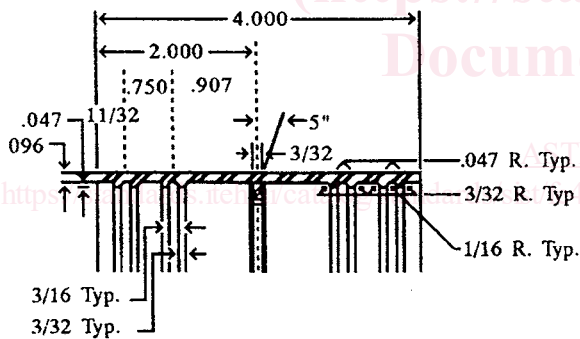
~~7.1 Assemble each coupling tested according to the manufacturer's instructions between two sections of randomly selected hubless cast iron soil pipe meeting the requirements of CISPI-301 or Specification A888 and conduct the following test: deflection and shear. In addition, an unrestrained hydrostatic test will be performed between two sections of machined steel pipe. The deflection, shear, and unrestrained hydrostatic tests shall be performed on randomly selected couplings of each size during the course of production using first article selection not to exceed 30 days. and conduct the following test: deflection and shear. In addition, an unrestrained hydrostatic test will be performed between two sections of machined steel pipe. The unrestrained hydrostatic tests shall be performed on randomly selected couplings of each size during the course of production using first article selection not to exceed 30 days. The deflection and shear tests shall be performed on randomly selected couplings of each size during production whenever a change of design occurs or not to exceed 90 days, whichever is the shorter period.~~



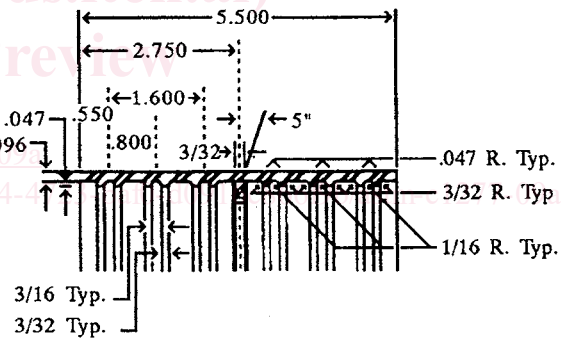
Dimensions for Sizes 1 1/2" - 4"



Dimensions for Sizes 5" - 6"



Dimensions for Sizes 8" and 10"



Dimensions for Sizes 12" and 15"

	Dimensions									
	1 1/2 in.	2 in.	3 in.	4 in.	5 in.	6 in.	8 in.	10 in.	12 in.	15 in.
A	1.062	1.062	1.062	1.062	1.500	1.500	2.000	2.000	2.750	2.750
B	2.125	2.125	2.125	2.125	3.000	3.000	4.000	4.000	5.500	5.500
D1	1.531	1.968	2.968	4.000	4.968	5.968	7.968	9.975	12.000	15.200
D2	1.937	2.343	3.343	4.406	5.343	6.343	8.343	10.350	12.430	15.650

NOTE—Dimensions found in these drawings are for informational purposes only. The dimensions found in the table are maintained to be RMA Class 3 (See Table 1). Tolerances are found in Table 1 (See Table 1).

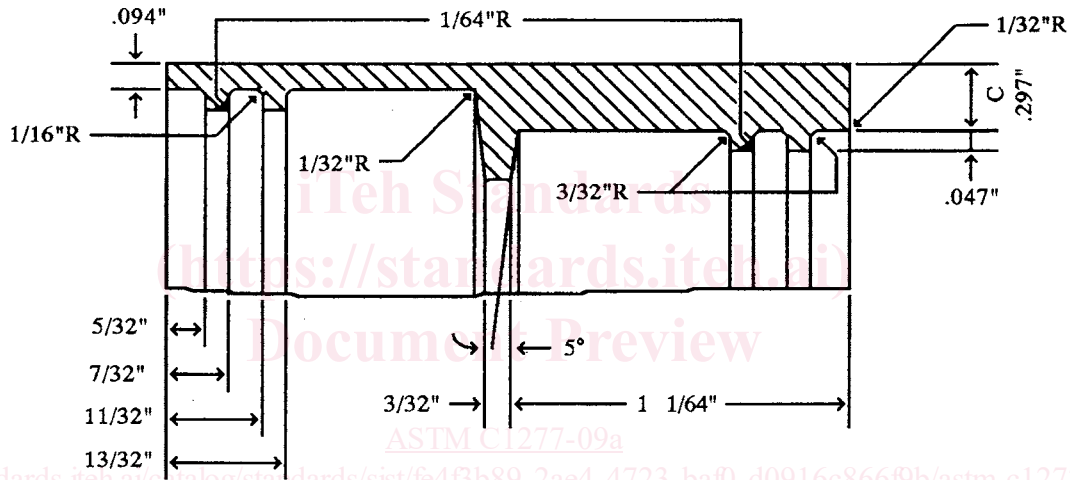
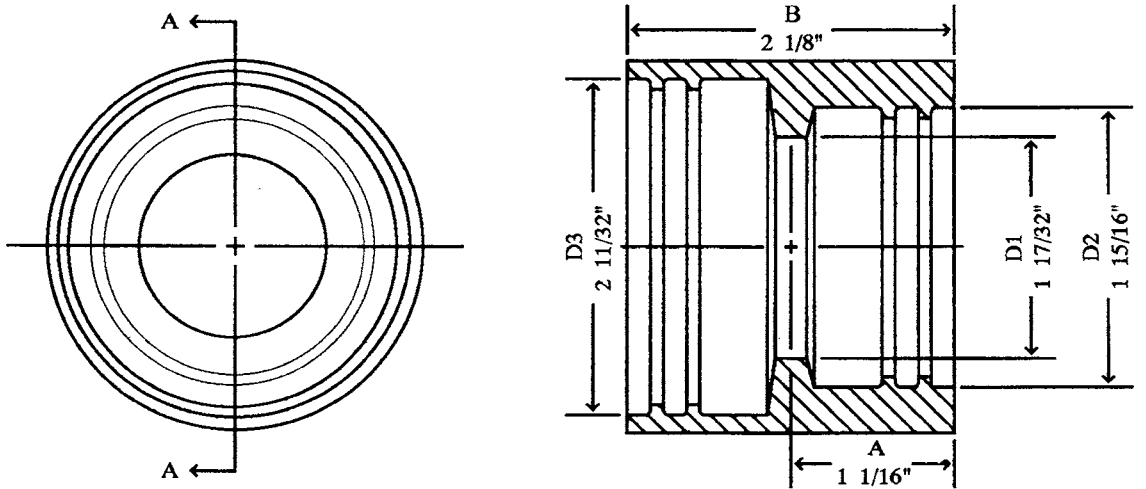
NOTE—Dimensional Tolerances to be RMA Class 3 (See Table 1).

FIG. 1 Rubber Gasket

7.1.1 Deflection Test:

7.1.1.1 A test apparatus such as the one shown in Fig. 5 is suggested. Other testing apparatus that provide restraint to the assembly shall also be permitted. Close the outboard ends of the pipe with test plugs.

7.1.1.2 Fill the assembly with water, expel all air, and hydrostatically pressurize to 4.3 psi (29.6 kPa) for the duration of the test. One pipe shall be rigidly supported and while the assembly is under pressure, raise the opposite end of the other pipe 1/2 in. (12.7 mm) per lineal foot of pipe. Maintain the pressure for 5 min. Any leakage shall mean failure.



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	Dimensions for Reducing Sleeves		
	2 × 1-1/2	3 × 2	4 × 3
A	1.062	1.062	1.062
B	2.125	2.125	2.125
C	0.297	0.594	0.625
D1	1.531	1.968	2.968
D2	1.937	2.343	3.343
D3	2.343	3.343	4.406

NOTE—Dimensions found in these drawings are for informational purposes only. The dimensions found in the table are mandatory to be RMA Class 3. Tolerances are found in Table 1 (Fig. 2).

NOTE—Dimensional Tolerances to be RMA Class 3 (See Table 1).

FIG. 2 Reducing Rubber Gasket

TABLE 1 Dimensional Tolerances for Rubber—Standard Dimensional Tolerances RMA CLASS 3

Size, in.	Fixed, ±	Closure, ±
0 to 0.499	0.010	0.015
0.500 to 0.999	0.010	0.018
1.000 to 1.999	0.015	0.020
2.000 to 2.999	0.020	0.025
3.000 to 3.999	0.025	0.030
4.000 to 4.999	0.030	0.035
5.000 to 7.999	0.035	0.050

NOTE—8.000 and over—multiplied by 0.0050. These are commercial tolerances.

**TABLE 2 Rubber Gasket Physical Requirements**

NOTE 1—Material: The sealing sleeve shall be made from an elastomeric compound that meets the requirements of Specification C564.

NOTE 2—Physical Tests: The test specimens shall be obtained from finished sleeves and tested pursuant to the methods described in the following table.

Test	Physical Tests, Min or Max Requirements	ASTM Method
Tensile Strength	1500 psi min	D412
Elongation	250 min	D412
Durometer (Shore A)	70 ± 5°F at 76 ± 5°F	D2240
Accelerated Aging	15 % max tensile and 20 % max elongation deterioration, 10 points max; increase in hardness, all determinations after oven aging for 96 h at 158°F	D573
Compression Set	25 % max after 22 h at 158°F	D395 Method B
Oil Immersion	80 % max. volume change after immersion in ASTM oil no. IRM903 for 70 h at 212°F	D471
Ozone Cracking	No visible cracking at 2 times magnification of the gasket after 100 h. Exposure in 1.5 ppm ozone concentration at 100°F. Testing and inspection to be on gasket which is loop mounted to give approximately 20 % elongation of outer surface	D1149
Tear Resistance	Die C; 150 lb min per inch of thickness	D624
Water Absorption	20 % max by weight after 7 days at 158°F	D471

**TABLE 3 Material Specifications**

Band	Type 301 AISI Stainless Steel—Minimum Tensile 165 000 psi for 1½ to 15 in.; Type 304 AISI Stainless Steel is permitted Type 304 AISI Stainless Steel—Minimum Tensile 140 000 psi
Eyelets/Rivets	Type 300 AISI Stainless Steel
Eyelets/Rivets	Type 300 grade AISI Stainless Steel
Screw Housing	Type 301 AISI Stainless Steel for 1½ to 15 in.; Type 304 AISI Stainless Steel is permitted
Screw	Type 305 AISI Stainless Steel— <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> Hex Head/Shoulder for 1½ to 10 in.; <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> Hex Head/Shoulder for 12 and 15 in. is required for couplings which require installed torque greater than 60 in.-lbf. When other than <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> in. hex head screw is used on 12 and 15 in. couplings, the coupling shall be labeled with the required installation torque
Shield	Type 301 AISI Stainless Steel—Bright Annealed Only (Annealed and Pickled Not Acceptable) Hardness—Rockwell B-85 Max (Max Burr Height Not to Exceed 25 % of Thickness) for Type 301 AISI Stainless Steel; Rockwell B-95 Max (Max Burr Height Not to Exceed 25 % of Thickness) for Type 304 AISI Stainless Steel

- (1) Construction for sizes 1½ thru 10 in. shields have corrugations tapering in height from 0.000 to 0.030 in. at dimension "Y." Y equals maximum of 1 in. (Type A Only)
- (2) Position clamps on shield as shown from inside end of clamp. Shield overlap to be as shown or reversed on 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 15 in. only.
- (3) Securely fasten each clamp to shield, two places for sizes 1½ to 4 in., three places for sizes 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 15 in.
- (4) Details of detent on 5, 6, 8, and 10 in. bands are shown in Fig. 4 (optional for 12 and 15 in.).
- (5) Max "X" is that dimension to which the clamp must open and still maintain positive engagement of the screw in the slots of the clamping band. Min. "X" is that dimension to which the clamping band must close and still maintain positive engagement of the screw in the slots of the clamping band.

### 7.1.2 Shear Test:

7.1.2.1 Support two joined lengths of randomly selected hubless cast iron soil pipe on blocks, a minimum of 1½ in. (38.1 mm) high, at three locations. One length shall be a minimum of 24 in. (609.6 mm) in length, supported on blocks, one near the uncoupled end, and the other immediately adjacent to the couplings. Firmly restrain this length in position as shown in Fig. 6. The other coupled length shall be a minimum of 5 ft (1.52 m) in length and supported by a single block 6 in. (152.4 mm) from the end of the pipe.

7.1.2.2 Fill the assembly with water and expel all air. Apply a load of 50 lb/in. of nominal diameter at a point 6 in. (152.4 mm) from the edge of the coupling upon a 12 in. (304.8 mm) length of (3 by 3) angle iron or load distribution pad located on the top of the pipe immediately adjacent to the coupling of the pipe having one support only. Under this loading there shall be no visible leakage or displacement of more than <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub> in. (9.53 mm) from true alignment adjacent to the coupling, when an internal pressure equivalent to a 10 ft (3.05 m) head of water 4.3 psi (29.6 kPa) is applied. Maintain the load and internal pressure for 15 min.

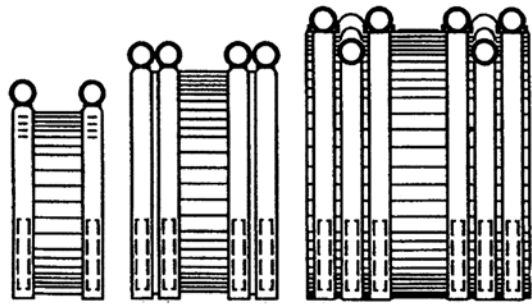
### 7.1.3 Unrestrained Hydrostatic Test:

7.1.3.1 Assemble each coupling tested according to the manufacturer's instruction between two sections of machined steel pipe and conduct the thrust test.

7.1.3.2 The assembly shall consist of a maximum outside diameter pipe connected to a minimum outside diameter pipe with diameters as referenced in Table 4 and lengths as shown in Fig. 7. Machine the plain ends of the pipe to be used for the thrust test



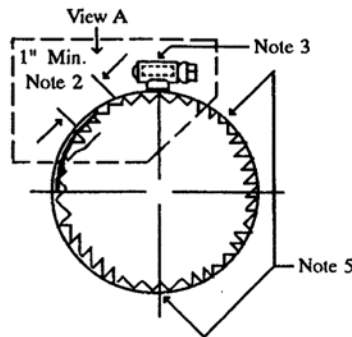
No Permanent Marking Allowed On Shield



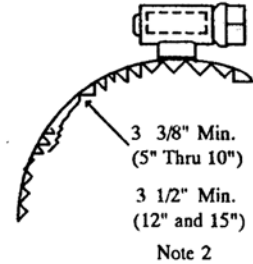
Sizes 1 1/2" Thru 4"

Sizes 5" Thru 10"

Sizes 12" Thru 15"

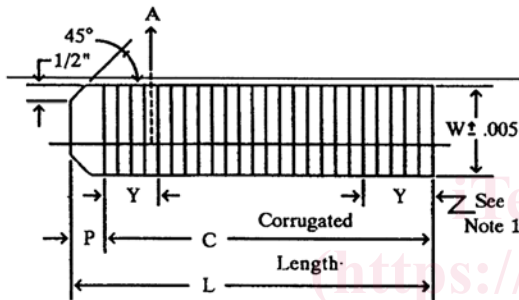


Sizes 1 1/2" Thru 4"



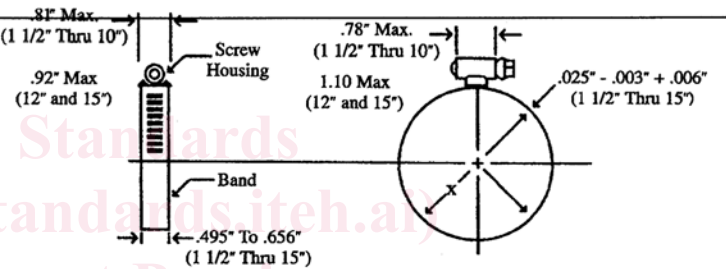
View A (sizes 5" Thru 15")

Shield And Clamp Assembly

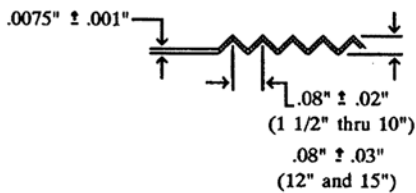


Shield Detail (Type A)

.030" ± .004"  
(1 1/2" Thru 15")



Clamp Detail



Single corrugations are shown in drwg, other corrugations unique to individual manufacturers are acceptable. The "P" dimension may not apply to all coupling designs.

Pipe Size, in.	Dimensions, in.					
	P	C	L	W	X <sup>2</sup> , min	X <sup>2</sup> , max
1 1/2	0.813 ± 0.188	6.688	7.5 ± 0.125	2.125	1.50	2.50
2	0.813 ± 0.188	8.188	9.0 ± 0.125	2.125	2.00	3.00
3	0.813 ± 0.188	11.438	12.25 ± 0.125	2.125	3.00	4.00
4	0.813 ± 0.188	14.813	15.63 ± 0.125	2.125	4.00	5.00
5	2.375 ± 0.125	17.563	19.94 ± 0.125	3.000	5.30	6.20
6	2.375 ± 0.125	20.250	22.63 ± 0.125	3.000	6.30	7.20
8	3.000 ± 0.125	26.000	29.00 ± 0.125	4.000	8.30	9.20
10	3.000 ± 0.125	33.250	36.25 ± 0.250	4.000	10.45	11.35
12	3.500 ± 0.125	39.100	42.60 ± 0.250	5.500	12.53	13.27
15	3.500 ± 0.125	49.200	52.70 ± 0.250	5.500	15.75	16.49

FIG. 3 Shield and Clamp Assembly

to the correct diameters. Plain ends shall have 0.015 in. (0.38 mm) deep grooves machined circumferentially around them at 1/8 in. (3.18 mm) intervals down the pipe section for a distance equal to that covered by the elastomeric sleeve of the coupling being tested. The tool used to machine the grooves shall have a 60° inclined angle and cut into the pipe from a perpendicular position.